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File No.: VIS (2022-23)-PL105-088-143

# ENTERPRISE VALUATION REPORT

OF

# M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

SITUATED AT

REGISTERED OFFICE: D.No.8-2-248, NAGARJUNA HILLS, HYDERABAD, ANDHRA PRADESH, INDIA - 500 082

### OWNER/ PROMOTER

NAGARJUNA GROUP

#### REPORT PREPARED FOR

IDBI BANK, WORLD TRADE CENTER COMPLEX, 7TH FLOOR, LCG, D-WING, IDBI TOWER, CUFFE PARADE, MUMBAI - 400005 Corporate Valuers

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#### PART A

#### INTRODUCTION

- ABOUT THE REPORT: Enterprise Valuation Report of agricultural chemical manufacturing industry company M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited having corporate office at D.No.8-2-248, Nagarjuna Hills, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh, India – 500082 and plants at Nagarjuna Road, Kakinada, Andhra Pradesh, India - 533003.
- 2. BACKGROUND OF THE PROJECT: M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited is a leading manufacturer and supplier of plant nutrients in India. Company's asset base is around Rs. 21 billion in 1986-87. In Southern India, company have the merit of being the single largest private sector investment. Originated in 1973 by Shri K V K Raju, with a modest investment of Rs.50 million, the Nagarjuna Group is a noticeable industrial house in India with an asset base of Rs.43 billion. In the year 1974, a steel manufacturer, Nagarjuna Steels Limited was launched.

M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited, started in 1985, with emphasis on plant nutrition business. From 1992 to 1997, Nagarjuna group entered into different business like crop protection business, micro irrigation business, power generation business and petroleum business. In this period, Nagarjuna group setup Nagarjuna Power Corporation Limited and Nagarjuna Oil Corporation Limited. In 1999 company first entered into the Technology Enabled Agri-Informatics Space through ikisan.

In the year 2002, Nagarjuna Fertilizers & Chemicals Ltd and Nagarjuna Agrichem Ltd started Crop Nutrition and Crop Protection Businesses respectively. In 2004, company did long term investments in Crop Protection Business with MNC's. Nagarjuna group also invested in ventures at overseas locations in R & D Fertilizer manufacturing industry in the same year. Then they continue this R & D efforts in many new Agri-Domains space in India and Overseas.

In 2010, Nagarjuna Crop Nutrition Business was established by making investments in Fertilizer Bulks, Micro-Irrigation and Customized Fertilizer segments. Nagarjuna Crop Nutrition Business made initial investments in the African Markets in 2011. Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Ltd enters the Billion Dollar Alliance in 2012, in the same business. Combining its core activities, currently the Group's major operations cover Agri and Energy sectors.

Gas Authority of India Limited (GAIL) accident (27th June, 2014) impacted production and energy for two years caused severe financial stress. Due to non-availability of working capital, the company shut down/reduced all non-urea businesses.

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As per the information provided by the client/company, NFCL had taken forced shutdown of both the plants in July 2018 due to lack of working capital support. The company restarted production from one unit with support from GOI & GAIL (Office Memorandum (OM)) and Banks (HOO & Escrow Agreement) during December 2018. Second plant operation could not start due to lack of LC/BG.

From July 2018 to March 2022, only one Plant could be run due to financial stress. Plant-I & II were under shutdown for 479 days and 903 days respectively. Idling of equipment for such long durations caused damage/deterioration of many of the equipment. Plant I was restarted, and production commenced from December, 2021. Plant II was restarted, and production commenced from April 2022.

The building area details of the Project Company are provided in the table below:

	BUILDINGS DETAILS							
S.No	Name of Building	Plinth area (Sq.m.)	GF area (Sq.m.)	All floors area excl. GF (Sq.m.)	Building Height (Mt.)	Year of Construction		
1	Tech Building and Lab Building	4636	2318	2318	8.5	1 <sup>st</sup> Aug 1992		
2	Plant-1 control room	1293	1293	NIL	6.1	1 <sup>st</sup> Aug 1992		
3	Operator cabins	175	175	NIL	3.5	1 <sup>st</sup> Aug 1992		
4	Substation 2	1618	809	809	9	1 <sup>st</sup> Aug 1992		
5	Substation 3	1618	809	809	9	1 <sup>st</sup> Aug 1992		
6	Plant-2 control room	1543	1043	500	11.1	19 <sup>th</sup> March 1998		
7	Ammonia substation	1644	822	822	9	19 <sup>th</sup> March 1998		
8	Urea substation	1644	822	822	9	19 <sup>th</sup> March 1998		
9	Steam and power generation plant	3940	2500	1440	13.3	1st Aug 1992		
10	GT-C & Substation-21	1820	1177	643	9.5/16.25	19 <sup>th</sup> March 1998		
11	Urea silo	10525	10525		23	1st Aug 1992		
12	Bagging Plant including loco shed	32631	26478	9153	3.5/7.2/11 .2/14/17.3 5/21/24/2 8.1/32/35. 5	1st Aug 1992		

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13	AMF2	246	246		7.3	19 <sup>th</sup> March 1998
14	DM plant	4134	4134	NIL	8/13.5	1st Aug 1992
15	DM mcc	96	96	NIL	4.5	19 <sup>th</sup> March 1998
16	Cooling tower Control room and MCC	280	280	NIL	4.5	1st Aug 1992
17	Clarifier water lift cum fire water pump house	764	764	NIL	10.6	1st Aug 1992
18	Sludge sump and pump house	210	210	NIL	8	1st Aug 1992
19	Filter water pump house	762	762	NIL	10.6	1st Aug 1992
20	ETP	572	572	NIL	4.5	1st Aug 1992
21	IG PLANT	1467	1467	NIL	4.0/8.15/9 .5	1st Aug 1992
22	MRSS	2523	1105	1418	4.50/9.05/ 12.05/16. 8	1st Aug 1992
23	SS4	1524	864	660	3.5/8.1	1st Aug 1992
24	SS5	1226	634	592	3.5/8.1	1st Aug 1992
25	Chemical house WTP	1890	1120	770	11.30/6.5	1st Aug 1992
26	Canteen bldg.	1113	1113	NIL	4.3/7.0	1st Aug 1992
27	Devi canteen	180	180	NIL	4	31st March 1994
28	H- Building	1648	1648	NIL	3.6	1st Aug 1992
29	Project office(Snam building)	1026	1026	NIL	4	19 <sup>th</sup> March 1998
30	Fire & Safety building and fire tender garage	528	528	NIL	4.5	1st Aug 1992
31	Dispensary and first aid center	420	420	NIL	4.5	1st Aug 1992
32	Workshop	2752	2450	302	6/15	1st Aug 1992
33	Main store	3342	3342	NIL	12	1st Aug 1992
34	Gate house	432	432	NIL	4.5	1st Aug 1992

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	Total Area	101066				
38	Club house	2360	2360	NIL	4.5	30 <sup>th</sup> September 1995
37	Akshara school	8009	4099	3910	3.5/7.5	1st Aug 1992
36	Yard toilet(near ws,mrss,igp,sp house and bagging)	442	442	NIL	3.5	1st Aug 1992
35	Weigh bridge	33	33	NIL	4.5	1st Aug 1992

HISTORICAL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY: Below table shows the historical financial performance of the company from FY 2017-18 to FY 2021-22:

Particular (INR Lakhs)	FY 2018 A	FY 2019 A	FY 2020 A	FY 2021 A	FY 2022 A
Revenue From Operations	392368	194035	170451	157491	269233
Other Income	4497	2647	2898	2435	3032
Total Income	396865	196682	173350	159925	272265
Total expenses	359770	207802	182838	168149	288184
EBITDA	37095	(11121)	(9488)	(8224)	(15919)
Dep. & Amortization	8928	8883	8213	8224	8209
EBIT	28167	(20004)	(17702)	(16448)	(24127)
Finance costs	30821	30799	32879	34779	36893
Profit/(loss) before	(2654)	(50803)	(50581)	(51227)	(61020)
exceptional items and tax	(2034)	(50003)	(30301)	(31227)	(01020)
Exceptional Items	0	1886	0	14082	9044
Profit/(loss) before tax	(2654)	(52689)	(50581)	(65309)	(70064)
Tax expense:					
Adjustments relating to	57	0	78	0	0
earlier years	37	O	76		
Deferred tax	(559)	(3616)	(3424)	(3776)	(3073)
Profit (Loss) from	(2095)	(49073)	(47158)	(61533)	(66991)
continuing operations	(2033)	(43073)	(47130)	(01333)	(00551)
Total Comprehensive	(1911)	(49064)	(46893)	(61592)	(66904)
Income / (Loss)	(-37	(1300.1)	(10055)	(01332)	sociales Valuers

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EBITDA Margin %	9%	-6%	-6%	-5%	-6%
EBIT Margin %	7%	-10%	-10%	-10%	-9%
Net Profit Margin %	0%	-25%	-28%	-39%	-25%
Revenue Growth % (Y.O.Y.)		-51%	-12%	-8%	71%

**Note:** As per the historical analysis, which can be seen in the above table, all the margins are continuously declining which can be attributed to the financial stress faced by the company. As per the discussion with the client, the company is not able to fulfill its financial obligations and hence IDBI Bank and other lenders need to take appropriate decision/resolution on this NPA account.

Thus for the purpose of decision making on resolution of this stressed account, IDBI bank has assigned R K Associated to assess & determine the Enterprise Value/Fair Market Value of M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited as per scope of work, to execute the appropriate action by the decision makers on this NPA account.

- 3. TYPE OF REPORT: Enterprise Valuation Report.
- 4. PURPOSE OF THE REPORT: To assess & determine the Enterprise Value of the company under implementation as a whole as required by the lenders.
- SCOPE OF THE REPORT: To assess & determine the Business Value/ Enterprise Value of the Company based on the appropriate method (NAV) considering the Resolution Plan.
  - This is just the enterprise valuation of the company based on its fair market value of Current
    and Non-Current Assets. Further the Operational and Contingent liabilities will be adjusted
    with the Fair market value of Total assets, which will give the Net Assets Value (adjusted) of
    the company which can be used as proxy of Enterprise Value of the company.
  - This Valuation only covers the fair market value of Current and Non-Current assets of the company. It does not cover any transaction with the subject company's subsidiary/ associate/ Joint Venture Companies, as per the requirement by the lender.
  - This Valuation is prepared based on the current financial status and futuristic operational uncertainty of the company, financial data/ model, future projections, other facts & information provided by the company/ lender/ Client in writing & verbal discussions held during the course of the assignment and based on independent assessment of certain assumptions which are specifically mentioned in the Valuation section of the Report.

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- We have assumed that the information provided to us is correct and is not manipulated or distorted.
- The Market and Industrial assessment of the given company's industry/ sector has not been done at our end. So, this valuation doesn't cover the Market & industrial scenario in terms of the product demand & market potential.
- METHODOLOGY/ MODEL ADOPTED: Net assets Value (NAV) method for the calculation of Enterprise Value of the Company.

#### 7. DOCUMENTS / DATA REFFERED:

- Audited Financial Statements and Notes Provided by the Company.
- Detailed profile of the company shared by client/company including the reason for stress and steps taken by the company to mitigate the same
- Letters and proceedings details to NCLT by IDBI.
- Account wise total outstanding dues as on 30<sup>th</sup> March 2022 shared by company
- Audited Balance Sheet of the company as on 31st March 2022
- In-principle sanction letters
- Details of contingent Liabilities of the company as on date provided by the client/company
- Details of slow-moving stock as on 31<sup>st</sup> march 2022



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#### PART B

#### PROJECT COMPANY

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited (NFCL) a flagship company of the Nagarjuna Group, started operations in 1986-1987. NFCL's broad portfolio of products and services include Nutrition solutions like Macro and Micro fertilizers and Farm Management services and Micro Irrigation solutions. Company manufactures and distributes ammonia, urea and several plant protection products which consist of herbicides, insecticides, and fungicides.

The Company also sells seeds, and provides assistance on cultivation practices, pest control and planting destiny. The company is involved in the production and marketing of a wide range of fertilizers. Urea, the widely used nitrogenous fertilizer is both manufactured (at Kakinada Plant) and marketed through imports (at Vizag and Kakinada Ports). Plant I was established in 1992 and Plant II was established in 1998. Both the plants are in operations for 30 and 24 years respectively. The company's corporate office is located in D.No.8-2-248, Nagarjuna Hills, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh, India – 500082.

The company has the distinction of being the single largest private sector investment in Southern India. In terms of the Composite Scheme, the name of the Company has been changed to Nagajuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited w.e.f. August 19 2011.

The incorporation details of the Project Company are provided in the table below:

	INCORPORATION DETAILS
Name of the Company	M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited (NFCL)
CIN	L24129TG2006PLC076238
Address	Registered Office:
	D.No.8-2-248, Nagarjuna Hills,,Punjagutta, Hyderabad
	Telangana 500082
Constitution	Public Limited Company / Limited by Shares
Date of Incorporation	07 November 2006
Authorised Capital	INR 8,010,000,000
Paid up Capital (Equity)	INR 598,065,003
Listed Year	2006

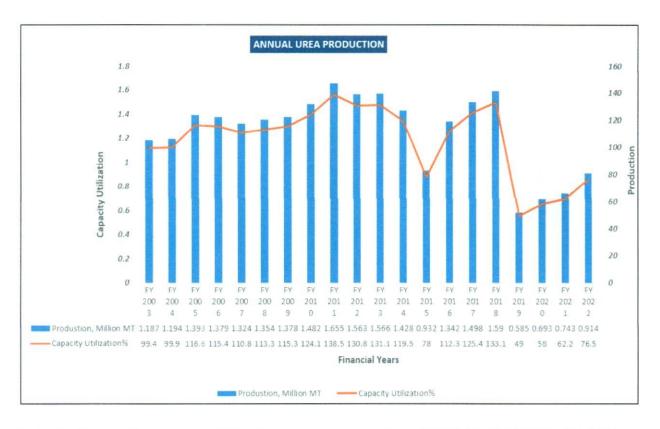
Below is the graphical representation for annual urea capacity utilization and annual urea production of NFCL for FY 2003 to FY 2022:

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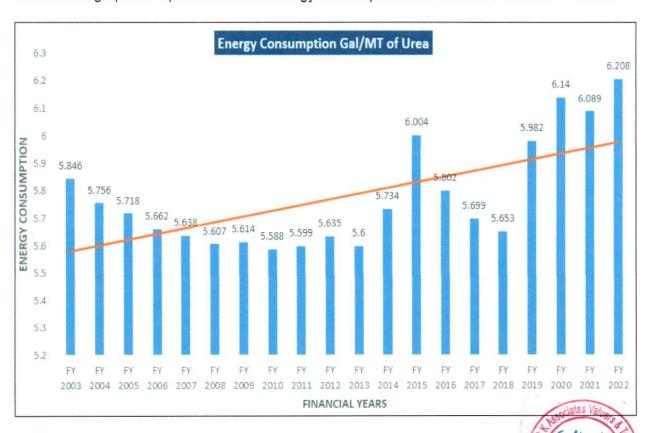
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Below is the graphical representation for energy consumption of NFCL for FY 2003 to FY 2022:



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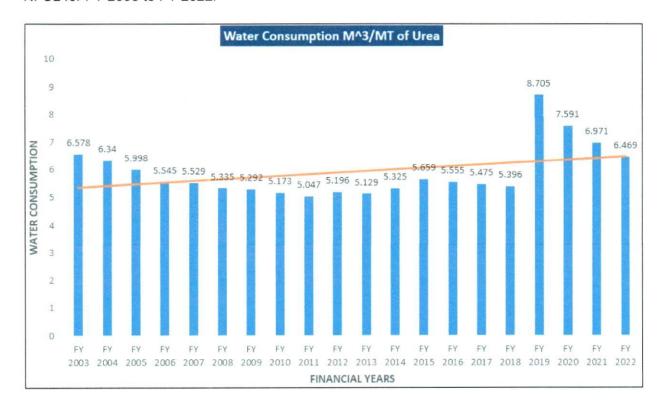
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As per information given in the public domain, it is given that industry standards for water consumption is  $8 \, \text{M}^3$  / MT of Urea. Below is the graphical representation for water consumption of NFCL for FY 2003 to FY 2022:



Company hired Mott Macdonald, who gave technical estimate for forward investment. Mott Macdonald help its clients for solving the world's most intricate challenges. Below is the table of technical estimates for path forward investment given by Mott Macdonald, keeping in mind that equipment prices have substantially increased in the past 6 months.

Description	Cost in INR Cr.
Energy Conservation Scheme (Mandated by GOI)	250
Reliability Scheme	534
Reliability Measures identified pre ammonia convertor failure	139
Additional Reliability Measures post ammonia convertor failure	395
Total – (Energy and Reliability)	784
Civil Repairs	87.5
Budgeted Maintenance for 24 months 2 @ 75 Crores per annum (INR 35	150
Crores + INR 40 Crores)	
Grand Total (Energy and Reliability Capex of INS 784 Crores +	1021.5
Maintenance Expenditure for 24 Months + Civil Repairs)	esociales Valuers

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2. DIRECTORS/PROMOTERS DETAILS OF THE COMPANY: Below table shows the details of directors/Promoters of the company along with their DIN details and date of appointment:

### List of Directors of NFCL

S.No.	Name	DIN	Designation	Date of Appointment
1.	KANUMURU RAJU RAHUL	0000015990	Managing Director	1 <sup>th</sup> August, 2014
2.	CHANDRAPAL SINGH YADAV	0000023382	Nominee Director - KRIBHCO	18 <sup>th</sup> August, 2011
3.	UDAY JHA SHANKAR	0000056510	Non-Executive Director	6 <sup>th</sup> August, 2016
4.	RAJENDRA GONELA MOHAN	0002354356	Independent Director	28 <sup>th</sup> May, 2020
5.	LALITHA RAGHURAM	0007161344	Independent Director	18 <sup>th</sup> April 2015
6.	VIJAYA BHASKER MASAPATHRI	BPXPB9700F	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	29 <sup>th</sup> November 2019
7.	SUDHAKARA RAO ANNAM	ACDPA7874P	Chief Financial Officer	24 <sup>th</sup> May 2021

We could not found much details of directors/promoters, their educational background and experience in the public domain.

DEBT POSITION OF THE COMPANY: Below are the details of secured and unsecured borrowing for current and non-current for the period of 2022.

C N1-	Parrousings	Non-Current	Current
S. No.	Borrowings	O/s. balance as on 31.03.2022	O/s. balance as on 31.03.2022
^	Secured - Working Capital		
Α	Term Loans		
1	IDBI Bank Limited	-	21,800.00
2	State Bank of India		16,648.24
3	ICICI Bank Limited		5,460.00
4	UCO Bank		1,007.50
	Total Principal		44,915.74
5	Interest accrued		29,302.35
	Total	- 101 <del>-</del> 101-111	74,218.09

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	Corporate Loans		
6	State Bank of India - Corporate Rupee Loan		2,398.24
7	Interest accrued		1,987.41
	Total	•	4,385.65
	Term Loans		
8	Department of Bio Technology, GOI	5.58	302.69
9	Interest accrued		139.18
	Total	5.58	441.87
	Loans repayable on demand - from Banks		
10	Cash Credit		123,933.14
11	Short Term Loan		6,985.64
	Total Principal		130,918.78
12	Interest accrued		42,552.33
	Total	-	173,471.11
В	Unsecured		
13	Sales tax Deferral from Government of AP – Total	2,177.95	1,352.48

**4. CAPITAL STRUCTURE:** As per the Audited financial statement provided by the client/company, the authorized Share Capital of the Company is INR 801,00,00,000 Crores divided into 801,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each.

During the year under review, paid up capital of the Company was INR 59,80,65,003 divided into 59,80,65,003 Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each fully paid as on 31st March, 2022.

5. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN: As per details shared by the client/company, the Shareholding Pattern of the Company as on 31st March 2022 is as follows:-

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Table 3: Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March 2022

CATEGORY	CATEGORY OF SHAREHOLDER	NOS. OF SHAREHOLDERS	TOTAL NOS. SHARES HELD	SHAREHOLDING AS A % OF TOTAL NO. OF SHARES	
(A)	Promoter & Promoter Group	5	34,17,00,129	57.13%	
(B)	Public	3,01,000	25,63,64,874	42.87%	
(C)	Non Promoter- Non Public	0	0	0%	
(C1)	Shares underlying DRs	0	0	0%	
(C2)	Shares held by Employee Trusts	0	0	0%	
	Total	3,01,005	59,80,65,003	100%	

### 6. REASON FOR FINANCIAL STRESS:

NFCL a fast growing private sector fertilizer company went into final stress, on account of an accident in the GAIL Pipeline which supplies gas to the company during 2014. The company is claiming for the losses incurred on account of GAIL negligence.

On account of the GAILs negligence in operating and maintaining its pipelines, the production of the company was disrupted for long time and as a result the company suffered losses. To overcome the financial stress caused due to disruption of production and losses, the company approached its lenders for a Corrective Action Plan (CAP) and the lenders formed Joint Lenders Form (JLF) in 2015 and assessed Rs. 3050 Crs (Rs.850 Cr under Fund Based + Rs.2200 Cr. Under Non-Fund Based) and Rs.800 Cr. Working Capital Term Loan under CAP to shore up the working capital and to enable the company to run.

However, the company did not receive the assessed funds for rectification of account (CAP), in violation of RBI CAP regulations and as a result the account became NPA in 2015. The company has been reporting the disputes on CAP debt (working capital term loans and working capital loans in the books of the company) to the lenders and in the annual reports. The debt in the books (CAP loans) are disputed and are sub-judice.

The lenders approved 'Holding on Operations' (HOO) from December 2018 to amicably resolve the debt issues with the company in the interests of all stakeholders (valid till June 30, 2022). Due to inadequate working capital, financial stress and continued losses on account of stoppage of

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production of the plants during 2018, without prejudice to the interest that the company had taken up long-term financial Resolution Plan (RP) with its Lenders.

The lenders held series of Joint Lenders Meetings (JLM) for consideration and suggestions on the RP. Consequent to the lenders meetings, a resolution plan was unanimously approved by the lenders in March 2020, which amongst other things, include segregation of debt into sustainable and unsustainable, reduction in the rate of interest, infusion of fresh equity and sanction of additional debt etc. However, post conclusion of the Resolution Plan, the lenders made arbitrary changes in the said RP on 4th June 2020.

The company has filed a Writ Petition in the Hon'ble High court of Telangana, on the arbitrary actions of the lenders against the RBI Regulations. The Hon'ble High Court granted stay against any proceedings that may be initiated by the lenders against the company until further orders and the matter is awaiting final orders. Further, the company had filed contempt cases against 2 lenders who have filed petitions under IBC in violation of the above stay orders of High Court and the matter is pending before the Court.

Further, company had closed the iKisan division operations due to severe financial constraints. As the company is unable to perform the contractual obligations with Small Farmers Agribusiness Consortium (SFAC) for electronic National Agriculture Market (eNAM) project due to closure of iKisan division, the remaining contract work had been outsourced to a vendor who invested their resources to fulfil the contractual obligations of NFCL. As agreed, the entire amount receivable from eNAM project is payable to the vendor.

In view of operating only one plant (out of the two plants) due to lack of working capital, the losses continued, resulting in substantial erosion of net worth and the company faced liquidity issues. As a result of continuous losses, the company's financial position has become very weak, and it is unable to meet its commitments to the financial and other creditors including statutory dues on the due dates.

Due to default in paying the instalments and interest, the lenders have declared the loans to the company as Non-Performing Assets in 2018 instead of 2015 and the status is continuing till date. As a result of treating the loans as NPAs by the lenders, all the borrowings with a qualification of dispute have been recorded as current liabilities in the Books / Financial statements of the company, leading to the situation that the current liabilities are in excess of current assets in the last three financial years.

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In this regard the IDBI, Mumbai has assigned the project to R K Associates to assess the Enterprise Value/Fair Market Value of M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited as per scope of work, to execute the appropriate action by the decision makers on this NPA account.



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PART C

#### THE PROJECT

#### 1. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT:

PLANTS AND THEIR CURRENT CONDITION: As per the information available on the public domain, M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited has two plants set up in Andhra Pradesh.

- a) Nagarjuna Fertilizers And Chemicals Ltd Plant I was established in 1992. Plant I is in operation for 30 years. It is one of the largest manufacturer of the urea in Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh, with a production capacity of 597300 M. T. per annum.
- b) Nagarjuna Fertilizers And Chemicals Ltd Plant II was established in 1998. Plant II is in operation for 24 years. It is also one of the largest manufacturer of the urea in Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh, with a production capacity of 597300 M. T. per annum.

#### 2. PRODUCTS:

a) Urea (46% N) (White free flowing) -

Specifications as per the Fertilizer Control Order 1985:

- Moisture per cent by weight, maximum 1.0
- Total nitrogen, per cent by weight, (on dry basis) minimum 46.00
- Biuret per cent by weight, maximum 1.5
- Particle size--90 per cent of the material shall pass through 2.8 mm IS sieve and not less than 80 per cent by weight shall be retained on 1 mm IS sieve

#### Application:

- Urea has important uses as a fertilizer and feed supplement.
- Urea is used as a starting material for the manufacture of plastics and drugs.

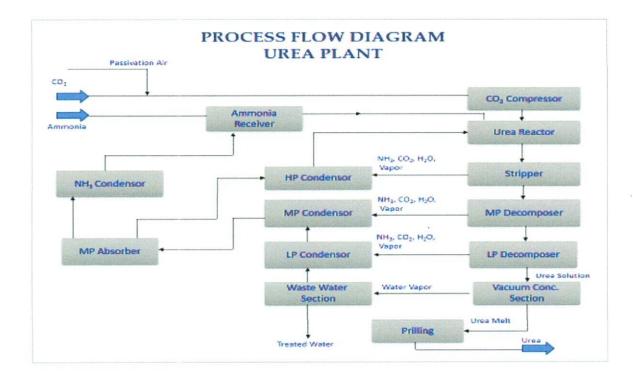
**Process Flow Diagram:** The production of Urea requires ammonia and CO2 as the inputs, both of which are available from Ammonia plant. As per information provided by the client / company below is the process flow diagram for Urea.

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### b) Anhydrous Ammonia -

#### Specifications as per the Fertilizer Control Order 1985

- Ammonia per cent by weight, minimum 99.0
- Water per cent by weight, maximum 1.0
- Oil per cent by weight, maximum 20 ppm

#### Application:

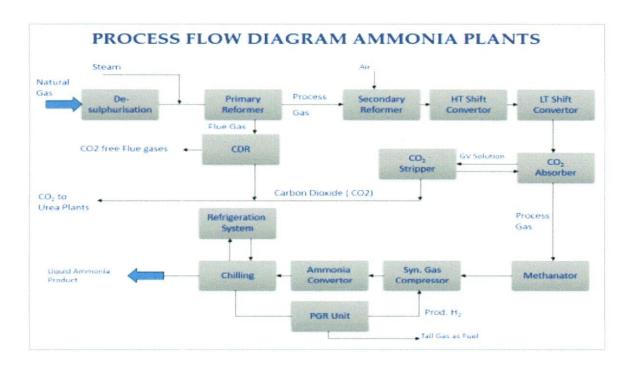
- Used for production of Urea, DPA, Ammonium Sulphate and Ammonium Nitrate (for fertilizer, explosives, herbicides and insecticides)
- Used for water treatment, fermentation, tanning and food additives.

Process Flow Diagram: The production of Anhydrous Ammonia requires Natural Gas as input, which is desulphurised by conversion of stable organic sulphur compounds. As per information provided by the client / company below is the process flow diagram for Anhydrous Ammonia.



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#### 3. CURRENT PLANT CONDITION:

Presently NFCL is categorized as Major Accident Hazard (MAH) Industry and inadequate maintenance of Plant will be a serious environmental and safety threat, especially as the plant is situated in a thickly populated area. Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) regulations are already become more vigilant and may not allow operations even if minor accidents take place. Land allocation rules are being enforced strictly by the current govt.

GAIL is supplying imported RLNG @ 36 USD per MMBtu for additional gas requirement, due to non-availability of domestic gas. The current plant operating energy is higher than the target norm fixed by the GOI due to non-implementation of energy reduction capex and break downs (maintenance capex). Due to this, NFCL is currently losing on a daily basis Rs 1,931 PMT on account of higher energy (Rs 87 Lakhs per day / minimum of Rs 300 Crores per year) at prevailing gas price (provided there are no more break downs and shutdowns). It is critical that the company urgently invests on maintenance and energy reduction project to arrest losses.

Plant I and II are struggling to reach full capacity utilisation and continue to face constant equipment failure and require to incur urgent investment. NFCL invested of Rs 25 Crores, after March 2021 failure of Ammonia II convertor, for temporary repair of convertor Basket and catalyst replacement. Plant II was restarted, and production commenced from 14th April 2022.

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As per Andhra Pradesh Pollution Control Board (APPCB), the Company cannot operate the plants without Consent for Operations, which was valid till March 2022. Despite having applied for renewal in advance, three months before the due date, APPCB is yet to be renew the Consent for Operation (CFO). From July 2018 to March 2022, only one Plant ran due to financial stress. Plant-I & II were under shutdown for 479 days and 903 days respectively. Idling of equipment for such long durations caused damage/deterioration of many of the equipment.

Based on Technology supplier suggestions and industry expert's opinion, if plant was attempted to run at partial load it would resulted in huge production and Energy losses. To arrest losses, company should operate both the plants at full capacity and safely, which also required urgent investment. The operations are very corrosive to equipment and closure (idling) will further deteriorate plants as they are adjacent to seacoast.

With continued break downs, complete replacement of sections have to be done which could have been otherwise repaired. Obsolete instrumentation and control systems, if not replaced urgently as planned, it may result in break downs as no more support is available for old systems. If the plants shut down, Gas and Water allocations which are already under threat will be impossible to secure once reallocated.

Due to severe financial stress for the last few years, the company is unable to meet critical operational creditors / vendors, employees' dues, statutory dues etc in time. Company received notices from statutory authorities for delayed payment of TDS, PF, etc. Payment to PFA and gas supply is generally higher than subsidy amount and some payment from market collections are paid to GAIL. Hence the subsidy receivable is not available as a current asset and reduced from the gas supply and pool payable.

Few of the operating vendors taken the company to NCLT for non-payment of dues, such vendor's payments were settled. However, there is a threat of other vendors also approaching NCLT against the Company. Company should necessarily pay these liabilities in order to continue the operations.

#### Plant Operations History:

Plant I was established in 1992 and Plant II was established in 1998. Both the plants are in operations for 30 and 24 years respectively. Plant II was built and operated with Naphtha and switched over to Natural Gas during RIL gas availability in 2009. Based on then Natural Gas availability in the area, Plant II was converted to full natural gas operations and Carbon Di oxide Recovery (CDR) plant was added during 2009. GAIL accident (27th June, 2014) impacted

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production and energy for two years caused severe financial stress. Due to non-availability of working capital, the company shut down/reduced all non-urea businesses.

The company could not spend the capex required for energy project and maintenance capex and operating expenses. NFCL had taken forced shutdown of both the plants in July 2018 due to lack of working capital support. The company restarted production from one unit with support from GOI & GAIL and Banks during December 2018. Second plant operation could not start due to lack of Letter of Credit / Bank Guaranty.

After repeated requests by NFCL for restart of second unit with Department of Fertilizers (DOF), GAIL and IDBI to avoid operational losses on account of single unit operation, DOF sanctioned special disbursement of subsidy of Rs 223 crores to NFCL. GAIL agreed to earmark Rs 30.35 Crores out of above subsidy for Plant II start-up expenditure. Out of above, Rs 12.27 Crores is budgeted to be spent and balance Rs 3.96 Crores also to be utilized for repairs / start-up. Balance Rs 16.23 Crores with IDBI bank out of earmark money is proposed to be spent for repairs / start-up.

NFCL could restart Plant II in March 2021, but could not sustain operations due to equipment failure due to lack of investment cash flows for maintenance. After discussions with technology supplier (HTAS, Denmark) and industry experts, NFCL decided to do a temporary repair of failed convertor basket with an expenditure of about Rs 45 Crores rather than complete replacement of the basket and catalyst (as planned earlier) which will take about 24 months and cost of Rs 50 crores.

### 4. OFFICE MEMORANDUM AND ESCROW AGREEMENT:

The Company is operating in a regulated environment under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955, supported by Government Subsidy. As per the OM and Escrow Agreement, the subsidy receivable is first paid for gas pool and gas supply. The subsidy due from GOI is being credited to an Escrow Account maintained with IDBI Bank. GAIL has a first preference as per Escrow Agreement entered among GAIL, NFCL & IDBI.

Department of Fertilizers (DOF) has revised the Office Memorandum on subsidy sharing mechanism vide No 12012/30/2013-FPP dated 25.11.2021, to transfer 40% of subsidy to Gas Pool Fund Account and 60% to NFCL for its operations. Out of the company's share, GAIL has a first preference as per Escrow Agreement which was extended on 30.12.2021 till 30.06.2022

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PART D

### MARKET OVERVIEW ON AGROCHEMICAL SECTOR

#### 1. INTRODUCTION:

Agricultural Chemicals are a large and highly regulated sub-industry under the Chemicals industry. Many agricultural chemicals pose significant risk to the environment and to health. Agrichemicals includes a broad range of pesticides, herbicides, insecticides and fungicides, as well as synthetic fertilizers, hormones and other chemical growth agents. They are used for control of disease, weeds, insects and pests. They are also used to enhance crop growth and production. India's chemical industry is extremely diversified and can be broadly classified into bulk chemicals, specialty chemicals, agrochemicals, petrochemicals, polymers and fertilizers. It covers more than 80,000 commercial products.

Globally, India is the fourth-largest producer of agrochemicals in the world after USA, Japan and China. The India agrochemicals market size reached a value of almost USD 4.5 billion in the year 2020. The market is further expected to grow at a CAGR of 8.6% between 2021 and 2026 to reach a value of almost USD 7.4 billion by 2026. Insecticides share 53% of the total domestic agrochemicals market, followed by Herbicides. Agrochemicals are the key revenue component of India, which exports 50% of its total production.

India's agrochemical market is a significant region, contributing to the growth of the Asia Pacific agrochemicals market. The Asia Pacific region is growing at the fastest rate on a global basis due to the enormous consumption of pesticides and fertilizers for farming activities. This is a result of adopting modern and advanced farming practices in the region.

The Asia Pacific region gives domestic as well as international companies a place to grow within the region. After the revival of the economy and the stabilization of regional currency rates, the farmers are now focusing on investing in these crop-protecting and growth-boosting chemicals. India, along with China and Japan, exhibits the largest agrochemical markets of the Asia Pacific region.

#### A. ROBUST DEMAND:

- The Indian agrochemicals market is projected to register a CAGR of 8.6% during the forecast period (2022-2026).
- With a market size of around Rs 30000 Cr, the agrochemicals industry will play a critical role in improving India's agricultural capability.

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 Global agrochemicals market is estimated to reach USD 281.88 billion in 2026, with a revenue CAGR of 3.8 percent over the forecast period.

#### B. INCREASING INVESTMENTS:

The industry is witnessing consolidation of players, which has led to investment by entities from other sectors. The ongoing alliance also presents an opportunity to global players to enter the Indian market.

The agrochemicals market is fragmented, with major players, including Bayer Crop Science, Syngenta AG, UPL Limited, BASF SE, National Fertilizer Limited, and TATA Rallies. New product launches, mergers and acquisitions, and partnerships are the major strategies adopted by these leading companies in the market. These companies are focusing on making an investment in innovations, collaborations, and expansions to increase their market share.

The results of the market share analysis indicate a consolidated global specialty fertilizer market. Some of the major players are ICL Group, Nutrien Limited, Yara International, Eurochem Group AG, and The Mosaic Company. New product launches, partnerships, and acquisitions are the major strategies adopted by the leading companies in the global market.

### C. POLICY SUPPORT:

- The government plans to introduce production-linked incentive (PLI) scheme to promote domestic manufacturing of agrochemicals.
- The government urged players in the agrochemicals industry to come out with new
  molecules of global standards for the farmers' benefit, while Crop Life India, the industry
  body, pitched for stable policies and regulatory regimes to boost growth in the sector.

#### **Urea Policy for Old Depreciated Units:**

Urea industry had two separate policies. First for old urea units (For depreciated plants) and second for new urea units (For Plants Commissioned after 2014). NFCL comes under old urea units.

As per the information provided by client/company urea policies for old depreciated unit are given below:

The natural gas allocation, sale price and the production quantity, where to sell are all
fixed by GOI. Urea is an Essential commodity under Essential Commodities Act.

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- The revenues are from Market collection (Rs 5292 PMT or around 15%) and balance (around 85%) as subsidy, at current pool gas prices.
- Subsidy becomes eligible once Urea is sold to farmer and recorded in e-POS machine and paid based on weekly submission of Invoices to GOI and budget availability.
- Subsidy comprises of Variable and Fixed costs.
- The freight reimbursement is received upon submission of invoices (about 150 days).
- Current Urea policy for old units, operational fixed cost is based on FY 2003 data and variable cost on normative basis, gas cost based on gas pooling policy. Unlike new green field urea projects, the old depreciated units, new term loans (other than the initial project loan, cap loan in the case of NFCL), working capital cost availed by companies are not recognised or reimbursed. Govt of India fixes norms for Energy (NG), Packing material (bags), water and transport charges. There have been significant under recoveries of variable costs (as the norms are stringent and lower than actual costs).
- Despite annual increases in salaries, factory overheads (Chemicals, Catalysts, maintenance etc.) fixed costs have not been revised since 2003, despite repeated representations. One time increase in fixed cost by Rs 350 per MT from 2014 was approved in 2021 which is a fraction of the actual fixed cost increase, wiping of all the industry margin.
- Significant Fixed Cost under recovery continues by all Urea manufacturers and urea operations is in losses for almost all urea companies. The study by Fertilizer Association of India (FAI) also indicates that most of the urea units are in losses.
- The urea losses are compensated by non-urea businesses.
- Policy for old depreciated urea units results in NFCL incurring loss of Rs 30 Crores in a month, due to, operating costs (without interest) being higher than revenue earned even with two plants operation.
- NFCL's Plant-I is 30 years old, and Plant-II is 24 years old (fully depreciated), substantial
  investment (maintenance capex and energy project) is also required to continue
  production, but these new investments are also not recognised in current urea policy for
  old units.

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#### Need Intervention for Growth in agrochemical Sector:

Policy changes and intervention are needed in a number of areas. The following actions will ensure agrochemicals' sector's growth:

- Favorable import-export policies: The industry depend on heavily on imports of raw
  materials and technical active ingredients to manufacture the formulations.
  Import/export policies that favor the sector, as well as a push for a Make in India policy
  for agrochemicals, the resolution of geopolitical issues, and trade sanctions with
  exporting countries, can all contribute to the sector's long-term viability.
- Putting the PLI scheme into practice: Creating a digitally led, robust agrochemicals supply chain would aid in ensuring that Indian farmers have access to the right products at the right time. In 2020, the central government announced a production-linked incentive (PLI) programme for agrochemicals. Now that the pandemic is almost over, this policy should be implemented quickly. According to reports, the government has already identified specific products that will benefit from the scheme, and industry consultations are now complete. Agrochemicals will be the 15th industry covered by the PLI scheme.
- Policies that inspire the use of technology: Agriculture in India is extremely dynamic and highly reliant on natural occurrences. Agrochemical consumption is linked to farmers' willingness to invest in agri inputs, which can vary depending on crop growth, market prices, weather conditions, and pest infestation. If any of the factors change dramatically, this can result in significant supply and demand gaps. Moving to a digital, data-driven demand forecasting approach can aid industry players in addressing this issue and ensuring supply chain efficiency. Several agrochemical companies, including Insecticides (India) Limited, have used digital tools to collect, compile, and analyze data related to demand indicators, resulting in a much more reliable demand forecasting system.
- Policies for new molecules: The pharmaceutical industry is heavily reliant on generic and older molecules, many of which are also hazardous. As a result, the agrochemical industry is at risk of strict regulatory reforms aimed at phasing out such products. As a result, an action plan must be developed in collaboration with industry experts for the gradual replacement of existing products that may be subject to regulatory action. To

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expand product offerings and de-risk agrochemicals companies' product portfolios, inlicensing of active ingredients should be encouraged.

The bottom line for decades for the agrochemical industry has been a Champion Sector because it contributes significantly to food security and employs a large workforce. The sector must be given its fair share of 'Ease of Doing Business,' while also removing bottlenecks and implementing progressive regulatory measures to protect the environment.

#### D. COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE:

The agrochemical industry is at a rapid growth phase and it is going through an expansion throughout demographics. The demand for agrochemicals has depends mainly on demand for various crops, which in turn depends on crop prices. So, the profitability of individual companies is linked to efficient operations and marketing. In the competitive scenario and competitive world, the big producers have large economies of scale in production. Usually, the smaller companies can compete effectively by making specialty chemicals or fertilizer mixtures for local markets.

Indian agrochemicals market is driven by the rising population within the country, which has led to maintaining sufficiency in agricultural practices, further boosting the use of Indian agrochemical products for farming activities. The industry is positively influenced by the Indian agrochemical industry, which has fuelled the sales of agrochemical products. Other factors affecting the growth of India agrochemical industry include an increase in the population growth, rising need for food production, and economic growth.

#### 2. MARKET SIZE OF THE INDIAN AGROCHEMICAL INDUSTRY:

India is the fourth largest producer of agrochemicals, with domestic consumption of around Rs 32,000 crore in FY2021 and exports of around Rs 40,000 crore. Several growth factors, such as growing population, shrinking arable land, increasing demand for high-value agricultural products, and enhanced efforts from the industry and the government to promote awareness and technology enhancement, are expected to drive industry growth at a CAGR of 8-10 per cent until 2026.

With higher research and development spending, 2022 will undoubtedly be the year of new products and collaborations, propelling market revenue growth throughout the forecast period.

There have been a lot of supply disruptions on account of macro-economic factors like COVID-19 pandemic and the war between Ukraine and Russia, which has triggered oil prices to rise to all

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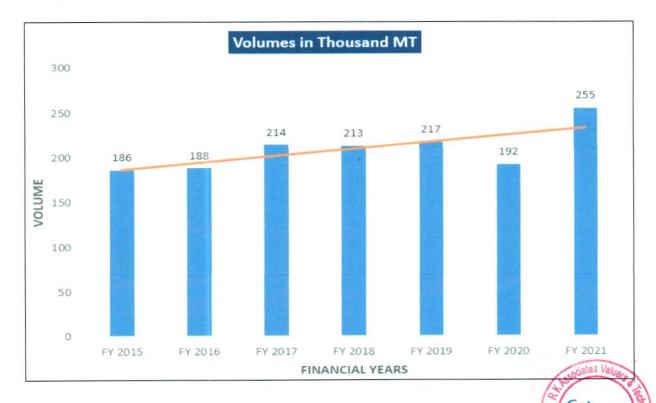
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new levels affecting the raw material prices. Even exchange rates have been very volatile. India's urea imports declined to around 77 lakh tones in the last fiscal year from 98 lakh tones in the 2020-21 financial year. The imports might further come down to around 60 lakh tones in the current fiscal. So far this fiscal, around 15 lakh tones urea has been imported and another 16 lakh tones will come in the next one and a half month.

The government has announced that the fertilizer subsidy would be around Rs 2.25 lakh crore. The total fertilizers subsidy stood at Rs 1,62,132 crore in the 2021-22 fiscal year and it was at Rs 71,280 crore in 2013-14.

At present, urea is available at a highly subsidized price of Rs 266 for a 45 kg bag while Diammonium Phosphate (DAP) is sold at Rs 1,350 for a 50 kg bag. The government is making available fertilizers, namely urea and 25 grades of P&K fertilizers to farmers at subsidized prices through fertilizer manufacturers/importers. In the case of urea, the Centre fixes the maximum retail prices and reimburses the difference between the maximum retail price and production cost in the form of subsidy.

Volume of pesticides produced across India from financial year 2015 to 2021(in 1,000 metric tons)



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#### 3. LATEST INVESTMENTS:

- In May 2021-The Union Cabinet has approved the PLI scheme National Program on Advanced Chemistry Cell Battery Storage which aims to produce 50 GWh of ACC and 5 GWh of Niche ACC battery storage.
- In April 2021- Amid COVID-19's second wave, the Odisha government-approved investment proposals worth over INR 2,570 crore in the metal, cement, chemical, plastic, food processing, and manufacturing sectors, creating 2,755 jobs.
- As per FDI policy for the chemical sector, 100% FDI is allowed under the automatic route in the chemicals sector.

#### 4. GOVERNMENT'S INITIATIVES FOR ATMANIRBHAR BHARAT:

The government is firming up a plan to develop alternative sources of plant nutrition, including biofertilisers and organic fertilizers, which will replace urea-based fertilizers, a move aimed at making India 'atmanirbhar' in fertilizer production and controlling the year-on-year increase in fertilizer subsidy on the back of rising input cost.

A long-term plan is being put in place for in-house production of these nutrients to cushion the farmers from abrupt price rise while cutting down on the government's subsidy bill.

The way energy prices are going up, it is natural that fertilizer prices will also go up. It is time that India needs to move towards organic fertilizers on a commercial scale. The government had in April this year substantially enhanced the fertilizer subsidy by ₹1.10 lakh crore, over and above the ₹1.05 lakh crore budgeted for 2022-23. This has taken the total fertilizer subsidy for the fiscal to a record high of ₹2.15 lakh crore for 2022-23 compared to ₹1.62 lakh crore in 2021-22.

As per the plan, the government is eyeing large-scale commercial use of cow manure as biofertiliser and bio-energy from 'gaushalas'. This will help convert cattle into economic assets while providing a sustainable and steady supply of alternative sources of nutrients including vermicomposting and global biogas.

Further, a dedicated policy framework is being developed to support production, packaging, marketing and distribution of biofertilisers. The government is expected to go the PPP way by roping in big gaushalas, dairy cooperatives and farmer producer organizations (FPOs) for production of enriched solid and liquid biofertilisers.

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#### 5. ROAD AHEAD:

The agrochemical sector is likely to continue with double-digit growth in revenue in the next financial year to 10-12 per cent due to strong exports even as domestic sales might remain stunted by uneven monsoon and slower increase in rural incomes, according to a report.

Exports will help the agrochemical sector maintain double-digit growth in revenue this fiscal and the next (at 12-13 per cent and 10-12 per cent, respectively), compared with 15 per cent last fiscal, even as domestic sales growth will be stunted by uneven monsoon and slower increase in rural incomes.

Agrochemical and pesticide sector has urged the government to increase fund flow to the agriculture sector in the upcoming Budget for improving the infrastructure for farming in all parts of the country to double the income of the farmers. Government will undoubtedly focus on agriculture in line with the last years as agriculture has played a vital role in these pandemic times. And also look forward to increased budgets for better infrastructure for farming in all parts of the country.

It is also critical that the input cost is reduced to whatever possible extent to support the farmers. Industry looks forward to the government's support for research and make in India for the crop protection Industry.

Agrochemical sector in the country is emerging as one of the champions that can become a major global supply hub if provided with better facilities. This has been facilitated due to disruption of supplies from China and everybody looking for a second source. The government should provide regulatory and tax concessions to catch hold of the opportunity. The Indian pesticides and fertilizers market can witness a significant boost in supply and development.

Considering the financial aspects of things, 2021-22 is proving to be a highly crucial time for the agriculture industry. With the Union budget 2022-23 just around the corner, keeping in view the government's commitment to double farmers income, it is expected that an increased allocation will be there for the sector. Even though the third wave is surging, it is believed that the industry will not be impacted so much, especially when the government is focused on building a perfect agro environment. The government will initiate some remarkable steps to foster the growth of the agrochemical industry.

Hence, as per the industry analysis, trends of the industry seeming positive.

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### PARTE

### HISTORICAL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

As per the audited financial statements provided by the company/client, below table shows the historical performance of the company.

### 1. HISTORICAL PROFIT & LOSS STATEMENT: (FROM FY 2018 TO FY 2022)

(Value in Rs. Crores)

Particular	FY 2018A	FY 2019A	FY 2020A	FY 2021A	FY 2022A
Revenue From Operations	392368	194035	170451	157491	269233
Other Income	4497	2647	2898	2435	3032
Total Income	396865	196682	173350	159925	272265
Cost of materials consumed	138146	70942	78562	73241	133988
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	45854	25856	1395	267	182
Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in-Trade and wip	6605	3549	(501)	4320	81
Power and Fuel	100243	59995	70123	58749	122686
Employee benefits expense	17351	15745	10533	9680	9440
Excise Duty	228	0	0	0	0
Other expenses	51344	31717	22726	21892	21807
Total expenses	359770	207802	182838	168149	288184
EBITDA	37095	(11121)	(9488)	(8224)	(15919)
Depreciation and amortization expense	8928	8883	8213	8224	8209
EBIT	28167	(20004)	(17702)	(16448)	(24127)
Finance costs	30821	30799	32879	34779	36893
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax	(2654)	(50803)	(50581)	(51227)	(61020)
Exceptional Items	0	1886	0	14082	9044
Profit/(loss) before tax	(2654)	(52689)	(50581)	(65309)	(70064)
Current tax		0	0	0	0
Adjustments relating to earlier years	57	0	78	0	0
Deferred tax	(559)	(3616)	(3424)	(3776)	(3073)
Profit (Loss) for the period from continuing operations	(2095)	(49073)	(47158)	(61533)	(66991)
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)					
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	369	13	522	(90)	126
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(128)	(4)	(181)	31 Associa	es Va(39)

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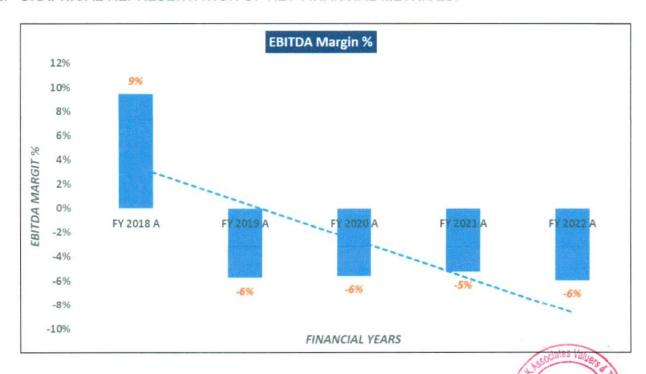
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period	(1911)	(49064)	(46893)	(61592)	(66904)
EBITDA Margin %	9%	-6%	-6%	-5%	-6%
EBIT Margin %	7%	-10%	-10%	-10%	-9%
Net Profit Margin %	0%	-25%	-28%	-39%	-25%
Revenue Growth % (Y.O.Y.)		-51%	-12%	-8%	71%

**Note**: As per the historical trends, It can be seen that EBITDA Margin, EBIT Margin & Net Profit Margins are continuously declining from the FY2017 to FY2022. The metrices are negative in the last few years which shows that the company is not performing well in the last few years and there are critical concern with the financial health of the company.

Historically, revenues of the company are constantly improving in the last few years, due to its inability to bid for the new projects as the company is unable to procure external financing. In FY 2022 revenue of the company suddenly increased because NFCL's both plants started working in this year.

Based on the above key indicators, the management is suggested to take the appropriate action to improve the operational efficiency of the firm.

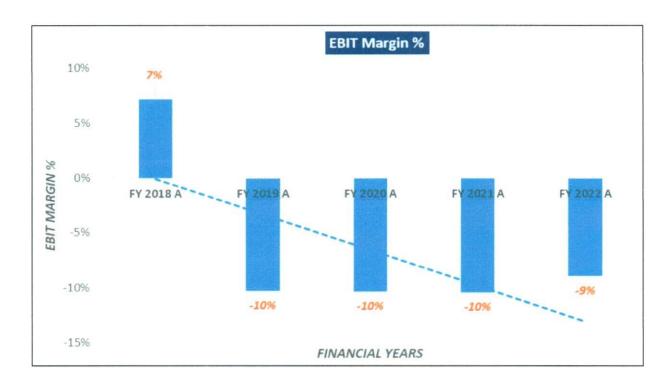
### 2. GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION OF KEY FINANCIAL METRICES:

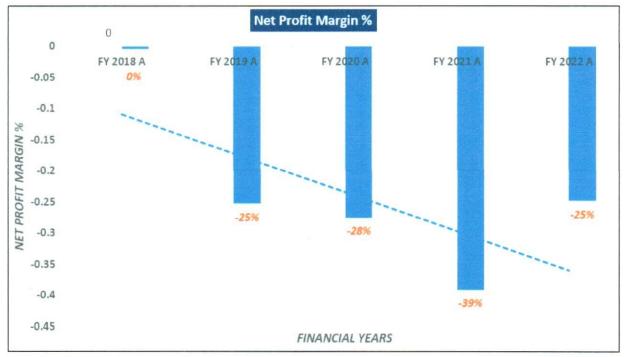


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M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED





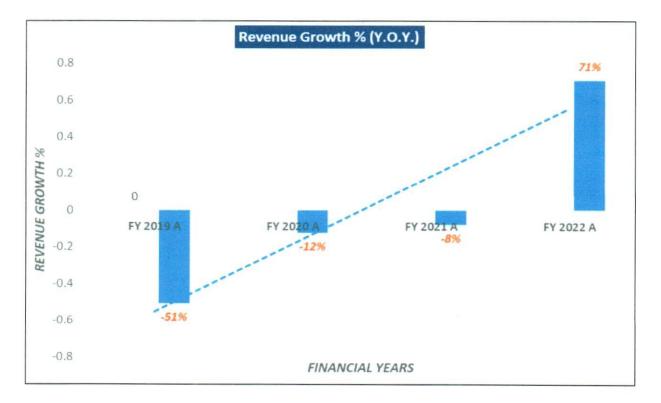


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M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED







**Note**: As per the information provided by the client/company, numbers shown in the above table for all the Fiscal Years are taken from audited report.

Revenue growth rate was negative from the FY 2019 to FY 2021, as the company constantly losing more revenue because of the shutdown of its plants, which leads to decrease in revenue. While it was positive in FY 2022, as both the Plants were restarted, and production commenced in FY 2021-22.

As per the ratio analysis performed, it is observed that EBITDA and EBIT Margins of the company are continuously decreasing from FY 2018 to FY 2022. As the company is now not able to get any new projects which leads to decrease in EBITDA and EBIT.

As per the historical trends it can be observed that net profit margins are declining constantly, which shows that the lack of operational efficiency and due to this, company is under severe financial stress.



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#### PART F

#### VALUATION OF THE COMPANY

- i. METHODOLOGY/ MODEL ADOPTED: Out of the various Models & theories available, we have adopted Methodology namely Net Asset Value (NAV) Approach, and the adjusted NAV is being considered as the proxy of the Enterprise Value of M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited:
  - a) The NAV approach used here, is based on the present value/fair market value of all its fixed asset and its financial assets.
  - b) Present/Fair value of fixed assets of the company including property, plant and equipment is calculated based on the Market and Cost Approach as-is-where-is basis for estimating the Current Depreciated Replacement value of the assets.
  - c) Present value of the financial/ current assets is estimated based on the document/ information provided by the company.
  - d) Further, the operational liabilities of the company will be net off with the Total asset value estimated based on the present scenario.

#### Rationale for using Net Asset Value (NAV) Approach for the Enterprise Valuation:

- a) The 3 Broad Model of Company Valuation are Income based approach (Discounted Cash Flow Models), Asset Based and Market Multiple.
- b) The free cash flow method is not used here because company is in financial stress and all the financial metrices are negative in the last few years which shows that the company is not performing well in the last few years, so future cash flow cannot be projected easily since there is a downward trend in the capacity utilization of the company and currently manufacturing units of the company are running at a very low capacity utilization while the account is already categorized NPA by the financial creditor as per norms of the RBI guidelines.
- c) Also, due to uncertain future operations as the same is communicated by the banker/client, estimating accurate future projections becomes negative.
- d) Asset Based Model is a more appropriate approach for estimating the Company's present value/fair market value based on the present value calculation of the assets (fixed asset and financial assets).

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- e) Market Comparable Approach was also not used since we could not find any suitable market comparable transactions and company of similar scale, scope & nature in the market.
- f) Therefore, the most appropriate Model left to Value M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited is Net Asset Value approach since there is an uncertainty regarding company's futuristic operations.
- g) The best method input option for the NAV Model in the case of M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited will be present value of the fixed assets based on the market and costbased approach and financial assets valuation based on the documents/information made available us by the client/company.
- h) Further, the Present Value Model gives us a variety of input options to use while calculating the Value of the firm - Dividend, Free Cash Flow to the Firm, Free Cash Flow to Equity, Capitalized Cash Flows and Residual Earnings.
- i) Dividends cannot be used as the Company has no history of paying dividends and we don't foresee any dividend payments to occur in the future due to the high leverage of the firm.
- j) Hence, NAV method is used in the valuation process of the company.

Gathering of Information on high level breakup of each head of Current and Non-Current Assets for assessment (as per RKA Format).

- Review of data/ inputs/ information which company could provide to us against the queries raised by the consultant.
- Final assessment as per the data /information available on record.

#### Note:

a. There is not a fixed criterion, formula or norm for the Valuation of Current Assets. It is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from consultant to consultant based on the practicality of the analyses in recoveries of the outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups of the individual case by the company. So our values should not be regarded as any judgement in regard to the recoverability of current assets but should only be read in terms of analysis.

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M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

- b. For arriving at the Liquidation Value, appropriate discounting factor against each current asset item is applied based on the nature of current asset and level of difficulty in realization of these.
- c. No audit of any kind is performed by us at our end from the books of account or ledger statements. All the data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the company/ lenders are taken by us as-it-is on good faith and assumed that that these are factually correct information.
- d. This is a general assessment of the estimated fair and liquidation value of the current assets based on the data/ input/ Information Company/ lenders could provide to us against our questions/ queries. In no manner this should be regarded as an audit activity/ report and NO micro analysis or detailed or forensic audit/ scrutiny of the financial transactions or accounts of any kind has been carried out at our end.
- ii. SUMMARY OF VALUATION ASSESSMENT: Below table shows the assessment summary of the valuation:

Particular (Values in INR Crores)	Book Value as on 31.03.2022	Fair Market Value	
ASSETS:			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	2106.19	1281.44	
Capital work-in-progress	0.24	0.15	
Others Financial Assets	4.75	4.75	
Total Non-Current Assets	2111.18	1286.34	
Current Assets			
Inventories	46.40	41.40	
Investments			
Trade receivables	484.93	62.47	
Cash and cash equivalents	21.12	5.37	
Bank balances, other than (ii) above	22.47	2.47	
Others	7.61	1.18	
Current Tax Assets (Net)	3.63	3.63	
Other current assets	59.59	56.08	
Total Current Assets	645.75	172.58	
Total Assets	2756.92	1458.92	

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SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
Equity			
Equity Share capital	59.81	59.81	
Other Equity	(1,231)	(1231.07)	
Total Shareholder's Fund	(1,171)	(1,171)	
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Long -Term Borrowings	21.84	21.84	
Trade payables			
Other financial liabilities	69.87	69.87	
Provisions	5.09	5.09	
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	240.55	240.55	
Other non-current liabilities	3.46	3.46	
Total Non-current liabilities	340.80	340.80	
Current liabilities			
Short -Term Borrowings	2538.69	2538.69	
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of Micro	1.01	4.04	
enterprises and Small Enterprises	1.01	1.01	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other	986.67	986.67	
than micro and small enterprises.			
Other financial liabilities (other than those	14.75	44.75	
specified in item (c) below)	14./5	14.75	
Other current liabilities	40.83	40.83	
Provisions	5.45	5.45	
Total Current liabilities	3587.39	3587.39	
Total Shareholder's Equity and Liabilities	2756.92	2756.92	
Operational Liabilities	1048.70	1048.70	
Contingent Liabilities	487.49	195.87	
Total Adjustable Liabilities		1243.70	

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Adjusted Net Asset Value (NAV)					
Total Assets (A)	INR 1458.92 Crore				
Total Operational Liabilities including Contingent liabilities (B)	INR 1243.70 Crore				
Net Assets Value (NAV) (A-B)	INR 215.22 Crore				
Adjusted NAV	INR Two Hundred Fifteen Crore and Twenty Two Lakhs				

#### iii. ENTERPRISE VALUATION:

### ENTERPRISE VALUE OF M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

INR Two Hundred Fifteen Crore and Twenty Two Lakhs (INR 215.22 CRORE)

Hence the "Enterprise Value" of the Firm "M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited" is INR 215.22 Crores.

This is only a general assessment of the current value of the Enterprise/Business based on the data/ input that the Bank/Client/Company could provide to us against our questions/ queries using the appropriate method with respect to the present scenario. In no manner this should be regarded as an audit activity/ report and NO micro analysis or detailed or forensic audit/ scrutiny of the financial transactions or accounts of any kind has been carried out at our end.

#### iv. KEY ASSUMPTIONS:

## a) Non-Current Assets:

## · Property, Plant and Equipment:

Fair Market Value of Non-Current Assets has been calculated based on the market comparable approach (Land) and Cost approach (Building, Plant & Machinery), Fair Market Value of land is derived as per "Andhra Pradesh Assigned Lands (Prohibition of Transfers) Act, 1977 (Act No. 9 of 1977)" and "The Telangana Assigned Lands (Prohibition of Transfers) Act, 1977".

Accordingly, FMV of Non-Current Assets is being calculated as INR 1281.44 Cr. And the same has been considered for the calculation of Adjusted NAV.

Refer the below mentioned files in the table for the detailed calculation of the FMV of Non-Current Assets:

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M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

M/S NFCL FIXED ASSET VALUATION SUMMARY									
	(Value in Rs. Crore								
FILE NO.	UNIT	UNIT TYPE	LAND	BUILDING	P&M	Fair Market Value			
PL-112-096-151	Kakinada	Urea Fertiliser Plant	306.46	119.10	583.61	1,009.18			
PL-112-096-153	Sadashivpet	Micro Irrigation facility	23.92	2.49	2.32	28.74			
PL-112-096-152	Nacharam	Micro Irrigation facility	19.24	2.46	10.88	32.59			
PL-112-096-154	Halol	Micro Irrigation facility	9.04	5.75	11.93	26.73			
PL-112-096-157	Wargal and Gouraram	Agricultural Land and R&D Unit	57.08	1.53	-	59.33			
PL-112-096-160	Nellore	Agricultural Land and other structures	57.59	1.35	-	58.95			
PL-112-096-155	Punjagutta, Hyderabad	Corporate Office	48.88	1.84	-	50.73			
PL-112-096-158	Santhinagar, Kakinada	Guest House	3.06	0.48	-	3.55			
PL-112-096-161	Kolkata	Branch Office	-	5.31	-	5.31			
PL-112-096-156	Somajiguda, Hyderabad	2 Residential Flats			-	5.40			
PL-112-096-159	Kapavaram	Agricultural Land	-	-	-	-			
PL-276-209-398	Ahmedabad	Branch office	-	0.09	-	0.90			
Total:						1,281.44			

## Capital work-in-progress

- i. Contract workmen Management System & CC Cameras: The Company is active to perform its core operations, so contract workmen management system & CC cameras can be useful for the company in its operation. Company can update the contract and complete the installation work of CC cameras. Hence we have consider fair market value to be at 80% of the book value.
- ii. Up-gradation of Analyzers: We have not received any document/ supporting regarding the said assets. However the same would means up-gradation of analyzer software, which can be outdated as on 31 March, 2022. Hence we have consider fair market value to be at 50% of the book value.

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- iii. Railway Siding Equipments: Company can recognize sidings as asset only when there are probable future economic benefits from such railway sidings. Hence we have consider fair market value to be at 100% of the book value.
- iv. Development of Mobile/Web Application for Field Team from Visionnet Systems Pvt Limited: We have not received any document/ supporting regarding the said assets. However the same would means up-gradation / development of mobile/web application for field team from Visionnet Systems Pvt Limited, which can be outdated as on 31 March, 2022. Hence we have consider fair market value to be at 50% of the book value.
- b) Current Assets: All the adjustments for current assets has been considered as per the audited balance sheet and other documents provided by the client/company/RP. We have performed a detailed analysis of current assets (Refer to the file no. VIS (2022-23)-PL105-088-143 (Part-B), which we have dispatched along with this report. Accordingly, Fair Market Value of Current Assets is being calculated as INR 172.58 Crores, and the same has been considered for the purpose of enterprise valuation.

Thus, the Fair Market Value of Total Assets is being calculated as INR 1458.92 Crores as on valuation date.

 The fair market value of Operational liabilities has been considered as 100% of the book value as on 31st March 2022.

Thus, the fair market value of Total Operational liabilities including the contingent liabilities is being calculated as INR 1243.70 Crore as on valuation date, while the detailed break-up of contingent liabilities of the company is shared by the client/company as on date.

Total Adjustable Liabilities			
Particular	Amount (INR Crore)		
Operational Liabilities	1048.70		
Contingent Liabilities (40% of Book Value)	195.00		
Total Adjustable Liabilities	1243.70		

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Note: We have considered 40% of the total contingent liabilities provided by the client, since, the company is under stress and there are various items included in the contingent liabilities which need not to be considered in the calculation of NAV.

Hence, after deducting the Total operational liabilities including the contingent liabilities from the fair market value of Total Assets, the Adjusted Net Asset Value (NAV) is being calculated as INR 215.22 Crores, which is being considered as the proxy of Enterprise Value of "M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited".

- Enterprise Valuation of the subject project has been done by using Net Assets Value (NAV)
   Method.
- The Net Assets Value (NAV) of the project has been calculated after the deduction of Operating Liabilities from the Total Assets Value of the company.
- The NAV method has been adopted for the calculation of Enterprise Valuation of the subject project since the project is categorized as NPA and as per the information provided by the banker/company, the future operation of the is uncertain as financial institution is about to execute the decision/resolution plan.
- No employee or member of R.K Associates has any direct/ indirect interest in the Project.
- This is just an opinion report on Valuation based on the copy of the documents/ information provided to us by the client which has been relied upon in good faith and the assessment and assumptions done by us.
- This is only a general assessment of the Enterprise/Business Value of the firm based on the data/ input Company officials could provide to us against our questions/ queries and information available in the public domain. In no manner this should be regarded as an audit activity/ report and NO micro analysis or detailed or forensic audit/ scrutiny of the financial transactions or accounts of any kind has been carried out at our end.

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	i. Since this is Enter	prise Valuation hence no site inspection was carried out				
	by us.	by us.				
	ii. The undersigned	The undersigned does not have any direct/indirect interest in the above				
	property.					
Declaration	iii. The information for	urnished herein is true and correct to the best of our				
Deciaration	knowledge.					
	iv. This valuation wo	rk is carried out by our Financial Analyst team on the				
	request from IDBI	Bank, World Trade Center Complex, 7th floor, ICG, D-				
	Wing, IDBI Tower,	Cuffe Parade, Mumbai - 400005				
	v. We have submitted	d Valuation report to the Client.				
Name & Address	of Valuer company	Signature of the authorized person				
M/s R.K. Associate	es Valuers & Techno					
Engineering Cons	ultants Pvt. Ltd.	ssociales Values &				
D-39. Second Floo	or, Sector-2, Noida, UP-					
201301 India	-,,,					
Number of Pages in the Report		49				
Financial Analyst Team worked on the		PREPARED BY: Mrs. Chhavi Toshan				
report		REVIEWED BY: Mr. Gaurav Kumar				

For R.K Associates Valuers & Techno

Place: NOIDA

Engineering Consultants (P) Ltd.

Date :

11th August 2022

Valuations

(Authorized Signatory)

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PART G

#### IMPORTANT DEFINITION

#### Definitions:

- Enterprise Value: Enterprise value (EV) is the corporate valuation of a company, determined by using market capitalization and total debt. Market cap comprises preference stocks, common stocks, and minority interest; total debt comprises short-term and long-term liabilities of the company. Enterprise value (EV) refers to the overall valuation—equity, debt, cash, and cash equivalents. In other words, it is the cost of acquiring a firm. The EV/EBITDA is an enterprise multiple. It correlates EV with earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization. The metric determines whether the firm is undervalued or overvalued.
- EV is computed using the following formula: EV = (Market Capitalization + Market Value of Debt - Cash and Equivalents).
- Fair Market Value suggested by the competent Valuer is that prospective estimated amount in his expert & prudent opinion of the subject asset without any prejudice after he has carefully & exhaustively evaluated the facts & information came in front of him related to the subject asset at which the subject asset should be exchanged between a willing buyer and willing seller at an arm's length transaction in an open & unrestricted market, after proper marketing, wherein the parties, each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without any compulsion on the date of the Valuation.

Forced, under compulsion & constraint, obligatory sales transactions data doesn't indicate the Fair Market Value.

- Realizable Value is the minimum prospective estimated value of the Company which it may be able to realize at the time of actual transaction factoring in the potential prospects of deep negotiations carried out between the buyer & seller for ultimately finalizing the transaction across the table. Realizable value may be 10-20% less than the Fair Market Value depending on the various salability prospects of the subject asset and the needs of the buyer & the seller.
- Forced/ Distress Sale Value is the value when the company has to be sold due to any compulsion or constraint like financial encumbrances, dispute, as a part of a recovery process, legal issues or any such condition or situation. In this type of sale, minimum fetch value is assessed which can be 15-25% less than the estimated Fair Market Value. In this type of sale, negotiation power of the buyer is always more than the seller and eagerness & pressure of

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selling the asset is more than buying it. Therefore, the Forced/ Distress Sale Value will always fetch significantly less value compare to the estimated Fair Market Value.

- Liquidation Value is the amount that would be realized when an asset or group of assets are sold on a piecemeal basis that is without consideration of benefits (or detriments) associated with a going-concern business. Liquidation value can be either in an orderly transaction with a typical marketing period or in a forced transaction with a shortened marketing period.
- Difference between Costs, Price & Value: Generally, these words are used and understood synonymously. However, in reality each of these has a completely different meaning, premise and also have different definitions in the professional & legal terms. Therefore, to avoid confusion, it is our professional responsibility to describe the definitions of these words to avoid ambiguity & confusion in the minds of the user of this report.
  - The Cost of an asset represents the actual amount spend in the construction/ actual creation of the asset.
  - The Price is the amount paid for the procurement of the same asset.
  - The Value is defined as the present worth of future rights in the asset and depends to a
    great extent on combination of various factors such as demand and supply, market
    situation, purpose, situation & needs of the buyer & seller, salability outlook, usability factor,
    market perception & reputation. Needs of the buyer & seller, salability outlook, usability
    factor, market perception & reputation.

Therefore, in actual for the same asset, cost, price & value remain different since these terms have different usage & meaning.

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#### PART H

## DISCLAIMER | REMARKS

- 1. No employee or member of R.K Associates has any direct/ indirect interest in the Project.
- 2. This report is prepared based on the copies of the documents/ information which the Bank/ Company has provided to us out of the standard checklist of documents sought from them and further based on our assumptions and limiting conditions. The client/owner and its management/representatives warranted to us that the information they supplied was complete, accurate and true and correct to the best of their knowledge. All such information provided to us has been relied upon in good faith and we have assumed that it is true and correct in all respect. I/We shall not be liable for any loss, damages, cost or expenses arising from fraudulent acts, misrepresentations, or willful default on part of the owner, company, its directors, employee, representative or agents. Verification or cross checking of the documents provided to us from the originals or from any Govt. departments/ Record of Registrar has not been done at our end since this is beyond the scope of our work. If at any time in future, it is found or came to our knowledge that misrepresentation of facts or incomplete or distorted information has been provided to us then this report shall automatically become null & void.
- 3. Legal aspects for e.g., investigation of title, ownership rights, lien, charge, mortgage, lease, sanctioned maps, verification of documents, etc. have not been done at our end and same has to be taken care by legal expert/ Advocate. It is assumed that the concerned Lender/ Financial Institution has satisfied them with the authenticity of the documents, information given to us and for which the legal verification has been already taken and cleared by the competent Advocate before requesting for this report. I/ We assume no responsibility for the legal matters including, but not limited to, legal or title concerns.
- 4. This report is a general analysis of the project based on the scope mentioned in the report. This is not an Audit report, Design document, DPR or Techno feasibility study. All the information gathered is based on the facts seen on the site during survey, verbal discussion & documentary evidence provided by the client and is believed that information given by the company is true best of their knowledge.
- 5. All observations mentioned in the report is only based on the visual observation and the documents/ data/ information provided by the client. No mechanical/ technical tests, measurements or any design review have been performed or carried out from our side during Project assessment.

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- 6. Bank/FII should ONLY take this report as an Advisory document from the Financial/ Chartered Engineering firm and its specifically advised to the creditor to cross verify the original documents for the facts mentioned in the report which can be availed from the borrowing company directly.
- 7. In case of any default in loans or the credit facility extended to the borrowing company, R.K. Associates shall not be held responsible for whatsoever reason may be and any request for seeking any explanation from the employee/s of R.K. Associates will not be entertained at any instance or situation.
- 8. The documents, information, data provided to us during the course of this assessment by the client is reviewed only up to the extent required in relation to the scope of the work. No document has been reviewed beyond the scope of the work.
- 9. This report only contains general assessment & opinion as per the scope of work evaluated as per the information given in the copy of documents, information, data provided to us and/ and confirmed by the owner/ owner representative to us at site which has been relied upon in good faith. It doesn't contain any other recommendations of any sort including but not limited to express of any opinion on the suitability or otherwise of entering into any transaction with the borrower.
- 10. We have relied on data from third party, external sources & information available on public domain also to conclude this report. These sources are believed to be reliable and therefore, we assume no liability for the truth or accuracy of any data, opinions or estimates furnished by others that have been used in this analysis. Where we have relied on data, opinions or estimates from external sources, reasonable care has been taken to ensure that such data has been correctly extracted from those sources and /or reproduced in its proper form and context, however still we can't vouch its authenticity, correctness or accuracy.
- 11. This Report is prepared by our competent technical team which includes Engineers and financial experts & analysts.
- 12. This is just an opinion report and doesn't hold any binding on anyone. It is requested from the concerned Financial Institution which is using this report for taking financial decision on the project that they should consider all the different associated relevant & related factors also before taking any business decision based on the content of this report.

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- 13. All Pages of the report including annexures are signed and stamped from our office. In case any paper in the report is without stamp & signature then this should not be considered a valid paper issued from this office.
- 14. Though adequate care has been taken while preparing this report as per its scope, but still, we can't rule out typing, human errors, over sightedness of any information or any other mistakes. Therefore, the concerned organization is advised to satisfy themselves that the report is complete & satisfactory in all respect. Intimation regarding any discrepancy shall be brought into our notice immediately. If no intimation is received within 15 (Fifteen) days in writing from the date of issuance of the report, to rectify these timely, then it shall be considered that the report is complete in all respect and has been accepted by the client up to their satisfaction & use and further to which R.K Associates shall not be held responsible in any manner.
- 15. Defect Liability Period is 15 DAYS. We request the concerned authorized reader of this report to check the contents, data and calculations in the report within this period and intimate us in writing if any corrections are required or in case of any other concern with the contents or opinion mentioned in the report. Corrections only related to typographical, calculation, spelling mistakes, incorrect data/ figures/ statement will be entertained within the defect liability period. Any new changes for any additional information in already approved report will be regarded as additional work for which additional fees may be charged. No request for any illegitimate change in regard to any facts & figures will be entertained.
- 16. R.K Associates encourages its customers to give feedback or inform concerns over its services through proper channel at <u>valuers@rkassociates.org</u> in writing within 15 days of report delivery. After this period no concern/ complaint/ proceedings in connection with the Financial Feasibility Study Services will be entertained due to possible change in situation and condition of the subject Project.
- 17. Our Data retention policy is of <u>ONE YEAR</u>. After this period, we remove all the concerned records related to the assignment from our repository. No clarification or query can be answered after this period due to unavailability of the data.
- 18. This Financial Feasibility Study report is governed by our (1) Internal Policies, Processes & Standard Operating Procedures, (2) Information/ Data/ Inputs given to us by the client and (3) Information/ Data/ Facts given to us by our field/ office technical team. Management of R.K Associates never gives acceptance to any unethical or unprofessional practice which may affect fair, correct & impartial assessment and which is against any prevailing law. In case of any indication of any negligence, default, incorrect, misleading, misrepresentation or distortion

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of facts in the report then it is the responsibility of the user of this report to immediately or at least within the defect liability period bring all such act into notice of R.K Associates management so that corrective measures can be taken instantly.

19. R.K Associates never releases any report doing alterations or modifications from pen. In case any information/ figure of this report is found altered with pen then this report will automatically become null & void.

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VALUERS & TECHNO ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS (P) LTD.

REPORT FORMAT: Securities or Financial Assets | Version: 2022019 Office

File No.: VIS (2022-23)-PL105-088-143 (Part-B)

Office No: Unit No. 1212, Floor No.: 12, Building Name: Sunshine Tower, Block Sector: Dadar West, Mumbai 400013, Road: Senapati Bapat Marg, City: LDATECT 105:08: 2022 bai Ph.: 9651070248, 9205353008

## **VALUATION REPORT**

OF

## CURRENT ASSET (SECURITIES AND FINANCIAL ASSETS)

OF

# M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

REGISTERED AT

D.No.8-2-248, NAGARJUNA HILLS, HYDERABAD, ANDHRA PRADESH, INDIA - 500 082

- Corporate Valuers
- Business/ Enterprise/ Equity Valuations
- Lender's Independent Engineers (LIE)

## REPORT PREPARED FOR:

- Techno Equipe ( Ephilix ( works DETRADE CENTER COMPLEX, 7TH FLOOR, LCG, D-WING, IDBI
- Agency for Specialized Account Monitory (FSR) CUFFE PARADE, MUMBAI 400005
- Project Techno-Financial Advisors
- Chartered Enginetraportant In case of any query/ issue or escalation you may please contact Incident Manager
- Industry/ Trade Revalution @r (associates.org. We will appreciate your feedback in order to improve our services.
- NPA Management

#### CORPORATE OFFICE:

 Panel Valuer & Techno Economic Consultants for PSU Banks D-39, 2nd floor, Sector 2, Noida-201301 Ph - +91-0120-4110117, 4324647, +91 - 9958632707 E-mail - valuers@rkassociates.org | Website: www.rkassociates.org File No.: VIS (2022-23)-PL105-088-143 (Part-B) Dated: 05.08.2022

## **VALUATION REPORT**

OF

# CURRENT ASSET (SECURITIES AND FINANCIAL ASSETS)

OF

# M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

## REGISTERED AT

D.No.8-2-248, NAGARJUNA HILLS, HYDERABAD, ANDHRA PRADESH, INDIA - 500 082

## REPORT PREPARED FOR:

IDBI BANK, WORLD TRADE CENTER COMPLEX, 7<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, LCG, D-WING, IDBI TOWER, CUFFE PARADE, MUMBAI – 400005

\*\*Important - In case of any query/ issue or escalation you may please contact Incident Manager

At valuers@rkassociates.org. We will appreciate your feedback in order to improve our services.

M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



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## PART A

## INTRODUCTION

S. No.	CONTENTS		DESCRIPTION			
	Name of the Company/	M/s Nagarjuna	Fertilizers and Chemicals Lir	mited		
a.	Corporate Debtor	CIN No.: L24129TG2006PLC076238				
b.	Nature of Business	became an NP manufactures a protection prod	Currently M/s. Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited became an NPA account while company has been engaged in manufactures and distributes ammonia, urea and several plant protection products which consist of herbicides, insecticides, and fungicides from the 7th November 2006.			
C.	Name of Owner/s	Nagarjuna Fert limited by Shar	ilizers and Chemicals Limited	d is a listed company		
d.	Corporate & Registered Office	D.No.8-2-248, India – 500082	Nagarjuna Hills, Hyderaba India	d, Andhra Pradesh,		
	Name of the	DIN No.	Name	Begin Date		
	Directors/ Managing	0000015990	Kanumuru Raju Rahul	1 <sup>th</sup> August, 2014		
	Directors	0000023382	Chandrapal Singh Yadav	18 <sup>th</sup> August, 2011		
		0000056510	Uday Jha Shankar	6 <sup>th</sup> August, 2016		
e.		0002354356	Rajendra Gonela Mohan	28 <sup>th</sup> May, 2020		
		0007161344	Lalitha Raghuram	18 <sup>th</sup> April 2015		
		BPXPB9700F	Vijaya Bhasker Masapathri	29 <sup>th</sup> November 2019		
		ACDPA7874P	Sudhakara Rao Annam	24 <sup>th</sup> May 2021		
f.	Report Prepared for Organization	IDBI Bank, D-V	Ning, IDBI Tower, Cuffe Para	ade, Mumbai		
g.	Date of Valuation	5th August-202	22			
h.	Report Type	Valuation of Securities or Financial Assets/ Current Assets.				
i.	Purpose of the Report	To estimate the value of Securities or Financial Assets of the NPA account of M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited on the request of Bank as on date.				
j.	Scope of the Report	To estimate the value of Securities or Financial Assets/Current Assets of the NPA account of M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited on the request of Bank as on date.				
		Documents Re	equested Documents	Provided		

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S. No.	CONTENT	S	DES	CRIPTION
k.	k. Documents requested vs. produced for perusal		Latest Available Audited/Provisional Financial Statement of the company	Balance Sheet (FY 2021-2022)
			Details of Inventory	Inventory item wise as on 31th March 2022
			Investment and Loans & Advances	Statement of holding as on 31th March 2022
			Details of Trade Receivables	Age wise Trade Receivables as on 31th March 2022
			Details of Cash & Cash Equivalents	Statement of Cash & Cash Equivalents as on 31th March 2022
			Details of other current assets and others Current Financial Assets	Statement of Current Financial Assets as on 31th March 2022
1.	I. ANNEXURES		i. Non-current Financial Associated Non-Current Security Dia. ii. Inventories iii. Trade Receivables iii. A Trade Receivables Agiv. Cash & Cash equivalents av. Current Financial Assets av. Current Security Depovi. Other Current Assets	Deposit Ageing  Jeing  and Bank Balance  and Tax Assets



M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



PART B

## PRELIMINARY INFORMATION OF SECURITIES OR FINANCIAL ASSETS UNDER ASSESSMENT

1. OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY/CORPORATE DEBTOR: M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited is a listed company incorporated on 7<sup>th</sup> November 2006. It is classified as Non-Government limited by shares Public Company and is registered at Registrar of Companies (ROC), Hyderabad. Its authorized share capital is INR 8010000000 and its paid up capital is INR 598065003. The company is primarily engaged in the manufactures and distributes ammonia, urea and several plant protection products which consist of herbicides, insecticides, and fungicides.

M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited Annual General Meeting (AGM) was last held on 14<sup>th</sup> June 2022 and as per records from Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), its balance sheet was last filed on 31 March 2022. Details of the directors of M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited are shown in the below table:

DIN No.	Name	Appointment Date	
0000015990	Kanumuru Raju Rahul	1 <sup>th</sup> August, 2014	
0000023382	Chandrapal Singh Yadav	18 <sup>th</sup> August, 2011	
0000056510	Uday Jha Shankar	6 <sup>th</sup> August, 2016	
0002354356	Rajendra Gonela Mohan	28 <sup>th</sup> May, 2020	
0007161344	Lalitha Raghuram	18 <sup>th</sup> April 2015	
BPXPB9700F	Vijaya Bhasker Masapathri	29 <sup>th</sup> November 2019	
ACDPA7874P	Sudhakara Rao Annam	24 <sup>th</sup> May 2021	

M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited is having Corporate Identification Number is (CIN) L24129TG2006PLC076238 and its registration number is 076238. Company is having its corporate office is located in D.No.8-2-248, Nagarjuna Hills, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh, India – 500082 India.

2. METHODLOGY ADOPTED: Valuation of Current Assets/Securities or Financial Assets is more like assessment & analysis rather than any scientific calculation based on any established norms, approach or formula. Valuation of Securities or Financial Assets is based on the analysis & review of the details, information/ data and discussion with Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional that what is recoverable for use of the Company/ Corporate Debtor and what has become non-recoverable and does not hold any value any more in the Securities or Financial Assets of the Company/ Corporate Debtor.

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## It is done basically adopting following approach:

- Identification of Current Assets/Securities or Financial Assets from the Balance Sheet/ Trail
   Balance of the company/ Corporate Debtor.
- Thorough review of breakup of each head under Current Assets/Securities or Financial Assets
  as per Securities or Financial Assets Notes in last available financial statements or outstanding
  balance as per latest statements provided by the client.

Gathering of Information on high level breakup of each head of Securities or Financial Assets for assessment (as per Prescribed Format)

- Review of data/ inputs/ information which Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional could provide to us against the queries raised by the valuer.
- Final assessment as per the data /information available on record.

All the information and data produced by the Liquidator are relied upon for undergoing the assessment of the Securities or Financial Assets. The Valuation of Current Assets/Securities or Financial Assets includes the following:

- Non-current Financial Assets (Non-Current Security Deposit Ageing)
- Inventories
- Trade Receivables (Trade Receivables Ageing)
- Cash & Cash Equivalents and Bank Balance
- Current Financial Assets and Tax Assets (Current Security Deposit Ageing)
- Other Current Assets

#### Notes:

a. There is no a fixed criterion, formula or norm for the Valuation of Current Assets/Securities or Financial Assets. It is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from valuer to valuer based on the practicality he/ she analyses in recoveries of the outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups of the individual case by the Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional. So, our values should not be regarded as any judgement in regard to the recoverability of Securities or Financial Assets but should only be read in terms of analysis.



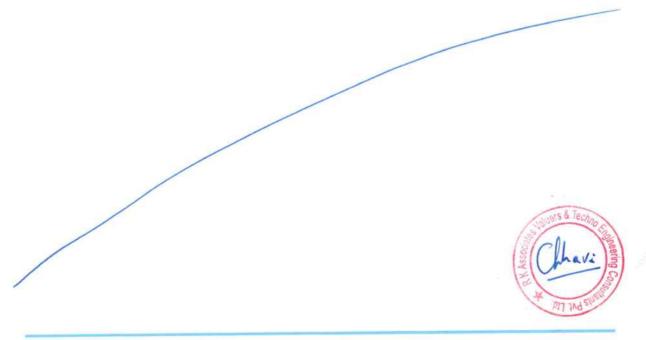
M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



- b. For arriving at the Liquidation Value, appropriate discounting factor against each Securities or Financial Assets item is applied based on the nature of Securities or Financial Assets and level of difficulty in realization of these.
- 3. SCOPE OF WORK: To assess the estimated fair value of Current Assets/Securities or Financial Assets of NPA account M/s Nagarjuna Fertilizers and Chemicals Limited / Corporate Debtor based on the details, data/ information which Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional/Client could provide to us out of the standard checklist of the documents/ information requested from Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional/Client. As per our Scope, we are appointed for Valuation of Securities or Financial Assets of the Company/ Corporate Debtor.

#### Notes:

- a) No audit of any kind is performed by us at our end from the books of account or ledger statements. All the data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional are taken by us as-it-is in good faith and assumed that that these are factually correct information.
- b) This is a general assessment of the estimated fair and Liquidation value of the Current Assets/Securities or Financial Assets based on the data/ input/ information that Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional could provide to us against our questions/ queries. In no manner this should be regarded as an audit activity/ report and NO micro analysis or detailed or forensic audit/ scrutiny of the financial transactions or accounts of any kind has been carried out at our end.



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## PART C

## VALUATION ASSESSMENT OF SECURITIES OR FINANCIAL ASSETS

## 1. SUMMARY OF VALUATION ASSESSMENT:

				Detai	ls are as on 31st	March 2022
S. No.	Particulars	Book Value	Fair Value Assessment	Liquidation Value (Going Concern)	Liquidation Value (Piecemeal)	Annexure
			<u>.                                    </u>	l.	(Figures in	INR Crores)
1	Non-current Financial Assets	4.75	4.75	3.56	0.95	ı
2	Inventories	46.40	41.40	41.22	17.71	II
3	Trade Receivables	484.93	62.47	26.91	11.59	Ш
4	Cash & Cash equivalents and Bank Balance	43.58	7.83	7.83	7.83	IV
5	Current Financial Assets and Tax Assets	11.24	4.81	4.44	3.98	V
6	Other Current Asset	59.59	56.08	28.47	11.59	VI
	Total	650.74	177.34	112.43	53.65	

### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

- Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the Liquidator/RP/Corporate Debtor and the details which they could provide to us on our queries.
- All the notes on the current status of amount recovery are given by Liquidator/RP/ Corporate Debtor.
   Notes and data provided by Liquidator/RP/ Corporate Debtor has been relied upon in good faith on the basis of which independent potential value assessment of the Securities or Financial Assets has been carried out.
- For the basis of arriving at the Value of each Securities or Financial Assets, please refer to the specific annexure.
- 4. This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice based on the details which the Liquidator/RP/ Corporate Debtor could provide to us as per our queries & discussions held during

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## M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



- the course of the assessment and further opinion made by us based on the available information and facts on record.
- 5. Valuation of Securities or Financial Assets is more of a kind of an assessment based on the Industry practice and an assumption based on the facts & verbal discussion carried out with the Liquidator/RP/Corporate Debtor that what is the minimum amount can be recovered out of the receivables, loans & advances, etc.
- 6. No audit of any kind is performed by us from the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/information/input/ details provided to us by the Liquidator/RP/ Corporate Debtor are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.
- 7. There are no fixed criteria, formula or norm for the Valuation of Securities or Financial Assets. It is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from valuer to valuer based on the practicality he/she analyses in recoveries of outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups, and close scrutiny of individual case made by the Liquidator / RP / Corporate Debtor. So our values should not be regarded as any judgment in regard to the recoverability of Securities or Financial Assets.

Note: We have asked the current status of the assets of the valuation with corporate debtor/
Client and requested them to provide detailed break up of Securities and Financial Assets data
(as per Prescribed Format). All the detailed breakup of the information sought has been
provided to us directly by the corporate Debtor/Client. Majority of information regarding
the current recovery given by corporate Debtor/Client verbally/email which we have to rely
upon in good faith. In case at any point of time it is found that false, incorrect or forged
information is provided to us, then this should become null & void.

This valuation has been done as per the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code of India 2016. According to this code we have calculated Fair market value, liquidation value / realisable value. Liquidation value / Realisable value has been assessed on the basis of going concern and piecemeal. According to IBC for current asset valuation we cannot determine distressed value.

This is an only a general assessment of the current value of the Securities or Financial Assets based on the data/ input/ information that Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional could provide to us against our questions/ queries. In no manner this should be regarded as an audit activity/ report and NO micro analysis or detailed or forensic audit/ scrutiny of the financial transactions or accounts of any kind has been carried out at our end.

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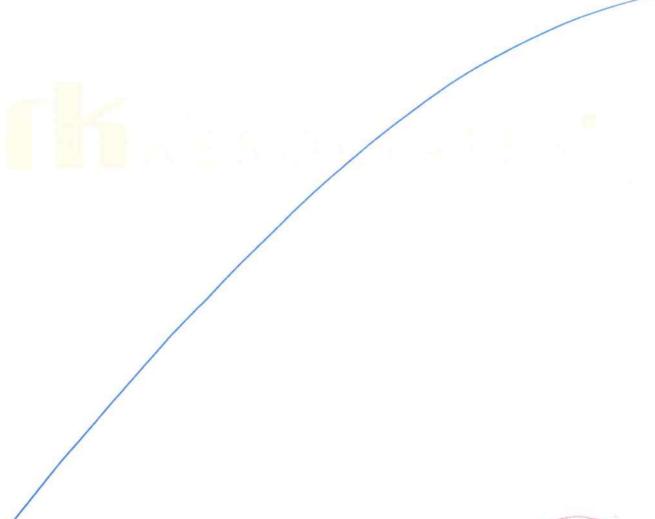
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## SECURITIES OR FINANCIAL ASSETS VALUATION REPORT M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



### REFERENCES & ANNEXURES:

- Annexure I Non-current Financial Assets
- Annexure I(A) Non Current Security Deposit Ageing
- Annexure II Inventories
- Annexure III Trade Receivables
- Annexure III(A) Trade Receivables Ageing
- Annexure IV Cash & Cash Equivalents and Bank Balance
- Annexure V Current Financial Assets and Tax Assets
- Annexure V(A) Current Security Deposit Ageing
- Annexure VI- Other Current Assets





M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



## PART D

## ASSUMPTIONS | REMARKS | LIMITING CONDITIONS | ANNEXURES

- Fair Market Value suggested by the competent Valuer in his opinion is a prospective estimated amount without any prejudice after evaluating all the facts related to the subject asset at which the subject asset should be realizable on the date of Valuation.
- 2. Liquidation Value suggested by the competent Valuer in his opinion is a prospective estimated amount without any prejudice after evaluating all the facts related to the subject asset at which the subject asset should be realizable when the company is undergoing Liquidation process on the date of the Valuation.
  - Securities or Financial Assets Valuation is computed based on the Estimated Realizable assessment analysis.
  - b) This report is prepared based on the copies of the documents/ information/ data which interested organization or customer could provide to us out of the standard checklist of documents/ details/ information sought from them and further based on our assumptions and limiting conditions. All such information provided to us has been relied upon and we have assumed that it is true and correct. Verification or cross checking of the documents/ data/ information provided to us from the originals has not been done at our end. If at any time in future it's found or came to our knowledge that misrepresentation of facts or incomplete or distorted information has been provided to us then this report will automatically become null & void.
  - c) Legal aspects are not considered in this report. It is assumed and taken into account that the concerned Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional has first got the legal verification cleared by the competent Advocate before requesting for the Valuation report. Assessment of legal rights of Securities or Financial Assets in terms of its sale/ recoverability/ claims is beyond the scope of this report.
  - d) There are no fixed criteria, formula or norm for the Valuation of Securities or Financial Assets. It is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from valuer to valuer based on the practicality he/ she analyses in recoveries of the outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups of the individual case by the company. So, our values should not be regarded as any judgment in regard to the recoverability of Securities or Financial Assets but should only be read in terms of analysis.

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## M/S NAGARIUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



- e) For arriving at the Liquidation Value, appropriate discounting factor against each Securities or Financial Assets item is applied based on the nature of Securities or Financial Assets and level of difficulty in realization of these.
- f) This is a general assessment of the fair and Liquidation value of the Securities or Financial Assets based on the data/ input/ information Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional could provide to us against our questions/ queries. In no manner this should be regarded as an audit activity/ report and NO micro analysis or detailed or forensic audit/ scrutiny of the financial transactions or accounts of any kind has been carried out at our end.
- g) No audit of any kind is performed by us at our end from the books of account or ledger statements. All the data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional are taken by us as-it-is on good faith and assumed that that these are factually correct information.
- h) The valuer has no direct/ indirect interest in the property.
- This report is having limited scope as per its fields to provide only the general basic idea of the value of the Securities or Financial Assets which can be recovered based on the analysis of the documents/ data/ information and formal & informal discussion in writing & verbally with the Corporate Debtor/ Resolution Professional.
- j) Secondary/ Tertiary costs related to asset transaction like Brokerage pertaining to the sale/ purchase/ recoverability/ transaction of any of the items lying under Securities or Financial Assets are not considered while assessing the fair and Liquidation Value.
- k) Value varies with the Purpose/ Date/ Condition of the market. This report should not to be referred if any of these points are different from the one mentioned aforesaid in the Report. The Value indicated in the Valuation Report holds good only up to the period of 6 months from the date of Valuation.
- Analysis and conclusions adopted in the report are limited to the reported assumptions, conditions and information came to our knowledge during the course of the work.
- m) This report is prepared on the Securities or Financial Assets | Version: 2.0\_2019 Valuation format as per the client requirement, charges paid and the time allotted. This report is having limited scope as per its fields to provide only the general estimated basic idea of the value of the Securities or Financial Assets based on the information provided by the client. No detailed analysis or verification of the information is carried upon pertaining to the value of the subject assets. No claim for any extra information will be entertained whatsoever be the reason. For

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any extra work over and above the fields mentioned in the report will have an extra cost which has to be borne by the customer.

- n) This is just an opinion report and doesn't hold any binding on anyone. It is requested from the concerned Financial Institution/ Customer who are using this report that they should consider all the different associated relevant & related factors associated with the assets before taking any business decision based on the content of this report.
- o) All Pages of the report including annexures are signed and stamped from our office. In case any paper in the report is without stamp & signature then this should not be considered a valid paper issued from this office.
- p) Defect Liability Period is 30 DAYS. We request the concerned authorized reader of this report to check the contents, data and calculations in the report within this period and intimate us in writing if any corrections are required or in case of any other concern with the contents or opinion mentioned in the report. Corrections only related to typographical, calculation, spelling mistakes will be entertained within the defect liability period. No request for any illegitimate value revision, date change or any other change will be entertained other than the one mentioned above.
- q) Valuer encourages its customers to give feedback or inform concerns over its services through proper channel at valuers@rkassociates.org in writing within 30 days of report delivery. After this period no concern/ complaint/ proceedings in connection with the Valuation Services can be entertained due to possible change in situation and condition of the property.
- r) Our Data retention policy is of TWO YEAR. After this period, we remove all the concerned records related to the assignment from our repository. No clarification or query can be answered after this period due to unavailability of the data.
- Procedures, (2) Valuer Quality Policy, (3) Valuation & Survey Best Practices Guidelines, (4) Information input given to us by the customer and (4) Information/ Data/ Facts given to us by the field/ office technical team. Valuer never give acceptance to any unethical or unprofessional practice which may affect fair, correct & impartial assessment and which is against any prevailing law. In case of any indication of any negligence, default, incorrect, misleading, misrepresentation or distortion of facts in the report then it is the responsibility of the user of this report to immediately or at least within the defect liability period bring all such act into notice of the valuer so that corrective measures can be taken instantly.

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M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



- t) Valuer never release any report doing alterations or modifications from pen. In case any information/ figure of this report is found altered with pen then this report will automatically become null & void.
- u) If this report is prepared for the matter under litigation in any Indian court, no official or employee of the valuer will be under any obligation to give in person appearance in the court as a testimony. For any explanation or clarification, only written reply can be submitted on payment of charges by the plaintiff or respondent which will be 10% of the original fees charged where minimum charges will be Rs.5000/-
- v) Valuation is a subjective field and opinion may differ from valuer to valuer. To check the right opinion, it is important to evaluate the methodology adopted, assumptions taken and various factors/ basis considered during the course of assessment before reaching to any conclusion.
- w) At the outset, it is to be noted that Value analysis of any asset cannot be regarded as an exact science and the conclusions arrived at in many cases will, of necessity, be subjective and dependent on the exercise of individual judgment. Given the same set of facts and using the same assumptions, expert opinions may differ due to the number of separate judgment decisions, which have to be made. Therefore, there can be no standard formulae to establish an indisputable exchange ratio.

In the event of a transaction, the actual transaction value achieved may be higher or lower than our indicative analysis of value depending upon the circumstances of the transaction. The knowledge, negotiability and motivations of the buyers and sellers and the applicability of a discount or premium for control will also affect actual price achieved. Accordingly, our indicative analysis of value will not necessarily be the price at which any agreement proceeds. The final transaction price is something on which the parties themselves have to agree.

However, our Valuation analysis can definitely help the stakeholders to make them informed and wise decision about the Value of the asset and can help in facilitating the arm's length transaction.



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M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



	DECLAR	ATION
1.	Corporate Debtor.  2) The information furnished herein is tr  3) During of the course of execution of th and operational support from R.K. As	y direct/indirect interest in the above Company/ rue and correct to the best of Valuer's knowledge. his assignment, I have taken infrastructure, logistical, associates Valuers & Techno Engineering consultants aluation has been conducted independently by me in
2.	Report Prepared:  Report Prepared By:  R.K. ASSOCIATES VALUERS & TECHNO ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS (P) LTD.  Report Prepared For:  IDBI BANK, D-WING, IDBI TOWER, CUFFE PARADE, MUMBAI	Signature of the Valuers Value
3.	Enclosed Documents	<ul> <li>Non-current Financial Assets</li> <li>Inventories</li> <li>Trade Receivables</li> <li>Cash &amp; Cash equivalents and Bank Balance</li> <li>Current Financial Assets and Tax Assets</li> <li>Other Current Assets</li> </ul>
4.	Total Number of Pages in the Report with ANNEXUREs	46
5.	Financial Analyst Team worked on the report	PREPARED BY: Mrs. Chhavi Toshan  REVIEWED BY: Mr. Gaurav Kumar

For R.K Associates Valuers & Techno

Place :

NOIDA

Engineering Consultants (P) Ltd.

Date :

5<sup>th</sup> August 2022

(Authorized Signatory)

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## SECURITIES OR FINANCIAL ASSETS VALUATION REPORT M/S NAGARJUNA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



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R. K. Associates Important Disclaimer and Remarks are integral part of this report and Feasibility assessment is subject to this section. Reader of the report is advised to read all the points mentioned in these sections carefully.

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## ANNEXURE I - NON CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Items	Trial Balance	Fair Market Value	Liquidation value (Going concern)	Liquidation value (Piecemeal)	Remarks
Other Financial Assets - Security Deposit	4.75	4.75	3.56	0.95	<ol> <li>The security deposits shown in financial statements can be grouped in two kind of deposits. First other deposits related to various facilities like Electricity deposit, Water deposit, Drip Irrigation, Telephone, Power etc. and second is rental deposits for the various premises taken by the company on rent.</li> <li>Other deposits include deposits with Govt authorities towards various facilities like electricity deposit, water deposit, Drip Irrigation, telephone, power etc. From total of 3.26 Crs. we consider 100% as fair market value because company is ongoing concern and all these facilities have economic value to the company in its operation.</li> <li>In present times it might be the case that for the fresh procurement of these services, new promoter may have to shelve out even more that these deposits as per current rate. However since we do not know about the present security deposit rates and it is not possible to gather this information therefore we are atleast taking these deposits on its face value as it is.</li> <li>In regard to rental deposits, as per the financial statements there are no dues against rental deposits. These rental deposits are for different places taken by the company for office purpose only Since company is ongoing concern and these sites are important to run the</li> </ol>



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Total	4.75	4.75	3.56	0.95	
				Control (control (con	Hence based on that we are considering only 20% liquidation value on piece meal basis.
					the nature of deposits.
					of the view that in such a situation not more than 20% recovery will be possible based on
					Therefore on a general assumption we are
					of rent agreements. However in such In this case company will try to adjust it with the rent dues itself.
					company will be vacating the premises and the liquidator can claim the refund of security deposits subject to condition
					6. Also, rental premises will not be required in piecemeal, therefore
			_		to the contract condition, legality issues and dues of the authority.
					any benefit and recovery of it will be insurmountable task and will be subject
					since business will not be in operation therefore other deposits will not have
					5. During Liquidation on piece meal basis,
					negotiation power of buyer will be more than the seller in liquidation.
					take advantage of the situation and would expect some discount since the
					liquidation on going concern basis we are giving 25% discount since on sentimental grounds buyer would like to
					carry 100% economic value to the business in operation but in case of
					4. Although all these security deposits
					the business purpose.
					rental from time to time. Therefore we are seeing 100% economic value of it for
					to the company in its business. That is why company regularly honoring its
	1.	*			these deposits holds economic benefit



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#### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

- 1. Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the Banker/ Company and the details which they could provide to us on our queries.
- 2. The outstanding are taken from the data provided by the company standing as on 31st March 2022.
- 3. Based on the reason for pendency and comments on recoverability, we have arrived at the valuation based on the assumption that in present situation what is the maximum recoverability can come subject to proper follow-up with the counter parties.
- 4. The recoverability assessed in the potential valuation is subject to rigorous follow-up with individual debtor.
- 5. This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice, based on the details which the company/ Banker could provide to us as per our queries & discussions with the Company officials/ Banker.
- 6. No audit of any kind is performed by us from the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the company/ Banker are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.
- 7. There is no fixed criteria, formula or norm for the Valuation of Current assets It is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from valuer to valuer based on the practicality he analyse in recoveries of outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups and close scrutiny of individual case made by the company/ RP. So our values should not be regarded as any judgment in regard to the recoverability of Current assets

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## ANNEXURE I-A - NON CURRENT SECURITY DEPOSIT AGEING

Date	Particulars	Amount	Tags	Ageing (No of Days)
09.12.2013	Y.S.S. Dattatreya Reddy	4,500	Rental Deposit	3034
Asst. Accts. Officer, E.R.O. Kakinada		2,150	Other Deposit	5300
Asst. Accts. Officer, E.R.O. Kakinada		4,550	Other Deposit	4194
18.04.2014 Asst. Accts. Officer, E.R.O. Kakinada		6,000	Other Deposit	2904
21.06.2018	Asst. Accts. Officer, E.R.O. Kakinada	5,470	Other Deposit	1379
20.12.2007	Asst. Pay & Accts. Officer	2,835,000	Other Deposit	5215
04.09.2006	Accounts Officer (Cash), B.S.N.L.,	61,200	Other Deposit	5687
28.02.2008	The second of th		Other Deposit	5145
10.11.2011	Accounts Officer (Cash), B.S.N.L.,	500	Other Deposit	3794
23.11.2011	Accounts Officer (Cash), B.S.N.L.,	500	Other Deposit	3781
05.05.2014	Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd	3,400	Other Deposit	2522
30.09.2000	Eastern Power Dist. Co. Of Ap Ltd	7,293,300	Other Deposit	7852
05.09.2007			Other Deposit	5321
27.06.2017	Eastern Power Dist. Co. Of Ap Ltd	1,038,000	Other Deposit	1738
31.05.2001	Indian Oil Corporation Ltd	24,000	Other Deposit	7609
31.05.2004	K V Vishnu Raju	350,574	Rental deposit	6509
12.07.2007	K. Lakshmi Raju	8,500,000	Rental deposit	5371
30.09.2016	Sohini Kapoor	1,650,000	Rental deposit	2007
07.11.2016	Mohini Kapoor	420,000	Rental deposit	1969
11.07.2016	Rajeev Kapoor	1,680,000	Rental deposit	2088
11.07.2016	Anuradha Vohra	1,200,000	Rental deposit	2088
31.12.1999	APSEB	1,412,908	Other Deposits	8125
31.08.2002	Elect. Deposit - Calcutta	15,172	Other Deposits	7151
01.04.2011	AO/Cash/Bsnl/Hyderabad	15,000	Other Deposits	4017
10.08.2017	The Fertiliser Association of India	100,000	Other Deposits	1694
31.03.2018	The Senior post Master, Khairatabad	8,736	Other Deposits	1
23.04.2010	Sivam Auto	36,790	Other Deposits	4360
28.09.2012	Central Depository Services (I) Ltd.	150,000	Other Deposits	3471
18.03.2008	BEST	5,000	Other Deposits	5125
23.12.2015	Siddivinayaka Indl. Gases	88,500	Other Deposits	2653alus

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21.07.20111	Superintending Engineer	62,400	Other Deposits	4270
1.06.2012	1.06.2012			200
30.09.2012	AC 600 CO		Other Deposits	3834
31.12.2018	AND COLOREST CONTROL OF THE COLOREST COLOREST CONTROL OF THE COLOREST CO		Other Deposits	1551
10.03.2015 AGM (EBP), O/o CGM Telecom,		10,000 5,743	Other Deposits	2577
19.03.2021	19.03.2021 ICICI Prudential Life Insurance		Other Deposits	377
31.03.2022 The New India Assurance co. Ltd.		100,000	Other Deposits	1
31.03.2022	M.N.V. Prasada Reddy	12,000	Rental deposit	1533
31.03.2022	Vivek Tyagi	90,000	Rental deposit	2152
31.03.2022	Ramakrishna Radhakrishna Atkare	60,000	Rental deposit	1857
31.03.2022	V. Mahalakshmi	15,600	Rental deposit	1660
31.03.2022			Rental deposit	1584
31.03.2022	Chendrasekhar B.N.V.Vs	14,931	Rental deposit	4761
31.03.2022			Rental deposit	5700
31.03.2022			Rental deposit	5700
31.03.2022	Sundara Rao B.N.V.V.S.	20,682 52,494	Rental deposit	5700
31.03.2022	Visweswara Rao.V.	30,000	Rental deposit	5700
31.03.2022	Vuppala Neeraja	61,260	Rental deposit	2815
31.03.2022	Y Virupaksha Gowda	30,000	Rental deposit	3354
31.03.2022	S. Geetha Ranjani	25,000	Rental deposit	5340
31.03.2022	M/S R.K. Enterprises	14,000	Rental deposit	4062
31.03.2022	Deo Prakash Singh	74,000	Rental deposit	1744
31.03.2022	Prakash R Bandi	45,000	Rental deposit	4962
31.03.2022	B. Chatarji	50,000	Rental deposit	4077
31.03.2022	G. Veerabhadra Rao	50,000	Rental deposit	3458
31.03.2022	Yarlagadda Ravi Kumar	25,000	Rental deposit	2527
31.03.2022	Bimal Kumar Panda	60,000	Rental deposit	1118
31.03.2022	Premananda Das	140,000	Rental deposit	469
31.03.2022	Shevantabai Mahadev Sakhare	63,000	Rental deposit	. 106
31.03.2022	Sri Ramakrishna Gas Agency	3,400	Other deposit	2512
31.03.2022	Zuari Agro Chemicals Limited	50,000	Other deposit	1278
31.03.2022	Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers L	125,000	Other deposit	1278
31.03.2022	Deposits With Statutory Authorities	-7782290	Other deposit	180
31.03.2022	Bharat Sanchar Nigam Ltd	3,341	Other deposit	1693
31.03.2022	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O		Other deposit	8126
31.03.2022 National Savings Certificates		115,000	Other deposit	3867
31.03.2022 S. Hanumantha Reddy		13,377	Other deposit	5700
31.03.2022 Visweswara Rao.V.		21,990	Other deposit	5700
31.03.2022	Vuppala Neeraja	6,240	Other deposit	5700
31.03.2022	Ao/Cash/Bsnl/Hyderabad	5,500	Other deposit	577

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31.03.2022	Bharat Sanchar Nigam Limited	5,200	Other deposit	5137
	Avanthi Warehousing Services P	216,000	Other deposit	2808
31.03.2022	Ltd	210,000	Other deposit	24400000
31.03.2022	N.H.R.D.F	15,000	Other deposit	4643
31.03.2022	Annapurna Fertilizer Agency	24,000	Other deposit	45
31.03.2022	Gazebo Logistics Private Limited	8,000	Other deposit	455
31.03.2022	Indo Agro Chemicals	8,000	Other deposit	576
31.03.2022	Shree Govind Krupa Goods Carrier	49,000	Other deposit	455
31.03.2022	Cto Circle 8, Raipur	10,000	Other deposit	3811
31.03.2022	The Dcto, Yanam	25,000	Other deposit	3811
31.03.2022	Cto Circle 5, Bhopal	10,000	Other deposit	3811
31.03.2022	Cto, Jaipur	20,000	Other deposit	3800
31.03.2022	Paradeep Phosphates Ltd	10,000	Other deposit	3104
31.03.2022	Deposits With Statutory Authorities	10,361,300	Other deposit	2197
31.03.2022	Bsnl, Bangalore	500	Other deposit	2922
31.03.2022	Acct, Gujarat State	45,000	Other deposit	3376
31.03.2022	Ao/Cash/Bsnl/Hyderabad	3,000	Other Deposits	4538 & 4233
31.03.2022	The Mp State Agro Indus. Dev. Co	20,000	Other Deposits	2851
31.03.2022	Financial Controller, J.K. State	25,000	Other Deposits	4391
31.03.2022	Assistant Director(Accounts-1)	100,000	Other Deposits	4390
31.03.2022	Chief Engineer, Aed , Chennai	20,000	Other Deposits	3030
31.03.2022	Director of Agriculture	150,000	Other Deposits	5794
31.03.2022	Malegaon SSK	50,000	Other Deposits	5843
31.03.2022	Commissioner of Horticulture P	64,000	Other Deposits	5843
31.03.2022	Department of Sericulture	25,000	Other Deposits	5843
31.03.2022	M.P. State Agro Development Co	20,000	Other Deposits	3252
31.03.2022	M.D.C.G. Rajyabeejevam Krishi V	450,000	Other Deposits	1707 & 1155
31.03.2022	Sao/Opc/Rrn/Gunrock/Secundera b	1,332,600	Other Deposits	4748 & 3584 &3235
31.03.2022	Ao/ Cash/ Trichy, Bsnl	5,625	Other Deposits	4177
31.03.2022	Sao/Operation/Medak Circle, Ap	187,500	Other Deposits	2922
31.03.2022	Sao/ Cpdcl/Habsiguda, Hyderaba	551,600	Other Deposits	3218 & 2745
31.03.2022	Dee/Op/Apcpdcl/Sangareddy	675,000	Other Deposits	2192
31.03.2022	Sr. ACCOUNTS OFFICER, TSSPDCL,	1,215,077	Other Deposits	2358 & 1289
31.03.2022	The Comptoller, Tnau, Coimbatore	20,000	Other Deposits	1094
31.03.2022	Haryana Horticulture	100,000	Other Deposits	1661 & 1659
31.03.2022	The M.P State Agro Industries	40,000	Other Deposits	1595
31.03.2022	Sanchalak Rajya Krishi Vistar	200,000	Other Deposits	1300
31.03.2022	The Chief Engineer(AE), Agricu	15,000	Other Deposits	1008
31.03.2022	Ao/Cash/Bsnl/Hyderabad	3,000	Other Deposits	3287
31.03.2022	Electricity Deposit-Gseb	1,465,552	Other Deposits	3287

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31.03.2022	Madhya Gujarat Vij Company Lim	2,330,381	Other Deposits	2798 /2318/ 2095/2023
31.03.2022	Fa & Cca, Cpdcl, Mint Compound	232,400	Other Deposits	2752
31.03.2022	Veeraiah Obulammpalle	7,000	Rental deposit	1723
31.03.2022	Maharastra Hybrid Seeds Company	36,000	Rental deposit	2337
31.03.2022	Bhramaramba Kurapati	12,000	Rental deposit	1885
31.03.2022	Krishma Rakesh Patel	16,000	Rental deposit	35

#### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

- 1. Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the Banker/ Company and the details which they could provide to us on our queries.
- 2. The outstanding are taken from the data provided by the company standing as on 31st March 2022.
- Based on the reason for pendency and comments on recoverability, we have arrived at the valuation based on the assumption that in present situation what is the maximum recoverability can come subject to proper follow-up with the counter parties.
- 4. The recoverability assessed in the potential valuation is subject to rigorous follow-up with individual debtor.
- 5. This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice, based on the details which the company/ Banker could provide to us as per our queries & discussions with the Company officials/ Banker
- 6. No audit of any kind is performed by us from the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the company/ Banker are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.

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#### ANNEXURE II - INVENTORY

		5 5 8			VVENTORY	
						Details as on 31st January 2022
S. No	Items	Trial Balanc e	Fair Market Value	Liquidati on value (Going concern)	Liquidation value (Piecemeal)	Remarks
				concern		(Figures in INR Crores)
1	Raw Material	4.54	3.80	3.80	1.36	<ol> <li>(Figures in INR Crores)</li> <li>Raw material includes 0.16 Crs. neem oil and water and which are regularly being consumed for both the plants.</li> <li>Company is not operating its micro Irrigation business due to lack of working capital. However company still have raw material for the same. Rs 0.83 Crs. of raw material has ageing of more than 2 years. Therefore we cannot consider its 100% value. This raw material includes drippers which are made of metal. Therefore we are considering its scrap value as 20% as fair market value.</li> <li>Rs. 0.37 Crs of raw material has ageing of less than 2 years. This raw material includes DEPD, LEPD, Lin Dripper, Superlin Dripper, Polymer Processing Aid, CDL Labyrinth Dripper etc, its average shelf life is less than 2 years. So if company will restart this business above material can give economic benefit to the company. Therefore we are considering 80% of this material as fair market value.</li> <li>In this book value company received 3.18 Crs raw material on Job work basis to process and deliver back the processed material to the customer. But</li> </ol>



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						<ul> <li>5. In case of liquidation on going concern basis we are giving 30% discount on the book value since the company is currently operational. And we are assume that it will come out from its financial stress and expand its operations in future. Hence its value would be same as fair market value.</li> <li>6. In case of liquidation on piecemeal basis, since business will not be in operation therefore to sell out this material will be very challenging task and very specific to the same business. Hence we are giving 30% of the book value.</li> </ul>
						<ol> <li>Work in progress goods given in the financial statements are used by the company since the company is currently running its business. Company will use its WIP for the production. If the material got damaged by any means like leakage (in case of gas) or waste, it is not practically possible to measure that damage. Hence we are considering 90% as FMV of the book value.</li> </ol>
2	Vork in rogress	4.46	4.01	4.01	0.89	In case of liquidation on going concern basis we are considering 10% reasonable quality discount on the book value basis the plants running condition and company will use its inventory to make final product.  3. In case of liquidation on piecemeal
						basis, business will not be in operation. And WIP material will not be of any use because of the chemicals and gasses used in the process of urea. Therefore it is difficult to get benefit and recovery of it will be insurmountable task. Therefore we are giving only 80% discount to calculate liquidation value on piece meal basis.

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3	Finished Goods and Stock In Transit - Manufac tured goods	18.44	16.59	16.59	3.03	<ol> <li>Finished goods include urea, as well as by products of urea (Actin, Dormulin, Akre - C Plex, ZETA+, Proventus, Rhizomyco, Bio Granules, Amino Acids, Nitro Benzne, BT Nutri, Bio Protinier, Nagarjuna Wonder(Gr), Ecolaid Prime etc). Since the company is currently running its plants and earning the revenue.</li> <li>Total revenue has two parts 15% as market collection and 85% as Subsidy, at current pool gas prices. Subsidy becomes eligible once Urea is sold to farmer and recorded in e-POS machine and paid based on weekly submission of Invoices to GOI and budget availability. So company has given these subsidy dues in its liabilities. Therefore whatever amount is given in the current asset side it would be the market collection.</li> <li>Here one more discussion point is that bulk urea must be stored in closed, dry and ventilated warehouses. Because urea is very sensitive to temperature and humidity. Therefore we are considering its fair market value as 90% of the book value.</li> <li>Finished goods carry 100% economic value to the business in operation but in case of liquidation on going concern basis we are giving 10% discount since urea is perishable in nature and good can be damaged.</li> <li>In case of liquidation on piecemea basis, since business will not be in operation, finished good less than 1 year of ageing will carry 100% value finished good less than 1 year of ageing</li> </ol>
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					value, finished good more than 2 years of ageing will carry 0 value.
					<ol> <li>Traded goods include urea, as well as by products of urea (Actin, Dormulin, Akre - C Plex, ZETA+, Proventus, Rhizomyco, Bio Granules, Amino Acids, Nitro Benzne, BT Nutri, Bio Protinier, Nagarjuna Wonder(Gr), Ecolaid Prime etc). Here the company is currently running its plants and earning the revenue.</li> </ol>
4 Trade good	9.90	7.92	7.92	4.95	2. Traded goods also includes those goods which are not manufactured in the company. Also During the transport of the traded goods there may be damaged packaging or leaky material which are not suitable for sale. Therefore we are considering its fair market value as 80% of the book value.
					3. Traded goods carry 100% economic value to the business in operation but in case of liquidation on going concern basis we are giving 20% discount since urea is perishable in nature and goods can be damaged.
					4. In case of liquidation on piecemeal basis, since business will not be in operation, and keep in mind the ageing of the material it would be difficult to sell these materials. Hence we have consider the piecemeal value to be at 50% of the book value.
5 Pack	ing 1.78	1.78	1.60	0.18	In case of fertilizer products, packing material in most of the cases would be bags. Bags cannot get damage easily and it can be reused in case of obsolete. Therefore we are considering its fair market value as 100% of the book value.
					In case of liquidation on going concern     basis we are considering 10%      Page 26 of 46

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						respectively.
7	Loose tools	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	These assets are used in various steps of the production process and carry 100% economic value to the business in operation and therefore these material are vital for the conversion of raw materials into finished goods.  Hence 100% value has been taken into consideration for Fair market value, Going concern value and piecemeal value
				5 1		Hence 100% value has been taken into consideration for Fair market value, Going concern value and piecemeal value respectively.
6	Stores and Spares	7.27	7.27	7.27	7.27	These assets are used in various steps of the production process and carry 100% economic value to the business in operation and therefore these material are vital for the conversion of raw materials into finished goods.
						reasonable quality discount on the book value basis the fact that the for packing materials there may be changes in MRP printed on the bags of various products as well as ageing factor (More than 2 years) of the material.  3. In case of liquidation on piecemeal basis, business will not be in operation. So we are considering scrap value of the packing materials because these bags have company name on it. So it cannot be used for other business purpose. Therefore we are considering 10% of the book value.

#### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

1. Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the Liquidator/ RP/ Corporate Debtor and the details which they could provide to us on our queries.

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- 2. This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice, based on the details which the Liquidator/ RP/ Corporate Debtor provided to us as per our queries & discussions with the Liquidator/ RP/ Corporate Debtor.
- 3. No audit of any kind is performed by us for the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the Liquidator/ RP/ Corporate Debtor are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.
- 4. There is no fixed criteria, formula or norm for the Valuation of Securities or Financial Assets. It is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from valuer to valuer based on the practicality he/she analyses in recoveries of outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups, and close scrutiny of individual case made by the Liquidator / RP / Corporate Debtor. So, our values should not be regarded as any judgment in regard to the recoverability of Securities or Financial Assets.



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## ANNEXURE III - TRADE RECEIVABLES

E INS		e a construction	W 12 11	TRADE RE	CEIVABLES	
					THE STREET STREET	Details as on 31st March 2022
S.No.	Items	Trial Balance	Fair Market Value	Liquidation value (Going concern)	Liquidation value (Piecemeal)	Remarks
						(Figures in INR Crores)
1	Unsecured - Considered good	459.10	15.75	7.88	3.15	As per the information provided by the client or company:  1. The dues amounting INR 442.79 Crs is part of subsidy receivable, which is to be adjusted against the Gas Pool Dues and Gas Supplies Dues and hence cannot be considered as current assets.  2. Due to the transfer of eNAM project to another vendor, who has invested the resources to fulfil the contractual obligations of NFCL. As agreed INR 0.56 Cr is payable to the vendor.  3. After adjusting for the above dues, the remaining value of INR 15.75 Cr is considered as Fair Market Value.  4. We have no information regarding the terms and conditions under which sales were made, period of pendency, status of the recovery procedures of these outstanding receivables etc. Therefore in case of liquidation (going concern), we have considered 50% of fair market value.  Recovery of these receivables will be insurmountable task for the client. Therefore, in case of liquidation (Piecemeal), we have considered 20% of fair market value.  1. This asset includes Rs 3.18 Crs of
2	Which have significant	41.81	21.61	6.48	2.16	receivables less than 6 months, Rs 0.43 Crs of receivables 6 months to 1

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		n and confirmation land
Increase in Credit Risk		year, Rs 9.88 Crs of receivables less than 2 years, Rs 15.33 Crs of receivables less than 3 years and 12.36 Crs of receivables are more than 3 years. Hence for 6 months of ageing we are considering 100% of recovery, for 6 months to 1 year of ageing we consider 90% of recovery, for less than 2 years of ageing we are considering 80% of recovery, for less than 3 years of ageing we are considering 50% of recovery and for more than 3 years of ageing we are considering 20% of recovery. So fair market value will be calculated accordingly.
		2. In case of liquidation on going concern basis, company will be running its operations. Therefore the receivables from Urea and other products division, majority of receivables (presently urea is being sold on cash basis / few days credit basis in case of non-season) are from urea products. However we have no information about the nature of these receivables, like: terms and conditions under which sales were made, period of pendency, status of the recovery procedures of these outstanding receivables etc. Therefore in case of liquidation on going concern basis, we will consider 30% of fair market value.
		3. In case of liquidation on piecemeal basis, business will not be in operation. Therefore the recovery of receivables will be challenging task and will be subject to the ageing. Therefore on a general assumption we think that in such a situation not more than 10% recovery will be possible. Therefore based on that we

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	Total	484.93	62.47	26.91	11.59	
4	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	78.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	We have not received any document supporting regarding the said provision from company. Hence we have not considered in its value.
		563.68	62.47	26.91	11.59	
3	Credit Impaired	62.77	25.11	12.55	6.28	Credit impaired are those assets whose recoverable amount is less than the carrying cost, their chances of recoverability is very low.  We have no information about the nature of these receivables, like terms and conditions under which sales were made, period of pendency, status of the recovery procedures of these outstanding receivables etc.  Therefore, we have considered farmarket value, liquidation (Goin Concern) and liquidation (Piecemeal) to be 40%, 20% and 10% respectively.
						are considering only 10% liquidation value on piece meal basis.

#### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

- Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the Banker/ Company and the details which they
  could provide to us on our queries.
- 2. The outstanding are taken from the data provided by the company standing as on 31st March 2022.

  3. Based on the reason for pendency and comments on recoverability, we have arrived at the valuation based on the assumption that in present situation what is the maximum recoverability can come subject to proper follow-up with the counter parties.
- 3. This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice, based on the details which the company/ Banker could provide to us as per our queries & discussions with the Company officials/ Banker.
- 4. No audit of any kind is performed by us from the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the company/ Banker are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.
- 5. There is no fixed criteria, formula or norm for the Valuation of Current assets It is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from valuer to valuer based on the practicality he analyze in recoveries of outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups and close scrutiny of individual case made by the company/ RP. So our values should not be regarded as any judgment in regard to the recoverability of Current assets.

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## ANNEXURE III-A - TRADE RECEIVABLES AGEING

		TRAD	E RECEIVABLES A	AGEING			
					Detail	ls as on 31st M	arch 2022
						(Figures in II	VR Crores)
S. NO	Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	Less than 2 years	Less than 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
1	Subsidy Receivable- Manufacturing Urea (Gas Pool and Gas supply dues as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022 is Rs 662.88 Crs, Net dues to GAIL is Rs 220.09 Crs)	442.79	-	-	( <del>-</del>	-	442.79
2	Other Receivables	3.81	0.43	9.88	15.33	12.36	41.81
	Total	446.6	`0.43	9.88	15.33	12.36	484.93

#### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

- 1. Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the Banker/ Company and the details which they could provide to us on our queries.
- 2. The outstanding are taken from the data provided by the company standing as on 31st March 2022.
- 3. Based on the reason for pendency and comments on recoverability, we have arrived at the valuation based on the assumption that in present situation what is the maximum recoverability can come subject to proper follow-up with the counter parties.
- 4. The recoverability assessed in the potential valuation is subject to rigorous follow-up with individual debtor.
- This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice, based on the details which the company/ Banker could provide to us as per our queries & discussions with the Company officials/ Banker.
- 6. No audit of any kind is performed by us from the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the company/ Banker are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.
- 7. There is no fixed criteria, formula or norm for the Valuation of Current assets It is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from valuer to valuer based on the practicality he analyse in recoveries of outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups and close scrutiny of individual case made by the company/ RP. So our values should not be regarded as any judgment in regard to the recoverability of Current assets.

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# ANNEXURE IV - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND BANK BALANCES

Sec. of			CASH AND	CASH EQUIV	ALENTS AND BA	ANK BALANCES
				dilibra (tripicale) sultan. In this light		Details as on 31st March 2022
S. No.	Items	Trial Balance	Fair Market Value	Liquidation value (Going concern)	Liquidation value (Piecemeal)	Remarks
						(Figures in INR crores)
1	& Cash Equivalent Accounts	20.97	5.22	5.22	5.22	<ol> <li>As per information provided by client / company priority charge is already with GAIL for the entire subsidy amount including the amount Rs 18.75 Crs, which was subsidy paid to NFCL on priority basis for restart of 2nd plant so cannot be considered as current asset. Hence after adjustment 2.22 Crs would be the fair market value. Refer below mentioned table and see the adjusted value of Rs 3 Crs would be added back to 2.22 Crs. And Fair market value would be 5.22 Crs.</li> <li>In case of liquidation on going concern basis, business will be in operation, therefore we keep in mind the same reasoning as above, hence whatever comes after adjustments we will consider that amount as it is for Going Concern Value.</li> <li>In case of liquidation on piecemeal basis, business will not be in operation. However in this situation, bank balance of the company will be the same, it will not be affected. Hence in case of piecemeal also the adjustments will take place and whatever amount comes in the current account, we will consider that amount as it is for piecemeal value.</li> </ol>
2	Cash on hand	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	As per the cash certificates provided by the company, the amount given under the head cash on hand is matched. Hence we

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						have consider fair market value, Going Concern Value and piecemeal value to be at 100% of the book value.
	Total	21.12	5.37	5.37	5.37	
ank	Balance (Oth	er Than Ca	sh & Cash	Equivalents)		
1	Margin Money Deposits	2.29	2.29	2.29	2.29	Margin money deposits means that while issuing the guarantee bank asks the client to deposit some money by way of fixed deposit as a counter security.  Hence we have consider fair market value Going Concern Value and piecemeal value to be at 100% of the book value.
2	Amount in earmarke d account for payment to a creditor as per High Court Orders	20.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	<ol> <li>An arbitration award was given against the company by a London Court of international arbitration for breach of contract in favor of a foreign supplier M/s Key Trade. The Hon'ble High Court of Telangana directed to earmark at amount of Rs 20 Crores. Accordingly the banks IDBI and SBI (Rs 14 crore and Rs 6 crores respectively) have to pay Rs 20 Crores amounts in favor of Key trade. Hence fair market value would be 0.17 Crs.</li> <li>And for 0.17 Crs, we have not received any document/ supporting regarding the said bank balance. This bank balance will be the same in both the cases i.e. liquidation on going concert basis and liquidation on piecemests. Therefore we have considered.</li> </ol>
						Going Concern Value and piecemed value to be at 100% of the adjusted value.
	Total	22.47	2.47	2.47	2.47	

#### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

- Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the company/ Banker and the details which they
  could provide to us on our queries.
- 2. This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice, based on the details which the company/ Banker provided to us as per our queries & discussions with the company officials/ Banker.
- 3. No audit of any kind is performed by us for the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the company/ Banker are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.

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4. There is no fixed criteria, formula or norm for the Valuation of Current assets It is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from value to value based on the practicality he/she analyze in recoveries of outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups and close scrutiny of individual case made by the company/ Banker. So our values should not be regarded as any judgment in regard to the recoverability of Current assets.

Below table shows only those current accounts in which there is difference in B/S value and Actual value. Also for some accounts company did not provide any supportive documents.

(In INR Lakhs)

		(III IIVIT EURIIS)			
Bank Details	As on 31-03-2022 in B/S	Actual amount As on 31-03-2022	Difference in balance	Remark Statement	
IDBI, Current A/c no.0133103000010803	2,339.33	2367.28	27. <mark>9</mark> 5	Verified by Bank statement	
IDBI, CA.0093103000000639	18.33	18.36	0.03	Verified by Bank statement	
IDBI, 0004103000067102	0.03	0.07	0.03	Verified by Bank statement	
IDBI, 133103000000268	3.80	2.51	(1.29)	(Bank Reconciliation Statement) BRS Issue	
SBH Narim <mark>an P</mark> oint B <mark>omb</mark> ay	0.19	-	(0.19)	Company did not provide any supportive document.	
SBI (POS machines) CAG Br, A/c No.36279	4.70		(4.70)	Company did not provide any supportive document.	
Corporation Bank Collection clearing A/c	(5.19)	-	5.19	Company did no provide and supportive document.	
SBI-IFB Clearing A/c	(90.55)	-	90.55	Company did no provide and supportive document.	
Corporation Bank -RTGS Account	(8.44)	AT.	8.44	Company did no provide and supportive document.	
SBI Nacharam CC 30382636479 A/C	615.00	774.20	174.20	Verified by Ban statement	
Total Adjustment	TELER PLANT		300.21		



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# ANNEXURE V - OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS AND TAX ASSETS

40	OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS AND TAX ASSETS								
S. No.	Items	Trial Balance	Fair Market Value	Liquidation value (Going concern)	Liquidation value (Piecemeal)	Details as on 31st March 2022  Remarks			
						(Figures in INR crores)			
1	Interest Accrued on Deposits and advances	0.82	0.65	0.41	0.25	1. We have not receive any documents from company / client regarding this asset. So here in general Circumstances Company must had landed these deposits and advance to government and trust worthy organizations. However recoverability of these interest will depends upon factors like terms and condition of the contract, ageing of the deposits, legality of the same. Therefore we are considering its fair market value as 80% of the book value.  2. During Liquidation, other deposits will not have any benefit and recovery of it will be insurmountable task and will be subject to the contract condition, legality issues and dues of the authority. In case of liquidation on going concern basis, we are considering it as 50% of the book value and for Liquidation (Piecemeal) we are considering it as 30% of the book value.			
2	Unbilled Revenue	6.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	<ol> <li>Due to the transfer of e-NAM project to another vendor, who has invested the resources to fulfil the contractual obligations of NFCL. As agreed INR 6.26 Cr is payable to the vendor. So after the adjustment the fair market value would be zero.</li> <li>The fact about eNAM project will also apply in case of going concern and</li> </ol>			

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3 Security Deposit 0.53	0.53	0.40	0.11	piecemeal. Hence we will not assign any value to going concern and piecemeal.  1. The Current security deposits shown in financial statements is other deposits related to various facilities like Electricity deposit, Water deposit, Drip Irrigation, Telephone, Power etc.  2. Other deposits include deposits with Govt authorities towards various facilities like electricity deposit, water deposit, Drip Irrigation, telephone, power etc. From total of 0.53 Crs. we consider 100% as fair market value because company is ongoing concern and all these facilities have economic value to the company in its operation. In present times it might be the case that for the fresh procurement of these services, new promoter may have to shelve out even more that these deposits as per current rate.  However since we do not know about the present security deposit rates and it is not possible to gather this information therefore we are atleast taking these deposits on its face value as it is.
3 0.53	0.53	0.40	0.11	and all these facilities have economic value to the company in its operation. In present times it might be the case that for the fresh procurement of these services, new promoter may have to shelve out even more that these deposits as per current rate.  However since we do not know about the present security deposit rates and it is not possible to gather this information therefore we are atleast taking these deposits on its face value

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						authority. Therefore based on that we are considering only 20% liquidation
						value on piece meal basis.  We have no information regarding the
4	Other Receivabl es	0.01	0.005	0.001	0.000	terms and conditions under which sales were made, period of pendency, status of the recovery procedures of these outstanding receivables etc. Hence in this scenario, we are assuming fair value to be 50% of outstanding amount.  Here the liquidator will not get economic benefit of these receivables because recovery of these receivables will be insurmountable task for them, therefore we consider Going Concern Value to be at 15% and piecemeal value to be 5% of fair market value.
	Total	7.61	1.18	0.80	0.35	
Curr	ent Tax Asset	20.50	2.20	0.00		
Cuii						the state of the s
1	Advance Income Tax	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.63	We have not received any document/supporting regarding the status of the Income Tax. However the amount belongs to last financial year advance tax i.e. 2021-22. In general circumstances the amount of income tax that is paid much in advance rather than a lump-sum payment at the year-end is advance income tax. This amount belong to government so it is fully recoverable.  Hence we have consider fair market value, Going Concern Value and piecemeal value to be at 100% of the book value.

#### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

- Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the banker/ company and the details which they
  could provide to us on our queries.
- 2. All the notes on the current status of amount recovery are given by company/ banker. Notes and data provided by company/ banker has been relied upon in good faith on the basis of which independent potential value assessment of the Current assets has been carried out.
- 3. For the basis of arriving at the Value of each Current assets, please refer to the specific annexure.

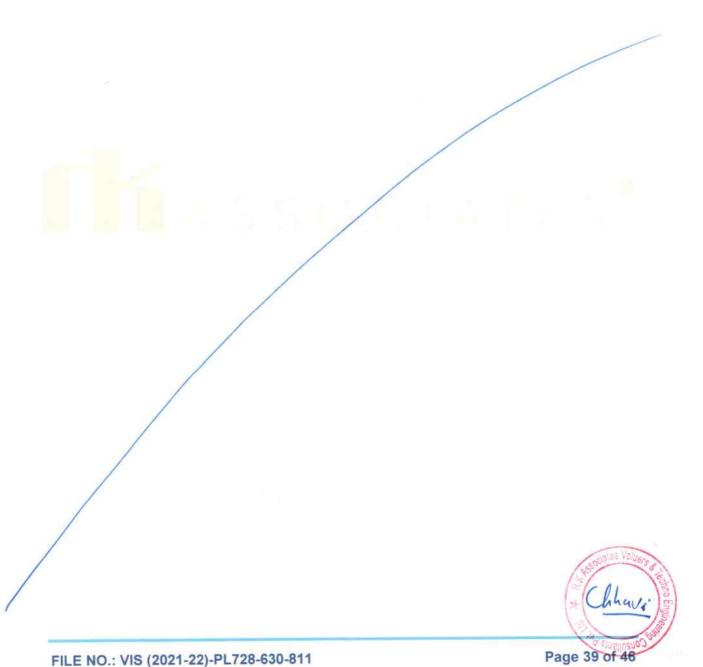
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- 4. This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice based on the details which the company/ banker could provide to us as per our queries & discussions held during the course of the assessment and further opinion made by us based on the available information and facts on record.
- 5. Valuation of Current assets is more of a kind of an assessment based on the Industry practice and an assumption based on the facts & verbal discussion carried out with the company officials/ banker that what is the minimum amount can be recovered out of the receivables, loans & advances, etc.
- 6. No audit of any kind is performed by us from the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/ information/input/ details provided to us by the company/ banker are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.



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## ANNEXURE V-A - CURRENT SECURITY DEPOSIT AGEING

Document Date	Particulars	Amount	Tags	Ageing (No of Days)
31.12.1999	Mandal Revenue Officer	500,000	Security Deposit	8126
31.12.1999	Mandal Revenue Officer	4,000,000	Security Deposit	8126
31.12.2021	The Oriental Insurance Co	57,056	Security Deposit	90
02.02.2022	The Oriental Insurance Co Ltd.,	(12,965)	Security Deposit	57
10.03.2006	Bhuruka Gases Ltd	18,000	Security Deposit	5865
21.02.2008	Bhuruka Gases Ltd	16,000	Security Deposit	5152
01.09.2001	Venkataramana Agencies	10,000	Security Deposit	7516
01.03.2022	J.D. Enterprises	5,065	Security Deposit	30
25.02.2022	Ramky Enviro Engineers Ltd.	200,000	Security Deposit	34
17.03.2021	New India Assurance Co.	28,803	Security Deposit	2
31.03.2019	National Insurance Co., Ltd.,	47,565	Security Deposit	1096
30.09.2019	ICICI Lombard General Insurance co. Ltd.	245,059	Security Deposit	913
Bajaj Allianz Insurance co., 30.01.2010 Ltd.,		4,847	Security Deposit	4443
01.12.2019	Exide Life Insurance Co., Ltd.,	148,049	Security Deposit	821

#### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

- Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the banker/ company and the details which they
  could provide to us on our queries.
- 2. All the notes on the current status of amount recovery are given by company/ banker. Notes and data provided by company/ banker has been relied upon in good faith on the basis of which independent potential value assessment of the Current assets has been carried out.
- 3. For the basis of arriving at the Value of each Current assets, please refer to the specific annexure.

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- 4. This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice based on the details which the company/ banker could provide to us as per our queries & discussions held during the course of the assessment and further opinion made by us based on the available information and facts on record.
- 5. Valuation of Current assets is more of a kind of an assessment based on the Industry practice and an assumption based on the facts & verbal discussion carried out with the company officials/ banker that what is the minimum amount can be recovered out of the receivables, loans & advances, etc.
- 6. No audit of any kind is performed by us from the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the company/ banker are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.



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## ANNEXURE VI - OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

				OTHER CURR	ENT ASSETS	
S. No.	Items	Trial Balance	Fair Market Value	Liquidation value (Going concern)	Liquidation value (Piecemeal)	Details as on 31st March 2022  Remarks
						(Figures in INR Crores)
	Unsecured, considered good	51.90	46.24	23.12	9.25	1. NFCL is having Unutilized Accumulated ITC amount under GST law of Rs. 47.26 Crores as on 31-03-2022 as per the Audited Financial Statements and Books of Account. Since this amount can be claimed from GST authorities except some part of this amount will be utilized towards output tax. Therefore we are giving 10% discount on book value.  Hence we have consider fair market value as 90% of book value.  2. As per the information provided by company, Rs 4.64 Crores advances made towards railway freight for the movement of goods in the 1st week of April 22, IT related services, and insurance, others and the same will be settled. Company is currently operating its plants so it will get the economic benefit of these advances. Therefore we will consider 80% of these advances as fair market value.  3. In case of liquidation on going concern basis, the business will be in operation. Therefore company can claimed from GST authorities as well as company will take the

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					economic benefit of the advances. In case of liquidation on going concern basis we are giving 50% discount because recovery of these receivables will be insurmountable task for them. For Liquidation (Piecemeal), business will not be in operation and company will not be able to take the economic benefit of the advances.  Hence, we will consider piecemeal value as 20% value of the fair market value.
					1. As per the information provided by the company, these unsecured advances, considered doubtful, made towards railway freight, IT related services, insurance and others. Because company will get the economic benefits of the advances and keep in mind that these are unsecured doubtful advances, hence in this scenario, we are assuming fair value to be 80% of outstanding amount.
Unsecured, considered doubtful	3.62	2.90	1.45	0.72	<ol> <li>In case of liquidation on going concern basis, the business will be in operation. Therefore the same reasoning we will consider here as we have consider for the fair market value. However the owner of the company will change therefore we are giving 30% discount on the book value. Hence we are considering Going Concern Value to be at 40% of the book value.</li> <li>In case of liquidation on piecemeal basis, business will not</li> </ol>
					piecemeal basis, business will not be in operation. Company will not be able to take the economic

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Less: Provision for Doubtful advances	3.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	benefit of the advances. However recovery of it will be challenging task and will be subject to the contract condition, legality issues and dues of the authority. Therefore based on that we are considering only 20% liquidation value on piece meal basis.  We have not received any document/ supporting regarding the said provision. Hence we have not considered its value.
Total	51.90	49.14	24.57	9.97	
2 Prepaid Expenses	7.59	6.83	3.80	1.52	<ol> <li>As per company Rs 7.59 Crores of prepaid expenses are related to insurance premium paid for various policies and GAIL bank guarantee charges recovered by Bank for a period of one year, so grouped under prepaid expenses, but these are the future adjustments so we will not consider it. Here company will get the economic benefits of these expenses and keep in mind that these expenses are paid in advances, hence in this scenario, we are assuming fair value to be 60% of outstanding amount.</li> <li>In case of liquidation on going concern basis, the business will be in operation. Therefore the same reasoning as we will consider here as we have consider for the fair market value. However the owner of the company will change therefore we are giving 20% discount on the book value. Hence we are considering Going Concern Value to be at 50% of the book value.</li> </ol>

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	Total	59.59	56.03	28.47	11.59	
3	Balance with Government Authorities	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	authorities towards various facilities so this amount will be fully recovered. Here company will also enjoy the economic benefit of these balances. Hence we have consider fair market value and Going Concern Value to be at 100% of the book value.  2. In case of liquidation on piecemeal basis, business will not be in operation. Even then the amount will be fully recovered because it is made against Govt. authorities. So here also the piecemeal value would be at 100% of the book value.
						piecemeal basis, business will not be in operation. Company will not be able to take the economic benefit of the expenses. However recovery of it will be challenging task and will be subject to the contract condition, legality issues and dues of the authority  4. Therefore based on that we are considering only 20% liquidation value on piece meal basis.  1. These balances made with Govt
						3. In case of liquidation or

#### **REMARKS & NOTES:-**

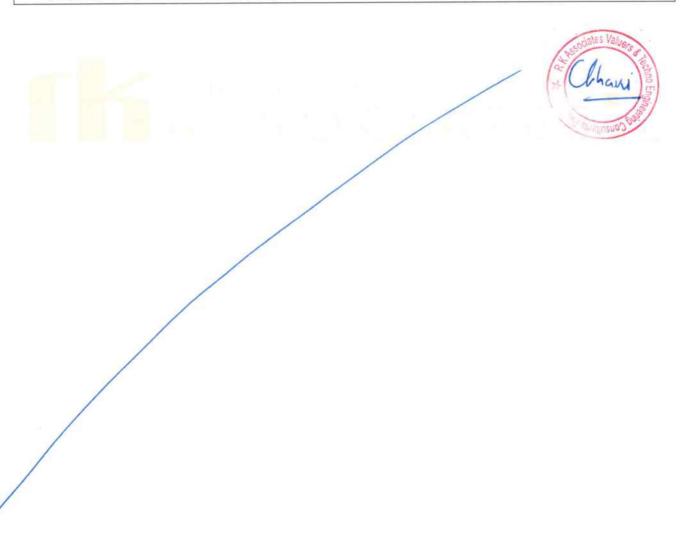
- 1. Assessment is done based on the discussions done with the banker/ company and the details which they could provide to us on our queries.
- 2. All the notes on the current status of amount recovery are given by company/ banker. Notes and data provided by company/ banker has been relied upon in good faith on the basis of which independent potential value assessment of the Current assets has been carried out.
- 3. For the basis of arriving at the Value of each Current assets, please refer to the specific annexure.



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- 4. This is just a general assessment on the basis of general Industry practice based on the details which the company/ banker could provide to us as per our queries & discussions held during the course of the assessment and further opinion made by us based on the available information and facts on record.
- 5. Valuation of Current assets is more of a kind of an assessment based on the Industry practice and an assumption based on the facts & verbal discussion carried out with the company officials/ banker that what is the minimum amount can be recovered out of the receivables, loans & advances, etc.
- 6. No audit of any kind is performed by us from the books of account or ledger statements and all this data/ information/ input/ details provided to us by the company/ banker are taken as is it on good faith that these are factually correct information.
- 7. There are no fixed criteria, formula or norm for the Valuation of Current assets, it is purely based on the individual assessment and may differ from valuer to valuer based on the practicality he/ she analyses in recoveries of outstanding dues. Ultimate recovery depends on efforts, extensive follow-ups, and close scrutiny of individual case made by the company/banker. So our values should not be regarded as any judgment in regard to the recoverability of Current assets.



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