

#### Independent Auditor's Report on Consolidated Financial Statements of Sintex-BAPL Limited for the financial year ended 31.03.2021

To The Members of **Sintex-BAPL Limited** (CIN: U25199GJ2007PLC051364)

#### **Opinion**

We have audited Statements the accompanying Consolidated Financial of Sintex BAPL Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group" as mentioned in Annexure to this report), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit & loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries as were audited by the other auditors and based on management certified accounts for entities where an external auditor was not mandated. except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March 2021, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

We conducted our audit of Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities

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T: 91 79 40 370370 F: 91 79 40 370376 E: pipara@pipara.com info@pipara.com www.pipara.com under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for qualified opinion.

- The Subsidiary of the holding company, Sintex Holdings BV, had incorporated a 100% subsidiary in the United Kingdom (UK) under the name of Sintex Holding UK Limited (thereby being a step down subsidiary of the Holding Company), which was granted its certificate of incorporation on 12<sup>th</sup> July, 2019. The said subsidiary, although having a capital of GBP 1, was not reported as a step down subsidiary in the previous financial year.
  - Subsequently, the said step down subsidiary filed for strike off which was given a final gazette notification on  $2^{nd}$  June, 2020.
- 2. We draw attention to the following qualification to the audit opinion on the financial statements of M/s BAPL Rototech Private Limited, a subsidiary of the Holding Company, issued by an independent firm M/s ASP & Co Chartered Accountants, for not appointing an independent director as required by the Companies Act, 2013, vide its Report dated 26.06.2021 reproduced by them as under:

"We draw attention to Note 42 to the financial statements with respect to non-compliance of provisions of the Companies Act. The company is in the process of complying with the requirements."

Our opinion is modified in respect of these matters.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

1. We draw attention to Note 1 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, petition for initiation of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process under Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 filed by operational creditor has been admitted against the Holding Company vide Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal Ahmedabad bench's order dated 18.12.2020, a certified copy of which was received on 23rd December 2020. The Hon'ble NCLT has appointed Interim Resolution Professional, Mr. Ketulbhai Ramubhai Patel (IBBI/IPA-001/IP-P00228/2017-2018/10427) under Section 13(1)(c) of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016. As per Section 17 of the code, upon appointment of the Interim Resolution Professional (IRP), the power of the boards of directors stood suspended and such powers shall be exercised by IRP appointed for the Holding Company. Stay on the formation of

Committee of Creditors is in force as on today as directed by Ld. Adjudicating Authority, the final outcome of which shall be determined by the Hon'ble Courts.

- 2. We draw attention to Note 47 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, wherein the Holding Company has incurred losses during the year ended 31.03.2021 and as at said period end has a net current liability position. The default on interest & principal on NCDs and Non Performing Asset status continues with the lenders as at 31.03.2021. Subsequently, all amounts due to lenders, irrespective of their original length of finance have been classified as current liabilities. We also draw attention to Note 50 of the accompanying financial statements, wherein the company has shown its default in interest and principal payments towards Debentures and term loans along with the overdue amount.
- 3. We draw attention to Note 48 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, wherein the Banking & Financial Liabilities (towards financial creditors), of the Holding Company, have been brought to reflect carrying values that match with the claims admitted (a standard process of CIRP) as at 17th December, 2020. The claims published with IBBI website have been made as the basis thereof and the said differential amount have been recognized as an interest expense during the year.
- 4. We draw attention to Note 46 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, as at 31 March 2020, the Group has foreign currency receivables aggregating Rs.13.90 Crores which are outstanding for a period greater than nine months. As per Reserve Bank of India's (RBI) circular on Foreign Exchange Management (Export of Goods & Services) Regulation, 2015 ('FEMA Guidelines'), the exports made by the Company shall be realized and repatriated to India within nine months from the date of export of goods or services rendered. For the total receivables of Rs.13.90 Crores, the Company has sent intimation to Authorized Dealer (AD) Bank for non-recoverability/write-off and the Company is in process of completing necessary procedure with the AD Bank for the same.
- 5. We draw attention to Note 51 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, in October, 2020, the Holding Company received Rs.49.26 crores (against investment value of Rs.30.68 crores) as buy-back of securities premium in lieu of Dividend Distribution under Netherland Tax Laws. The principal amount of Rs.30.68 crores have been reduced from the carrying value of investment in subsidiary without change in the number of shares held and consequential exchange gain of Rs.18.58 crores has been reported under Other Income.
- 6. We draw attention to Note 52 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, in the Holding Company, a major fire broke out on 20.02.2021 at Auto division plant located at Sanaswadi near Pune, Maharashtra resulting in damage/loss to both Plant & Machinery and Stocks. The holding company has filed the necessary claim with the

insurance company and the corresponding claim amount is shown as a current asset as at the year end.

- 7. We draw attention to Note 50 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, the management of the holding company has considered internal and external information up-to the date of this report in respect of the current and estimated future impact, including Indian economic indicator, consequent to the Global Pandemic of Covid-19. The actual impact of the pandemic may be different from that considered in view of the highly uncertain economic environment and the evolving scenario.
- 8. The Holding Company as required under IND AS 36 "Impairment of assets" to test the impairment of brand value asset reported with an indefinite useful life. The holding company has obtained the valuation report for the year ended 31st March, 2020 for its "Sintex" brand amounting to Rs.700 Crores. The holding company has carried forward the said brand at the same value for the year ended 31.03.2021 as done in the previous year, i.e. Rs.700 crores, in the absence of a fresh valuation exercise being conducted for the said period.
- 9. We draw attention to Note 34 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Holding Company had completed the transaction for sale of the entire equity holding of its indirect wholly owned subsidiary, 'Sintex NP SAS' on October 24, 2019 and as resultant surplus balance of Euro 55 Million as reduced by bank charges and interest is lying with the overseas bank a/c held under the name of the wholly owned subsidiary Sintex Holding BV as on 31.03.2021.
- 10. As per the holding company, basis the ongoing operations and relevant revenues in addition to being under CIRP, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, by the Holding Company.
- 11. The holding company and its subsidiaries have not spent on Corporate Social Responsibility as required under section 135 (5) of the Companies Act, on account of continued losses cash flow & liquidity issues.
- 12. The net-worth of the holding company as at 31st March, 2021 stood negative as at the end of the year. Also, the holding company on account of losses and net liability position has not created Debenture Redemption Reserve during the year.
- 13. We draw attention to Note 33D of the Consolidated Financial Statements, the holding company has not being recognized Deferred Tax Assets during the year on account of virtual uncertainty on reversal position. The carrying value of deferred tax assets of the previous year have continued as at the year end.

- 14. The Holding Company had previously placed an ICD of Rs.98 crores with Sintex Industries Limited ("SIL"), subsequent to which on initiation of CIRP for SIL, the holding company has filed a claim in accordance with the process laid down by IBC, 2016.
- 15. We draw attention to the fact of the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Holding Company has been extended the redemption of preference share from March, 2023 to March, 2028 in the board meeting held on 16th July 2018. Also we draw attention to Note 19 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, the company has been recognizing arrears of dividend on these preference shares with Rs. 17.60 crores.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statement as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the Emphasis of Matter section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters which require to be communicated in our report.

| Sr.<br>No. | Key Audit Matter   | How the matter was addressed in our audit  |
|------------|--|--|
| 1          | Insurance claim for damaged/lost asset and inventories See Note 52 to the consolidated financial statements.   | In the view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence:  |
|            | The Holding Company has filed claim to insurance company as a major fire broke out on 20.02.2021 at Auto division plant located at Sanaswadi near Pune, Maharashtra.   | <ul> <li>A. Assessing the appropriateness and correctness of the entries in the books of account in respect of Insurance claim for damaged/lost assets and inventories.</li> <li>B. Evaluating the appropriateness of the</li> </ul> |
|            | As the claim amount determined through physical verification by management and involves application of management's judgment, the ultimate outcome of this is uncertain and material, it is considered to be a key audit matter. | physical verification done for figuring out the quantitative and qualitative details of loss due to fire.  C. Performing scanning of books of accounts, which included assessing the correctness of effect given in                  |

consolidated financial statements along with disclosures. Assumption of Going Concern affected on 2 In the view of the significance of the account of non-recognition of deferred matter we applied the following audit taxes procedures in this area, among others to See Note 33D to the consolidated financial obtain sufficient appropriate statements. evidence: A. Assessing the appropriateness of the The Holding Company is under CIRP, the accounting policies in respect of consolidated financial statements have recognition and measurement been prepared on a going concern basis. deferred taxes. B. Assessing the reasonableness of future Due to initiation of CIRP from 18.12.2020. cash flows through reviewing the the Holding Company has not recognized ongoing operations and relevant any deferred taxes during the year as it revenue of the Company involves significant judgment as to the C. Evaluating the appropriateness of extent there is convincing evidence that the disclosures of the fact in the company will generate future taxable consolidated financial statements. profits sufficient to utilize deductible temporary differences, tax credits and tax losses (before they expire) We have determined this as a key audit matter, due to uncertainty in forecasting the amount and timing of future taxable profits and the reversal of temporary differences already exist. This will directly affect the assumption of going concern.

### Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the holding company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the Consolidated state of affairs (Consolidated financial position), Consolidated profit or loss (Consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income), Consolidated changes in equity and Consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.

The Group's Board of Directors is also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Further, in terms of the provisions of the Act, the respective Board of Directors/ Management of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

The Consolidated Financial Statements are the responsibility of the Holding Company's Management. These Consolidated Financial Statements pertain to the period wherein the Board of Directors (and now suspended board post CIRP initiation) holds the responsibility for the financial transactions and to whom any significant exceptions/ adjustments in the statements are solely attributable under the review period. The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 have been prepared by the Management of the Holding Company and signed by Mr. Bijaya Behera, the Managing Director (Suspended), Mr. Amit Patel - Director (suspended) Mr. Rahul Patel - Director (suspended), Mr. Jignesh Raval - Chief Financial Officer & Mr. Yash Sheth - Company Secretary. The Interim

Resolution Professional has relied upon the certifications, representations and statements made by the Management, while reviewing the financial statements.

The members are informed that the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Ahmedabad Bench, has ordered the Commencement of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process of "Sintex BAPL Limited" (Holding Company) (Corporate Debtor) (CIN- U25199GJ2007PLC51364) vide NCLT order No C.P (I.B) No.759/9/NCLT/AHM/2019 Dated: 18th December, 2020 (CIRP Process Commencement Date). Pursuant to the Order, Mr. Ketulbhai Ramubhai Patel, insolvency professional having IBBI Registration number (IBBI/IPA-001/IP-P00228/2017-18/10427) has been appointed as Interim Resolution Professional. Stay on the formation of Committee of Creditors is in force as on today as directed by Ld. Adjudicating Authority.

The Interim Resolution Professional has, however not authenticated the correctness of the enclosed Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 for any purpose whatsoever including but not limited to the Companies Act, 2013 in so far as they belong to the period before initiation of the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process i.e. 18.12.2020. It may be noted that the writing off of any receivable or assets in the Statement of audited Consolidated Financials doesn't denote that the amount cannot be realized by the Resolution Professional.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 primarily pertain to a period up to December 17, 2020 (December 18, 2020 being Insolvency commencement date) during which the erstwhile management of the holding company was responsible for the affairs and day to day functioning of the holding company. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been approved by the IRP solely on the basis of, and on relying on, the information and representation given by the erstwhile management of the holding company. The IRP has approved the said consolidated financial statements only to the limited extent of discharging the power of the board of directors of the holding company which have been conferred upon him inter alia in terms of provision of section 17 of the IBC, 2016 and do not make any representation or issue any statements in relation to the consolidated financial statement that they are true, complete or accurate in any respect. The IRP is not liable for any error or misstatement of facts and figures, if any in preparation of accounts and/ or any disclosure or non- disclosure in the accounts.

In preparing the Consolidated financial statements, the respective management and Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group (Company and subsidiaries) to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial

statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in

- i. Planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and
- ii. To evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance of the holding company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Other Matters**

a) We did not audit the financial statements of subsidiary company, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs.99.49 crores as at 31st March 2021, total revenues of Rs.137.75 crores and net cash inflows amounting to Rs.17.39 crores for the year ended

on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

b) We did not audit the financial statements of 1(0ne) subsidiary company (inter alia including 2 (Two) step-down subsidiaries) located outside India whose financial statements reflected total assets of Rs.506.22 crores as at 31st March 2021, total revenues of Rs.52.94 crores and net cash inflows amounting to Rs.14.28 crores for the year ended on that date; which as per the management have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have not been audited as per the applicable law in that country. These unaudited financial statements have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated annual financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries is based solely on such unaudited financial statements.

The Subsidiary Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiary located outside India from Other GAAP to accounting principles generally accepted in India for the year from 1st April 2020 to 31st March 2021. Subsidiary company's management has reviewed these conversion adjustments. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of such subsidiary located outside India is based on the Management Certification.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

#### Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditor on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
  - b) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law

relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditor;

- c) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit or loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of consolidated financial statements;
- d) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, in our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the holding company as on 31st March 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the report of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- 2. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph:
  - a) the Consolidated financial Statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 on the consolidated financial position of the Group, Refer Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements;
  - b) The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;

- c) There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies incorporated in India during the year ended 31st March 2021.
- 3. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's report under section 197(16)

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on the reports of the statutory auditors of such subsidiary company incorporated in India which were not audited by us, the remuneration paid during the current year by the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, to its directors is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director by the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies is not in excess of the limit laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

Date: 18-08-2021

**Place: Ahmedabad** 

FOR, PIPARA & CO LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN No. 107929W/W100219

Naman Pipara PARTNER

M. No. 140234

UDIN: 21140234AAAAGI3465

### ANNEXURE to Independent Auditor's Report on Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

List of entities included in the Statement

**Subsidiary Entities** 

- 1. BAPL Rototech Private Limited
- 2. Sintex Holdings B.V. (Netherlands)
- 3. Sintex Logistics LLC (USA)
- 4. Sintex Holding UK Limited (UK) (dissolved w.e.f. 09.10.2020 through voluntary strike off)

#### ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under the heading 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of SINTEX-BAPL LIMITED on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March  $31^{\rm st}$ , 2021

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SINTEX-BAPL LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company"), as of March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiary company management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting reluded

obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk.

The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements of external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatement due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31st, 2021, based on the

criteria for internal control over financial reporting established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

#### **Other Matters**

Our report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, in so far as it relates to a subsidiary company, which is company incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such subsidiary and in cases where the components are unaudited and based overseas, no such tests have been conducted and management representations have been relied upon.

Date: 18-08-2021

Place: Ahmedabad

FOR, PIPARA & CO LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN No. 107929W/W100219

**Naman Pipara**PARTNER
M. No. 140234

UDIN: 21140234AAAAGI3465

### Sintex BAPL Limited Consolidated Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| Partic     | ulars   | Note | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|------------|---|------|---------------|---------------|
| Asse       | ets   |      |               |               |
| Non        | -current assets                                       |      |               |               |
| (a)        | Property, plant and equipment                         | 4    | 1,651.18      | 1,795.69      |
| (b)        | Capital work-in-progress                              | 5    | 2.62          | 6.14          |
| (c)        | ROU Assets  | 4    | 17.15         | 19.83         |
| (d)        | Goodwill  | 6    | 20.16         | 20.18         |
| (e)        | Other intangible assets                               | 7    | 708.31        | 710.44        |
| (f)        | Financial assets                                      |      |               |               |
|            | (i) Investments                                       | 8    | <u>≅</u> 7    |               |
|            | (i) Loans   | 8    | 180.61        | 172.70        |
| (~)        | (ii) Other financial assets                           | 9    | 1.07          | 0.81          |
| (g)        | Deferred tax assets (net)                             | 33D  | 90.44         | 91.20         |
| (h)<br>(h) | Non current tax assets (net) Other non-current assets | 10   | 1.42          |               |
| (11)       | Other non-current assets                              | 11   | 4.43          | 4.35          |
|            |   |      | 2,675.97      | 2,821.34      |
| Cur        | rent assets   |      |               |               |
| (a)        | Inventories   | 12   | 150.27        | 160.00        |
| (b)        | Financial assets                                      | 1    | 100.27        | 100.00        |
|            | (i) Investments                                       | 8    |               | :=:           |
|            | (ii) Trade receivables                                | 13   | 158.03        | 193.41        |
|            | (iii) Cash and cash equivalents                       | 14   | 554.21        | 576.44        |
|            | (iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above             | 15   | 192.70        | 0.43          |
|            | (v) Loans   | 8    |               |               |
|            | (vi) Other financial assets                           | 9    | 7.16          | 7.14          |
| (c)        | Current tax assets (net)                              | 10   | 9.67          | 49.40         |
| (d)        | Other current assets                                  | 11   | 60.43         | 39.61         |
|            | Total assets  |      | 1,132.47      | 1,026.43      |
|            | I otal assets   |      | 3,808.44      | 3,847.77      |
| -          | ty and liabilities                                    |      |               |               |
| Equi       | v   |      |               |               |
| (a)        | Equity share capital                                  | 16   | 16.03         | 16.03         |
| (b)        | Other equity  | 17   | 143.88        | 457.32        |
|            | ty attributable to owners of the Company              |      | 159.91        | 473.35        |
| Non-       | controlling interests                                 | 44   | 6.43          | 4.11          |
| Liah       | ilities   |      | 166.34        | 477.46        |
|            | current Liabilities                                   |      |               |               |
| (a)        | Financial liabilities                                 |      |               | •             |
| (-)        | (i) Borrowings  | 18   | 51.20         | 52.44         |
|            | (ii) Other financial liabilities                      | 19   | 6.45          | 7.03          |
| (b)        | Provisions  | 20   | 26.29         | 23.76         |
| (c)        | Deferred tax liabilities (net)                        | 33DD |               | -             |
|            | . ,   |      | 83.94         | 83.23         |
|            |   |      | 7.0           |               |

Contd....

#### Consolidated Balance Sheet (Continued...)

as at 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| Curi | rent liabilities   |    |          |          |
|------|--|----|----------|----------|
| (a)  | Financial liabilities  |    |          |          |
|      | (i) Borrowings   | 18 | 1,628.14 | 2,053.80 |
|      | (ii) Trade payables  | 21 |          |          |
|      | <ul><li>(a) total outstanding dues of micro and small<br/>enterprises; and</li></ul> |    | 20.62    | 16.31    |
|      | (b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises       |    | 210.86   | 204.03   |
|      | (iii) Other financial liabilities  | 19 | 1,625.05 | 933.89   |
| (b)  | Provisions   | 20 | 2.97     | 2.90     |
| (c)  | Other current liabilities  | 22 | 70.52    | 76.15    |
|      |  |    | 3,558.16 | 3,287.08 |
|      |  |    | 3,642.10 | 3,370.31 |
|      | Total equity and liabilities   |    | 3,808.44 | 3,847.77 |
|      |  |    |          |          |

Basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies

1-3

The notes referred above are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

4-55

As per our report of even date attached

For Pipara & Co LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

FRN No: 107929W/W100219

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**Sintex-BAPL Limited** 

CIN U25199GJ2007PLC051364

Naman Pipara

Partner

M. No. 140234

UDIN:21140234AAAAGI3465

Ketulbhai Ramubhai Patel

Interim Resolution Professional

Company Secretary ICSI M. No. A36328

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 18-08-2021

Chief Financial Officer

Bijaya Behera

Suspened Managing Director

DIN: 08553621

uspended Director

DIN: 00171035

Rahul A Patel Suspended Director

DIN: 00171198

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 18-08-2021

### Sintex BAPL Limited Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| Particulars   | Note                                  | Year ended<br>31 March 2021 | Year ended<br>31 March 2020 |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Continuing Operations   |                                       | 31 Waren 2021               | 31 March 2020               |
| Income  |                                       |                             |                             |
| Revenue from operations   | 23                                    | 857.93                      | 892.70                      |
| Other income  | 24                                    | 80.38                       | 36.67                       |
| Total Income  | 24                                    | 938.31                      | 929.37                      |
| Expenses  |                                       | 750.51                      | 723.31                      |
| Cost of materials consumed  | 25                                    | 449.23                      | 495.53                      |
| Purchases of stock-in-trade   | 26                                    | 12.92                       | 8.68                        |
| Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in- progress and   | 20                                    | 5.67                        | 126.48                      |
| trading goods   | 27                                    | 5.07                        | 120.46                      |
| Employee benefits expense   | 27                                    | 120.25                      | 144.04                      |
| Finance costs   | 28                                    | 120.35                      | 144.04                      |
|   | 29                                    | 337.13                      | 313.52                      |
| Depreciation and amortization expense   | 30                                    | 101.91                      | 98.84                       |
| Other expenses  | 31                                    | 190.69                      | 371.75                      |
| Total expenses  |                                       | 1,217.90                    | 1,558.83                    |
| Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax  |                                       | (279.59)                    | (629.46)                    |
| Prior Period items  |                                       | ₩.                          | 89.07                       |
| Exceptional items   | 32                                    | <b>2</b> 0                  | 12.60                       |
| Profit / (Los) before tax   |                                       | (279.59)                    | (731.13)                    |
| Tax expense:  | 33A                                   |                             |                             |
| Current tax   |                                       | 2.48                        | 0.29                        |
| Short Provision for tax of earlier years  |                                       | 0.86                        | 0.01                        |
| Deferred tax (credit)   |                                       | 0.55                        | (111.54)                    |
| MAT Credit reversed / (recognized)  |                                       | . <del></del>               | (0.15)                      |
| Total tax expense   |                                       | 3.89                        | (111.39)                    |
| Profit / (Loss) after tax from continuing operations  |                                       | (283.48)                    | (619.74)                    |
| Discontinued Operations   |                                       |                             |                             |
| Profit / (Loss) from discontinued operations  |                                       | -                           | 61.36                       |
| Tax expense of discontinued operations  |                                       | -                           | 10.78                       |
| Profit / (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations  | 34                                    | -                           | 50.58                       |
| Profit / (Loss) for the Year  |                                       | (283.48)                    | (569.16)                    |
| Other comprehensive income  | 35                                    |                             |                             |
| Continuing Operations   |                                       |                             |                             |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss                                      |                                       | 0.76                        | (0.72)                      |
| Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or                                 |                                       | -                           | 0.27                        |
| loss  |                                       | 5.47.                       | 0.27                        |
| Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss  |                                       | (10.08)                     | 57.10                       |
| Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss <b>Discontinued Operations</b> |                                       | -                           | *                           |
| Other comprehensive income/ (Loss) for the Year, net of tax   |                                       | (9.32)                      | 56.65                       |
| Total comprehensive income/ (Loss) for the Year   |                                       | (292.80)                    | (512.51)                    |
| Continued Operations  |                                       | (292.80)                    | (563.09)                    |
| Discontinued Operations   | W 1979                                | (222.00)                    | 50.58                       |
| Continuing & Discontuing Operations   | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | (292.80)                    | (512.51)                    |
| <u> </u>  | 1/20                                  | (172.00)                    | (312,31)                    |

Contd....

#### **Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (Continued...)**

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| Profit for the year attributable to:   |     |          |          |
|--|-----|----------|----------|
| - Owners of the company  |     | (285.80) | (569.31) |
| - Non controlling interests  |     | 2.32     | 0.15     |
| The sound of the s |     | (283.48) | (569.16) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to:   |     | (283.48) | (309.10) |
| - Owners of the company  |     | (9.31)   | 56.61    |
| - Non controlling interests  |     | (0.00)   | 0.04     |
| <b>9</b>   |     | (9.32)   | 56.65    |
| Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:   |     | (3.52)   | 30.03    |
| - Owners of the company  |     | (295.11) | (512.70) |
| - Non controlling interests  |     | 2.32     | 0.19     |
|  |     | (292.80) | (512.51) |
| Earnings per equity share (from continuing operation)  | 37  | \ \      | ` /      |
| [Nominal value of share Rs.1 (31 March 2020 : Rs. 10) each]  |     |          |          |
| Basic (in Rs.)   |     | (176.82) | (386.56) |
| Diluted (in Rs.)   |     | (176.82) | (386.56) |
| Earnings per equity share (from discontinued operation)  | 37  | ì í      | ( ,      |
| Basic (in Rs.)   |     | _        | 31.55    |
| Diluted (in Rs.)   |     | *.       | 31.55    |
| Earnings per equity share (from discontinued & continuing  |     |          |          |
| operation)   | 37  |          |          |
| Basic (in Rs.)   |     | (176.82) | (355.01) |
| Diluted (in Rs.)   |     | (176.82) | (355.01) |
| Basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting   |     |          |          |
| policies   | 1-3 |          |          |

The notes referred above are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

4-55

As per our report of even date attached

For Pipara & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

FRN No: 107929W/W100219

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sintex-BAPL Limited

CIN U25199GJ2007PLC051364

Naman Pipara

Partner

M. No. 140234

UDIN:21140234AAAAGI3465

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 18-08-2021

Bijaya Behera

Suspened Managing Director

DIN: 08553621

Ketulbhai Ramubhai Patel

Interim Resolution Professional

Company S

Company Secretary ICSI M. No. A36328

Jignesh Raval

Chief Financial Officer

Suspended Director

DIN: 00171035

Rahul A Patel

Suspended Director

DIN: 00171198

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 18-08-2021

#### Consolidated Statement of cash flows

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| Particulars  | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities   |               |               |
| Profit/(Loss) before tax   | (279.59)      | (731.13)      |
| Adjustments for:   |               |               |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense  | 101.91        | 98.84         |
| Provision for doubtful debts & Bad Debt  | 22.51         | 75.07         |
| Interest income  | (16.23)       | (9.74)        |
| Gain arising on financial assets measured at FVTPL (net)                           | 0.75          |               |
| Gain on Sale of Subsidiary   | 046           | (787.40)      |
| Unrealised foreign exchange loss / (gain) (net)                                    | 26            |               |
| Loss/(Gain) on sale of item of property, plant and equipment (net)                 | (0.05)        | 0.60          |
| Impairment   | 944           | 800.00        |
| Finance costs  | 337.13        | 313.52        |
| Operating Profit/(Loss) before working capital changes                             | 166.43        | (240.24)      |
| Working capital adjustments:   | 100.45        | (240.24)      |
| (Increase) / decrease in financial and non-financial assets                        | 0.94          | 0.21          |
|  | 2.36          | (34.45)       |
| (Increase) / decrease in loans given   | 9.73          | , ,           |
| (Increase) / decrease in inventories   |               | 137.01        |
| (Increase) / decrease in trade receivables   | 12.87         | 136.13        |
| Increase / (decrease) in trade payables  | 11.14         | (4.12)        |
| Increase/(decrease) in provisions, financial and non-financial liabilities         | (1.54)        | (238.80)      |
| Cash generated from operating activities   | 201.92        | (244.25)      |
| Taxes Refund (paid)  | 36.39         | (1.44)        |
| Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities (A)                       | 238.30        | (245.69)      |
| Cash flows from investing activities   |               |               |
| Interest received  | 4.88          | 1.43          |
| Proceeds from sale of current investments  | (e)           | 0.19          |
| Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets | (7.44)        | (22.41)       |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets    | 31,83         | 2.40          |
| Proceeds from disposal of subsidiary company                                       | : +:          | 1,215.25      |
| Investment in Term deposits & Margin Money   | (192.27)      | #             |
| Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities (B)                       | (132.31)      | 1,196.85      |
| Cash flows from financing activities   |               |               |
| Interest paid  | (20.23)       | (171.94)      |
| Proceeds / (repayment) of current borrowings (net)                                 | (40.45)       | 85.85         |
| Proceeds from non-current borrowings   | (10110)       | 100.00        |
| Repayment of non-current borrowings  | (4.22)        | (736.49)      |
| Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities (C)                       | (113.89)      | (722.58)      |
| Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)                     | (7.90)        | 228.59        |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April   | 576.44        | 327.32        |
| Effect of exchange differences on restatement of foreign currency cash and cash    |               |               |
| equivalents  | (14.34)       | 20.53         |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March  | 554.21        | 576.44        |

- 1. The above Consolidated Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of Cash Flows".
- 2. Cash and cash equivalents comprises of

Balances with banks:

- Current accounts
- Deposits with original maturity of less than three months Cash on hand

Cash and cash equivalents in Cash flow statement



Contd....

Consolidated Statement of cash flows (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

3. Reconciliation of movements of cash flows arising from financing activities

| Particulars                                      | Non-<br>current | Current<br>borrowings | Total       |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Balance as at 1 April 2020                       | 2,777.95        | 377.86                | 3,155.81    |
| Cash Flow from financing activities              | ,               |                       | · =         |
| Proceeds from non-current borrowing              | э <del>л</del>  | In the                | <del></del> |
| Repayment of non-current borrowings              | (4.22)          | iii                   | (4.22)      |
| Net increase/(decrease) in current borrowings    | *               | (40.45)               | (40.45)     |
| Other Borrowing Cost Paid                        | (47.30)         | -                     | (47.30)     |
| Finance costs paid                               | 27.07           | -                     | 27.07       |
| Foreign exchange movement                        | (726.57)        | <del>-</del>          | (726.57)    |
| Total cash flow from financing activities        | (751.02)        | (40.45)               | (791.47)    |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on   | (87.76)         | 84.59                 | (3.17)      |
| disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries |                 |                       |             |
| Other Borrowing Cost                             | 47.30           | *                     | 47.30       |
| Interest expense                                 | (27.07)         | =                     | (27.07)     |
| Balance as at 31 March 2021                      | 1,959.40        | 422.00                | 2,381.40    |

<sup>\*</sup> includes other borrowing costs paid for non fund based credit limits.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Pipara & Co LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Naman Pipara

Partner

UDIN:21140234AAAAGI3465

M. No. 140234

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 18-08-2021

liging Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Sintex-BAPL Limited** 

CIN U25199GJ2007PLC051364

Ketulbhai Ramubhai Patel

Interim Resolution Professional

Company Secretary ICSI M. No. A36328

lignesh Raval

Chief Financial Officer

spended Director

DIN: 00171035

Rahul A Patel Suspended Director

DIN: 00171198

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 18-08-2021

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

# A. Equity share capital

| Particulars  | Number of shares | Amount |
|--|------------------|--------|
| Issued subscribed and paid up (Equity shares of Rs, 10 each) |                  |        |
| Balance as at 01 April 2019                                  | 16,03,20,000     | 16.03  |
| Changes in equity share capital during the year              | ij.              | ē      |
| Balance as at 31 March 2020                                  | 16,03,20,000     | 16.03  |
| Balance as at 01 April 2020                                  | 16,03,20,000     | 16.03  |
| Changes in equity share capital during the year              | •)/              | į      |
| Balance as at 31 March 2021                                  | 16,03,20,000     | 16.03  |

### B Other equity

|   |            | Attributabl          | Attributable to owners of the Company | te Company |                     | Total        |              |          |
|---|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
|   |            | Reserves and surplus | surplus                               |            | Items of Other      | attributable | Attributable |          |
| Particulars   | Securities | Debenture            | General                               | Retained   | Foreign currency    | to owners    | to Non-      | Total    |
|   | premium    | redemption           | reserve                               | earnings   | translation reserve | of the       | controlling  |          |
|   | (3)        | (4)                  | (5)                                   | (9)        | (2)                 | Company      | mici cara    |          |
| Balance as at 01 April 2019   | 132.77     | 142.62               | 1,166.61                              | 531.15     | (4.54)              | 1,968.61     | 3.92         | 1,972.53 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year                             |            |                      |                                       |            |                     |              |              |          |
| Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period           |            |                      |                                       |            |                     |              |              |          |
| Profit for the year   | •          | ì                    | v                                     | (569.31)   | *                   | (569:31)     | 0.15         | (569.16) |
| Items of other comprehensive income for the year, net of taxes      | 200        | 7/20                 | e                                     | (0.45)     | 57,10               | 56.61        | 0.04         | 59.95    |
| Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2020         | 30         | à                    | 2361                                  | (569.76)   | 57.10               | (512.70)     | 0.19         | (512.51) |
| Contributions by and distributions to owners:                       |            |                      |                                       |            |                     |              |              |          |
| Share of non-controlling interest                                   | · ·        | ř                    | *                                     | •          | •                   | *            | •            | *        |
| Transfer to debenture redemption reserve                            | Ñ          | ě                    | <b>a</b> b                            | ¢:         | *                   | <b>K</b> 1   | •            | •        |
| Transfer from debenture redemption reserve                          | ű          | ū                    | liù.                                  | (9)        | (B)                 | 21           |              | 19       |
| Reclass and exchange differences arises in translation from foreign | Ĭ          | ×                    |                                       | ×          | *                   | 9            |              | •        |
| currency translation reserve  |            |                      |                                       |            |                     |              |              |          |
| Elimination of NIEF Reserve on account of Sale                      | £          | E                    | ì                                     | (779.38)   | E                   | (779.38)     |              | (779.38) |
| Earlier Liability recognised in Current Year                        | 160        | T No.                | æ                                     | (219.96)   | •                   | (219.96)     |              | (219.96) |
| Ind AS impact due to adoption of Ind AS 116 & Others                |            | **                   | •                                     | 0.70       | <i>∰</i>            | 0.70         | 39           | 0.70     |
| Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligation, net of tax     | •          |                      | ×                                     | ×          | (*)                 | 0.04         | *            | 0.04     |
| Impairment  | •          | *                    | (800.00)                              | 800.00     | ×                   | *            | 6            | •        |
| Other appropriation   | 11.02      | 1987                 | e.                                    | 2500       |                     | 00.00        | 10907        | 00.00    |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners                  |            | 9                    | (800.00)                              | (198.64)   | (0                  | (658.56)     | 19           | (65.866) |
| Total transactions with owners                                      |            |                      | (800.00)                              | (198.64)   |                     | (68.59)      |              | (65866)  |
| Balance as at 31 March 2020   | 132.77     | 142.62               | 366.61                                | (237.24)   | 52.56               | 457.32       | 4.11         | 461.43   |
| 12/   | 4/         |                      |                                       |            |                     |              |              |          |

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

|   |                        | Attributab                                | Attributable to owners of the Company | the Company                 |   |                                    |                      |          |
|---|------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Particulars   |                        | Reserves and surplus                      | surplus                               |                             | Items of Other<br>comprehensive<br>income (OCI) | Total<br>attributable<br>to owners | Attributable to Non- | Total    |
|   | Securities premium (3) | Debenture<br>redemption<br>reserve<br>(4) | General<br>reserve<br>(5)             | Retained<br>carnings<br>(6) | Foreign currency<br>translation reserve<br>(7)  | of the<br>Company                  | interests            |          |
| Balance as at 01 April 2020   | 132.77                 | 142.62                                    | 366.61                                | (237.24)                    | 52.56   | 457.31                             | 4.11                 | 461.42   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year                             |                        |   |                                       |                             |   |                                    |                      |          |
| Profit for the year   |                        | •   | •                                     | (285.80)                    | ٠   | (285.80)                           | 2.32                 | (283.48) |
| Items of other comprehensive income for the year, net of taxes      | •:                     | •.1                                       | į.                                    | 0.75                        | (10.08)   | (9.32)                             | (00.0)               | (9.33)   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2020         | % <b>€</b> 5           | 6.00                                      | 1                                     | (285.05)                    | (10.08)   | (295.12)                           | 2.32                 | (292.81) |
| Contributions by and distributions to owners:                       |                        |   |                                       |                             |   |                                    |                      |          |
| Share of non-controlling interest                                   |                        |   | į                                     |                             |   | ×                                  | ,                    |          |
| Reclass and exchange differences arises in translation from foreign |                        |   |                                       | ĸ                           | i   | •                                  |                      |          |
| currency translation reserve  |                        |   |                                       |                             |   |                                    |                      |          |
| Elimination of NIEF Reserve on account of Sale                      |                        | st  | ) i                                   | 3                           | 3   | or .                               | 3                    | ₩.       |
| Earlier Liability recognised in Current Year                        |                        |   | *                                     | ×                           | *   | æ                                  | *                    |          |
| Ind AS impact due to adoption of Ind AS 116 & Others                | •5                     | 65  | <b>9</b> )                            |                             | **  | E                                  | ĸ                    | ¥5       |
| Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligation, net of tax     | 90                     | 30)                                       | 1                                     | •                           | ří (  | (00.0)                             | ((*))                | (00.00)  |
| Impairment  |                        | æ   |                                       | 100 m                       | S.  | 3.                                 |                      | (i)      |
| Other appropriation   | (18.31)                | *   | ×                                     | *                           | •   | (18.31)                            | *                    | (18.31)  |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners                  | (18.31)                | •   | ***                                   |                             | •5:   | (18.31)                            | c                    | (18.31)  |
| Total transactions with owners                                      | (18.31)                |   |                                       |                             | 0   | (18.31)                            | (4)                  | (18.31)  |
| Balance as at 31 March 2021   | 114.46                 | 142.62                                    | 366.61                                | (522,29)                    | 42.48   | 143.87                             | 6,43                 | 150,30   |

# Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. It is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

# 2 Debenture redemption reserve ('DRR')

The reserve is created for redemption of non-convertible debentures in accordance with the sub-section (4) of section 71 of the Companies Act, 2013 out of profits of the Group available for dividend distribution. The same will be redeemed in line with repayment terms agreed with lenders. Accordingly, DRR would be utilised for the redemption of debentures. On account of losses and net liability position, the holding company has not created debenture redemption reserve during the year.

## 3 General reserve

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriate purposes. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss.



# 

Consoldated Statement of Changes in Digitize (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores) for the Year ended 31 March 2021

# Retained earnings

The amount that can be distributed by the Group as dividends to its equity shareholders out of accumulated reserves is determined considering the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013. Thus, the closing balance amounts reported above are not distributable in entirety.

## Foreign currency translation reserve n

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to the reporting currency at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of such foreign operations are translated to the reporting currency at the average exchange rates prevailing during the year. Resulting foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income/ (loss) and presented within equity as part of Foreign Currency Translation Reserve ('FCTR'), When a foreign operation is disposed of, in part or in full, the relevant amount in the FCTR is reclassified to Profit or Loss as a part of gain or loss on disposal.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Sintex-BAPL Limited CIN U25199GJ2007PLC051364 ICSI M. No. A36328

Company Secretary

The notes referred above are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements,

As per our report of even date attached

FRN No: 107929W/W100219 For Pipara & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

Vaman Pipara Partner

M. No. 140234

× SIN

AL X CHA

UDIN:21140234AAAAGI3465

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 18-08-2021

Jignesh Rava

Interim Resolution Professional Ketulbhai Ramubhai Patel

Chief Financial Officer

Suspened Managing Director DIN: 08553621

Rahul A Patel Suspended Director

DIN: 00171035

DIN: 00171198

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 18-08-2021

#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2021

#### 1 General Information

Sintex-BAPL Limited ("the Holding Company") is engaged in the business of manufacturing of custom moulding and prefab products in India and Europe and and trading activities in USA. The registered office of the Company, near seven garnala, Kalol (North Gujarat) and the headquarters of the Company is situated in Kalol (Gujarat).

The consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the Group) for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The members are informed that Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Ahmedabad Bench, has ordered the Commencement of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process of "Sintex BAPL Limited" i.e Holding company (Corporate Debtor) (CIN- U25199GJ2007PLC51364) vide NCLT order No C.P (I.B) No.759/9/NCLT/AHM/2019 Dated: 18th December, 2020 (CIRP Process Commencement Date). Pursuant to the Order, Mr. Ketulbhai Ramubhai Patel, insolvency professional having IBBl Registration number (IBBI/IPA-001/IP-P00228/2017-18/10427) has been appointed as Interim Resolution Professional. Stay on the formation of Committee of Creditors is in force as on today as directed by Ld. Adjudicating Authority.

The Consolidated Financial Statements are the responsibility of the Company's Management. The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statement pertain to the period where the Board of Directors (and now suspended board post CIRP initiation) holds the responsibility for the financial transactions and to whom any significant exceptions/ adjustments in the results are solely attributable under the review period. The financial statements for the year ended 31/03/2021 have been prepared by Mr. Amit D Patel -Director (Suspended), Mr. Rahul A Patel -Director (Suspended), Mr. Yash Sheth (as Company Secretary), Mr. Jignesh Raval (CFO). The interim resolution professional has relied upon the certifications, representation and statements made by the Management while reviewing the financial statements.

The Interim Resolution Professional has, however, not authenticated the correctness of the enclosed Audited Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2021 of the Company for any purpose whatsoever including but not limited to the Companies Act, 2013 in so far as they belong to the period before initiation of the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process i.e. 18.12.2020. It may be noted that the writing off of any receivable or assets in the audited Consolidated Financial Statements doesn't denote that the amount cannot be realized by the Resolution Professional.

The consolidated financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021 primarily pertain to a period upto December 17, 2020 (18th Dec 2020 being Insolvency commencement date) during which the erstwhile management of the holding company was responsible for the affairs and day to day functioning of the company. The Consolidated Financial Statement have been approved by the IRP solely on the basis of, and on relying on, the information and representation given by the erstwhile management of the holding company. The IRP has approved the said financial statements only to the limited extent of discharging the power of the board of directors of the holding company which have been conferred upon him inter alia in terms of provision of section 17 of the IBC, 2016 and do not make any representation or issue any statements in relation to the consolidated financial statement that they are true, complete or accurate in any respect. The IRP is not liable for any error or misstatement of facts and figures, if any in reparation of accounts and/ or any disclosure or non-disclosure in the accounts.



#### 2 Basis of preparation

#### a. Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Details of the Group's accounting policies are included in Note 3.

#### b. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Holding Company and its Indian Subsidiaries is Indian Rupees (Rs.), whereas the functional currency of foreign subsidiaries is Euro or USD as per the law of respective countries. The presentation currency of the group is Indian Rupees (Rs.). All amounts have been rounded to the nearest crores, unless otherwise indicated.

#### c. Basis of measurement

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

| Items                                  | Measurement basis   |
|--|---|
| Investment in mutual fund              | Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL")                                 |
| Net defined benefit (asset)/ liability | Fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligations |

#### d. Use of estimates and judgments

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

#### Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are as below:

- Estimates of useful lives and residual value of Property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets
- Fair valuation of investments and determining fair value less cost of sell of the disposal group on the basis of significant unobservable inputs
- Provision and contingencies
- Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies
- Current / Deferred tax expense and recognition of MAT Credit and evaluation of recoverability of deferred tax assets
- Measurement of employee defined benefit obligations; key actuarial assumptions





#### e. Measurement of fair values

Some of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a financial reporting team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the Chief Financial Officer.

The financial reporting team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the financial reporting team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

**Level 2**: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

**Level 3**: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

| Note 36 | <b>Employee</b> benefits |  |
|---------|--------------------------|--|
| Note 42 | Financial instruments    |  |

#### 3 Significant Accounting policies

#### I. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies (including special purpose entities) where Control exists when the Holding Company is exposed to, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity, and has the ability to affect those returns through power over the entity. In assessing control, potential voting rights are considered only if the rights are substantive. The financial statements of subsidiary companies are included in these consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Upon loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary companies, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in the Consolities and Loss. If the Holding Company retains any interest in the previous substancy, then such interest

is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee depending on the level of influence retained.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. The financial statements of each of the subsidiaries used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the Holding Company, i.e., year ended on 31 March 2021.

#### Consolidation procedure:

- i) Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the holding company with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- ii) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the Holding Company's investment in each subsidiary and the Holding Company's portion of equity of each subsidiary.
- iii) Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits & losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and property, plant and equipment, are eliminated in full, except as stated in point iv)
- iv) Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind AS-12 'Income Taxes' applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.
- v) Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries consists of:
  - (a) The amount of equity attributed to non-controlling interests at the date on which investment in a subsidiary relationship came into existence;
  - (b) The non-controlling interest share of movement in equity since the date holding subsidiary relationship came into existence;
  - (c) Non-controlling interest share of net profit/ (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries for the year is identified and adjusted against the profit after tax of the Group.
- vi) The following entities are considered in the consolidated financial statements listed below:

| Name of the company                                       | Country of incorporat — ion | % of holding as on |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|
|   |                             | 31 March 2021      |
| Sintex BAPL Limited                                       | India                       | 100.00             |
| Sintex Holding BV (Including its following Subsidiaries): | Netherland<br>s             | 100.00             |
| B. Sintex Logistics LLC (USA)                             | France                      | 100.00             |
| BAPL Rototech Private Limited                             | India                       | 70.00              |

#### II. Business Combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities in arred by the Group to

the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with Ind AS 12 Income Taxes and Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with Ind AS 102 Share-based Payments at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve or recognised directly in capital reserve depending on whether there exists clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase. Common control business combinations include transactions, such as transfer of subsidiaries or businesses, between entities with a Group.

Business combinations involving entities or business under common control are accounted using the pooling of interests method. In this method the assets and liabilities of combining entities are reflected at their carrying values, the only adjustment to be made is to harmonise accounting policies. The financial information in the consolidated financial statements in respect of prior periods are restated as if the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the consolidated financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of combination. However, if the business combination has been effected after that date, the prior period information is restated only from that date.

The difference, if any, between the amount recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to reserves.

#### III. Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for a pairment unnually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the

cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit and loss in the consolidated Statement of comprehensive income/Statement of Profit and Loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

#### IV. Revenue recognition

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods. The Group assesses promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of transaction price is allocated.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price as specified in the contract with the customer. The transaction price excludes amount collected on behalf of third parties such as Goods and Service Tax (GST), Value added tax (VAT) etc. which the Company collects on behalf of the government. In determining the transaction price, the Group considers below, if any:

#### Variable consideration:

This includes discounts, incentives, volume rebates, etc. It is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. It is reassessed at end of each reporting period.

#### Significant financing component:

Generally, the Group receives short-term advances from its customers. Using the practical expedient in Ind AS 115, the Group does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component if it expects, at contract inception, that the period between the transfer of the promised good to the customer and when the customer pays for that good or service will be one year or less.

#### Consideration payable to a customer:

Such amounts are accounted as reduction of transaction price and therefore, of revenue unless the payment to the customer is in exchange for a distinct good that the customer transfers to the Group.

Further, in accordance with Ind AS 37, the Group recognises a provision for onerous contract when the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under a contract exceed the economic benefits to be received.

#### **Contract balances:**

**Contract assets:** A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer e.g. unbilled revenue. If the Company performs its obligations by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset i.e., unbilled revenue is recognized for the earned consideration that is conditional. The contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional. This usually occurs when the Company issues an invoices to the customer.

**Trade receivables:** A receivable represents the Group's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of consideration is due.

Contract liabilities: A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

#### Interest income and Dividend income:

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised using effective interest rate (EIR) method. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the amortised cost and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Dividend income is recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

#### V. Leasing

#### Transition

Effective 1 April 2019, Group has adopted Ind AS 116, 'Leases', applied to all lease contracts existing on 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective method and has taken the cumulative adjustment to retained earnings, in the date of initial application. Accordingly, comparatives for the year ended 31 March 2019 have not been retrospectively adjusted.

The Group's lease asset primarily consists of leases for buildings. The group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

#### Company as a lessee

At the date of commencement of the lease, the group recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. The higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and finance cost portion of lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

Company as a lessor

At the inception of the lease, the group classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. The group recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

#### VI. Foreign currency transaction and translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Company at the exchange rates at the date of the transaction or at an average rate if the average rate approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss on repayment of the monetary items.

Further, The Group had decided to continue the policy adopted for accounting for exchange differences arising from translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items recognised in the consolidated financial statements for the period ending immediately before the beginning of the first Ind AS financial reporting period (i.e. 31 March 2016) as per the previous GAAP i.e. exchange differences relating to long term foreign currency monetary items in so far as they relate to acquisition of depreciable capital assets is adjusted to the cost of such capital asset and depreciated over the balance useful life of such asset.

In case of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the Holding Company's functional currency, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into Currency Units using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as 'foreign currency translation reserve' (and attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit and loss.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant that we can be a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in the group losing significant that do not result in the Group losing significant that we can be a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in the group losing significant.

control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit and loss.

#### VII. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### VIII. Operating cycle

For the purpose of current/non- current classification of assets and liabilities, the Group has ascertained its normal operating cycle as twelve months. This is based on the nature of services and the time between the acquisition of assets or inventories for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

#### IX. Employee Benefits

#### i Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid, if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### ii Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts.

The current service cost and interest on the net defined benefit liability / (asset) is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Past service cost are immediately recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Actuarial gains and losses net of deferred taxes arising from experience adjustment and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. The Group makes specified monthly contributions towards Government administered provident fund scheme. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in consolidated statement of profit and loss in the periods during which the related services are rendered by employees.

Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

#### iii Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan ('the asset ceiling'). In order to calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given be an imminimum funding requirements.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised in OCI. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service ('past service cost' or 'past service gain') or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

#### iv Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits other than post-employment benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any related assets is deducted. The obligation is measured on the basis of an annual independent actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurement gains or losses are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

#### X. Taxation

Income tax comprises of current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

#### Income taxes

Provision for current tax is calculated on the basis of the Income tax law enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Deferred Taxes**

Deferred tax is provided, on temporary difference arising between the tax bases of the assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in consolidated financial statements, using tax rates & laws that has been enacted or substantially enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that the future tax profits will be available to utilise the same.

Deferred tax is not recognised for all taxable temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates and interest in joint arrangements where it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) eligible for set-off in subsequent years (as per tax laws), is recognised as an asset by way of credit to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss only if there is convincing evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised by the Group. At each Balance Sheet date, the carrying amount of deferred tax in relation to MAT Credit Entitlement receivable is reviewed to reassure realization.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to prove the same and when the balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to utilize all or part of the deferred tax asset. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will available to utilized the deferred tax asset.

The Group offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In case of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, the same are offset if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Group.

### XI. Property, plant and equipment

The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, including relevant borrowing costs for qualifying assets. Expenditure incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are charged to the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the costs are incurred. Major shutdown and overhaul expenditure is capitalised as the activities undertaken improves the economic benefits expected to arise from the asset.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

Assets in the course of construction are capitalised in the assets under construction account. At the point when an asset is operating at management's intended use, the cost of construction is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment and depreciation commences. Costs associated with the commissioning of an asset and any obligatory decommissioning costs are capitalised where the asset is available for use but incapable of operating at normal levels until a period of commissioning has been completed. Revenue generated from production during the trial period is capitalised.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

### XII. Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets like software, brand and technical know-how which are expected provide future enduring economic benefits are capitalized as Intangible Assets. "Sintex" Brand Moulding

business acquired pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement with indefinite useful lives is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

### Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

### XIII. Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value. Depreciation is provided on straight-line method except in case of one subsidiary which provide depreciation on furniture and fixtures, vehicles and office equipment using Written Down Value method (WDV) over the estimated useful lives of the assets as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except for plant and machinery. In respect of plant and machinery, the life of the assets has been assessed as under based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.

When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives.

Intangible assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives on straight line method. The amortization rates used for various intangible assets are as under:

| Class of assets   | Years         |
|-------------------|---------------|
| Technical knowhow | 5 to 20 years |
| Software          | 5 years       |

Goodwill and Brand have indefinite useful life and hence are not subjected to amortization but tested for impairment annually.

Freehold land is not depreciated. Leasehold land is amortized over the period of the lease, except where the lease is convertible to freehold land under lease agreements at future dates at no additional cost.

The Group reviews the residual value, useful lives and depreciation method annually and, if expectations differ from previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate on a prospective basis.

Depreciation on the tangible fixed assets of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries has been provided as per the estimated useful life of such assets as follows:

| Years          |  |
|----------------|--|
| 15 to 60 years |  |
| 03 to 40 years |  |
| 3 to 10 years  |  |
| 5 to 10 years  |  |
| 3 to 10 years  |  |
|                |  |

### XIV. Impairment

### i Impairment of financial instruments

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost; and
- financial assets measured at FVOCI- debt investments.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being past due for 90 days or more;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the each entity in the Group on terms that such entity would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition, which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. Twelve months expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

In all cases, the maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit losses, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

### Measurement of expected credit losses

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

### Presentation of allowance for expected credit losses in the balance sheet.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

### i. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are group the into cash generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of a CGU (or an individual asset) is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU (or the asset).

The Group's corporate assets (e.g., central office building for providing support to various CGUs) do not generate independent cash inflows. To determine impairment of a corporate asset, recoverable amount is determined for the CGUs to which the corporate asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognised in respect of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

In respect of other assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Group reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Such a reversal is made only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### XV. Inventories

Inventories includes raw materials, finished goods, work-in-progress and stores and spares. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs including manufacturing overheads incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition. Cost of raw materials, traded goods and stores and spares are ascertained on weighted average basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

### XVI. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost. Expected future operating losses are not provided for.

When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discontinued using a current pretax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risk specific the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as finance cost in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. The estimated future costs of decommissioning are reviewed annually and adjusted as appropriate. Changes in the estimated future of the discount rate applied are added to or deducted from the cost of the asset.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial consolidated statements but are disclosed by way of notes to accounts unless the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in consolidated financial statements. However, the same is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits with banks and corporations and bank overdrafts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

### XVII. Segment Reporting

The Chief Operational Decision Maker (CODM) monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the CODM.

The Managing Director/ Chief Executive Officer of the Company allocate resources and assess the performance of the Company, thus are the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). Custom Moulding Business is identified as single operating segment for the purpose of making decision on allocation of resources and assessing its performance.

### **XVIII.** Financial Instruments

### i Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised by each entity in the Group when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

### ii Classification and subsequent measurement

### Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- amortised cost:
- FVOCI debt investment;
- FVOCI equity investment; or
- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

At present, the Group does not have investments in any debt securities classified as FVOCI.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI (designated as FVOCI – equity investment). This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI or at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

### Financial assets: Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the each entity's management in the Group;;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest.

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin. In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the each entity in the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets (panofercourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual paramount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

### Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

| Financial<br>assets at<br>FVTPL             | These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.   |
|---|--|
| Financial<br>assets at<br>amortised<br>cost | These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss. |
| Equity<br>investments<br>at FVOCI           | These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.                         |

### Financial liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss.

### iii. Derecognition

### Financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

### Financial liabilities

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Group also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss.

### iv. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the consolidated balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the Year ended 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

## 4 Property, plant and equipment

|        | rving amount          |
|--------|-----------------------|
|        | econciliation of carr |
| do a c | Reco                  |
|        | 4                     |

| 9  |  |           |          |                     |                          |          |             |            |
|--|--|-----------|----------|---------------------|--------------------------|----------|-------------|------------|
| Particulars  | Freehold   | Leasehold | Building | Plant and           | Fixtures                 | Vohiolos | DOII Accote | Total      |
|  | land   | land      | Dania    | equipment           | and fittings             | venicies | NOU Assets  | 10641      |
| Balance at 1 April 2019  | 81.12  | 5.04      | 650.85   | 2,761.74            | 37.21                    | 20.90    | . 040       | 3,556.86   |
| Additions  | 100  | 7.88      | 2.03     | 43.76               | 1.18                     | 0.25     | 23.83       | 78.93      |
| Disposals  | 1  | i I       | ĝI       | (22.35)             | э                        | (1.78)   | ×10*)       | (24.13)    |
| Translation exchange differences   | Ē  | I ii      | 2.40     | 0.08                | 0.01                     | 0.01     | κ           | 2.49       |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on disposal/dissolution/liquidation of |  |           |          |                     |                          |          |             | (1,468.56) |
| subsidiaries   | (16.97)  | •         | (427.64) | (977.94)            | (29.65)                  | (16.37)  | 3           |            |
| Balance at 31 March 2020   | 64.15  | 12.92     | 227.64   | 1,805.28            | 8.75                     | 3.01     | 23.83       | 2,145.59   |
| Balance at 1 April 2020  | 64.15  | 12.92     | 227.64   | 1,805.28            | 8.75                     | 3.01     | 23.83       | 2,145.59   |
| Additions  | į  | x         | 98.0     | 8.60                | 2.47                     | 0.12     | 3.76        | 15.82      |
| Disposals  | ı  | (86)      | (37.40)  | (36.24)             | (0.87)                   | (0.73)   | (0.85)      | (76.09)    |
| Translation exchange differences   | Ä  | ŧ         | ı        | (0.03)              | 30                       | ä        | ī           | (0.03)     |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on disposal/dissolution/liquidation of |  |           |          |                     |                          |          |             | Ĭ          |
| subsidiaries   |  | Е         | 161      | •                   | ĸ                        | Š        | •           |            |
| Balance at 31 March 2021   | 64.15  | 12.92     | 191.10   | 1,777.62            | 10.36                    | 2.40     | 26.74       | 2,085.28   |
| Particulars  | Freehold   | Leasehold | Building | Plant and equipment | Fixtures<br>and fittings | Vehicles | ROU Assets  | Total      |
| Balance at 1 April 2019  | Į.   | 0.21      | 282.46   | 942.97              | 29.52                    | 14.68    | , P         | 1,269.84   |
| Depreciation for the year  | •  | 0.43      | 7.92     | 82.24               | 1.37                     | 0.65     | 4.00        | 96.62      |
| Disposals  | 9)   | 1)        | I.       | (19.40)             | 10                       | (1.30)   | 12.         | (20.70)    |
| Impairment   | •  | 18        | :1       |                     | a                        | Ĭ        | a           | *          |
| Translation exchange differences   | 10000  | 1         | 60.0     | 0.00                | 0.00                     | 0.00     | 0.00        | 0.00       |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on disposal/dissolution/liquidation of | State of the state | LIP.      |          |                     |                          |          |             | (1,015.78) |
| subsidiaries   | CHI  | STW       | (261.44) | (715.88)            | (25.93)                  | (12.54)  | ı           |            |
| Balance at 31 March 2020   | ON THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO PERSON NAME | 197 0.64  | 29.03    | 289.93              | 4.97                     | 1.49     | 4.00        | 330.07     |
|  | A CO ACC   | 1         |          |                     |                          |          |             |            |

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continuned...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| Balance at 1 April 2020                     | ()  | 0.64  | 29.03  | 289.93 | 4.97    | 1.49   | 4.00 | 330.07  |
|---|-----|-------|--------|--------|---------|--------|------|---------|
| Depreciation for the year                   |     | 0.97  | 7.53   | 83.55  | 1.50    | 0.45   | 5.59 | 09.66   |
| Disposals                                   | ()  | 31    | (2.19) | (60.6) | (0.80)  | (0.61) | 4    | (12.71) |
| Impairment                                  | 16  | E     | £      | E      | 9       | ï      | ï    | ·       |
| Translation exchange differences            | ,   |       |        | (0.01) | à       | 3      | 9    | (0.01)  |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control |     |       |        |        |         |        |      | i       |
| on disposal/dissolution/liquidation of      |     | 0(40) |        | CORE   | <u></u> | /(F)   |      |         |
| Balance at 31 March 2021                    | ji. | 1.61  | 34.37  | 364.39 | 5.66    | 1.33   | 9.59 | 416.95  |

### At 31 March 2020 At 31 March 2021

Security

Ä.

Carrying amounts (net)

1,815.52

19.83

1.52

1,515.35

198.60

12.28

64.15

4.69

Refer note 18 for the property, plant and equipment which are subject to charge.

### C. Commitments

For capital commitments made by the Group as at the balance sheet date, Refer note 38.

### Notes:

- (i) Leased Assets
- One of the company has obtained leasehold land for lease term of 95/99 Years.
- ROU asset have been calculated afresh for financial year ended 31.03.2021 and consequential effect have been routed through interest expenses.

## (ii) Contractual obligations

Refer Note 38 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

Borrowing costs are capitalized in case of qualifying assets in accordance with Ind AS 23 ' Borrowing Costs'. The Group has capitalized Rs. 10.40 crore (2019-20- Rs. 29.86 crore) as forex loss / (gain) on long term borrowing in accordance with the option obtained under para D13AA of Ind AS 101, (iii)



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 5 Capital work-in-progress

### Reconciliation of carrying amount

| Particulars                                      | Capital Work-in-                      |
|--|---------------------------------------|
|  | progress                              |
| Balance at 1 April 2019                          | 90.12                                 |
| Additions  | 7.06                                  |
| Adjustment                                       | *                                     |
| Assets capitalized during the year               | (3.75)                                |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on   | (87.29)                               |
| disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Balance at 31 March 2020                         | 6.14                                  |

| Particulars                                      | Capital Work-in- |
|--|------------------|
|  | progress         |
| Balance at 1 April 2020                          | 6.14             |
| Additions  | 1.08             |
| Adjustment                                       |                  |
| Assets capitalized during the year               | (4.60)           |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on   |                  |
| disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries |                  |
| Balance at 31 March 2021                         | 2.62             |
| Carrying amounts (net)                           |                  |
| At 31 March 2021                                 | 2.62             |

### 6 Goodwill

| Particulars   | Goodwill | Goodwill on<br>Consolidation | Goodwill |
|---|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| At Cost   |          |                              |          |
| Balance at 1 April 2019   | 91.20    | 100.27                       | 191.47   |
| Additions   |          |                              | 4        |
| Disposals   | (8)      | -                            | H00      |
| Translation exchange differences  | 0.06     |                              | 0.06     |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries | (71.08)  | (100.27)                     | (171.35) |
| Balance at 31 March 2020  | 20.18    | 2                            | 20.18    |
| Carrying amounts (net)  |          |                              |          |
| At 31 March 2020  | 20.18    | - J                          | 20.18    |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### Reconciliation of carrying amount

| Particulars   | Goodwill       | Goodwill on<br>Consolidation | Goodwill     |
|---|----------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| At Cost   |                |                              |              |
| Balance at 1 April 2020   | 20.18          | ·                            | 20.18        |
| Additions   | ( <del>*</del> | 85                           | : <u>-</u> : |
| Disposals   | (集             | 復                            | •            |
| Translation exchange differences  | (0.02)         | 300                          | (0.02)       |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries | Œ              | <b>(</b>                     |              |
| Balance at 31 March 2021  | 20.16          | 0#6                          | 20.16        |
| Carrying amounts (net)  |                |                              |              |
| At 31 March 2021  | 20.16          | - 14                         | 20.16        |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 7 Other intangible assets

| Particulars  | Technical<br>knowhow | Computer software | Brand<br>value | Total             |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| At Cost  |                      |                   |                |                   |
| Balance at 01 April 2019                           | 10.89                | 47.60             | 1,500.00       | 1,558.49          |
| Additions  | 72                   | 0.09              | 5              | 0.09              |
| Disposals  | 12                   | **                | 2              |                   |
| Translation exchange differences                   |                      | 0.02              | -              | 0.02              |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on     | Ē                    | (38.86)           | Ē              | (38.86)           |
| disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries   |                      |                   |                |                   |
| Balance at 31 March 2020                           | 10.89                | 8.85              | 1,500.00       | 1,519.74          |
| Balance at 01 April 2020                           | 10.89                | 8.85              | 1,500.00       | 1,519.74          |
| Additions  | =                    | 0.02              | #              | 0.02              |
| Disposals  | ₩.                   | (0.06)            | =              | (0.06)            |
| Translation exchange differences                   | z z                  | =                 | 22             | (a )              |
| Derecognition on account of                        | <b>-</b> 3.5         |                   | -              | (e)               |
| dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries            |                      |                   |                |                   |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on     | 18                   |                   | 2              | 0.23              |
| disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries   |                      |                   |                |                   |
| Balance at 31 March 2021                           | 10.89                | 8.81              | 1,500.00       | 1,519.70          |
| Accumulated amortization                           |                      |                   |                |                   |
| Balance at 01 April 2019                           | 3.16                 | 31.49             | (4)            | 34.65             |
| Amortization for the year                          | 0.92                 | 1.31              | ₩              | 2.22              |
| Impairment [refer Note no.55(c)]                   | ~                    | -                 | 800.00         | 800.00            |
| Disposals  | -                    | =                 | =              | ::e:              |
| Translation exchange differences                   | ÷                    | 0.01              | 18             | 0.01              |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on     | -                    | (27.58)           | -              | (27.58)           |
| disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries   |                      |                   |                |                   |
| Balance at 31 March 2020                           | 4.08                 | 5.23              | 800.00         | 809.30            |
| Balance at 01 April 2020                           | 4.08                 | 5.23              | 800.00         | 809.30            |
| Amortization for the year                          | 0.92                 | 1.23              | <del></del>    | 2.14              |
| Disposals  | - 2                  | (0.05)            | <u>=</u>       | (0.05)            |
| Translation exchange differences                   |                      | -                 | -              | P#I               |
| Derecognition on account of                        | ē                    | 8                 | -              | 1,000             |
| dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries            |                      |                   |                |                   |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on     | :=                   | -                 | -              | 3 <del>**</del> : |
| disposal / dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries |                      |                   |                |                   |
| Balance at 31 March 2020                           | 4.99                 | 6.40              | 800.00         | 811.40            |
| Carrying amounts (net)                             |                      |                   |                |                   |
| At 31 March 2020                                   | 6.81                 | 3.63              | 700.00         | 710.44            |
| At 31 March 2021                                   | 5.90                 | 2.41              | 700.00         | 708.31            |

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 8 Loans

(Unsecured, Considered Good)

| Particulars                                  | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Non-current                                  |               |               |
| Security deposits and earnest money deposits | 10.51         | 12.71         |
| Other loans given                            | 170.10        | 159.99        |
|  | 180.61        | 172.70        |
| Total  | 180.61        | 172.70        |

### 9 Other financial assets

| Particulars   | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020       |
|---|---------------|---------------------|
| Non-current   |               |                     |
| Security deposits and earnest money deposits  Current | 1.07<br>1.07  | $\frac{0.81}{0.81}$ |
| Others  | 7.14          | 7.14                |
|   | 7.16          | 7.14                |
| Total   | 8.23          | 7.95                |

### 10 Current tax assets (net)

| Particulars                     | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Current                         |               |               |
| Advance tax (net of provisions) | 9.67          | 49.40         |
|                                 | 9.67          | 49.40         |
| Total                           | 9.67          | 49.40         |

### 11 Other assets

| Particulars                            | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Non-current                            | AHLE SEXO     |               |
| Capital Advances                       | 4.43          | 4.35          |
|  | 4.43          | 4.35          |
| Current                                |               | 3 <del></del> |
| Advance to suppliers                   |               |               |
| Considered good                        | 16.89         | 24.80         |
| Considered doubtful                    | +             | :=:           |
| Less:- Provision for doubtful advances | -             | 18            |
| Prepaid expenses                       | 4.10          | 3.54          |
| Balances with government authorities   | 3.86          | 5.61          |
| Export incentives receivables          | 1.59          | 1.79          |
| Insurance Claim Receivable             | 31.09         |               |
| Others                                 | 2.90          | 3.87          |
|  | 60.43         | 39.61         |
| Total                                  | 64.86         | 43.96         |

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 12 **Inventories**

(At lower of cost and net realizable value)

| Particulars           | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| (a) Raw materials     | 86.59         | 89.51         |
| (b) Work in progress  | 16.72         | 20.89         |
| (c) Finished goods    | 34.51         | 37.99         |
| (d) Trading goods     | 4.73          | 3.40          |
| (e) Stores and spares | 7.72          | 8.21          |
| Total                 | 150.27        | 160.00        |

Borrowings are secured against above Inventories. Refer note 18 for details.

### 13 Trade receivables

(Unsecured, unless otherwise stated)

| Particulars  | 31 March 2021           | 31 March 2020 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Current  |                         |               |
| Trade receivables considered good                            | 222.72                  | 235.60        |
| Trade receivables considered doubtful                        |                         | -             |
|  | 222.72                  | 235.60        |
| Less: allowance for doubtful debts including ECL             | (64.69)                 | (42.19)       |
| Total  | 158.03                  | 193.41        |
| Borrowings are secured against above trade receivables. Refe | er note 18 for details. |               |
| Allowance for doubtful debts                                 |                         |               |
| Movement in allowance for doubtful debt:                     |                         |               |
| Balance at the beginning of the year                         | (42.19)                 | (24.75)       |
| Add: Allowance for the year                                  | (22.50)                 | , ,           |
| Less: Derecognition on account of loss of control on         |                         | 5.47          |
| disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries             |                         |               |
| Less: Bad debts written back                                 | <b>a</b> /              | (22.91)       |
| Balance at the end of the year                               | (64.69)                 | (42.19)       |

### Cash and cash equivalents 14

| Particulars        | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Balance with banks |               |               |
| In current account | 554.13        | 576.32        |
| Cash on hand       | 0.08          | 0.12          |
| Total              | 554.21        | 576.44        |
|                    | T at          |               |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 15 Other bank balances

| Particulars   | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Deposits:   |               |               |
| With original maturity of less than 3 months            | 5.00          | <b>E</b>      |
| With original maturity of more than 3 months but less   |               |               |
| than 12 months*   | 187.70        | 0.43          |
| Other deposits with original maturity over 3 months but |               |               |
| less than 12 months                                     | 180           | 396           |
| Total   | 192.70        | 0.43          |

### Note:



<sup>\*</sup> Deposit being marked as lien against bank guarantees.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...) for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 16 Share capital

| Particulars  | 31 March 2021 | 121    | 31 March 2020 | 0      |
|--|---------------|--------|---------------|--------|
|  | Numbers       | Amount | Numbers       | Amount |
| Authorised share capital                             |               |        |               |        |
| Equity shares of Rs. 10 (31 March 2020: Rs. 10) each | 1,61,00,000   | 16.10  | 1,61,00,000   | 16.10  |
|  |               |        |               |        |
| Issued, subscribed and paid up                       |               |        |               |        |
| Equity shares of Rs. 10 (31 March 2020: Rs. 10) each | 1,60,32,000   | 16.03  | 1,60,32,000   | 16.03  |
|  | 1,60,32,000   | 16.03  | 1,60,32,000   | 16.03  |

All issued shares are fully paid up.

# Reconciliation of share outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

| Particulars                     | 31 March 2021 | 1      | 31 March 2020 | •      |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------|--------|
|                                 | Numbers       | Amount | Numbers       | Amount |
| At the commencement of the year | 1,60,32,000   | 16.03  | 1,60,32,000   | 16.03  |
| At the end of the year          | 1,60,32,000   | 16.03  | 1,60,32,000   | 16.03  |
|                                 |               |        |               |        |

## Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Holding Company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the Holding Company's residual assets on winding up. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to his/its share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Holding Company. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presently payable has not been paid. Failure to pay any amount called up on shares may lead to their forfeiture.

## Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares

| Particulars | 31 March 2021 | 2021           | 31 March 2020 | 020            |
|-------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
|             | Numbers       | % of total     | Numbers       | % of total     |
|             |               | share in class |               | share in class |

Equity share of Rs. 1 (31 March 2020; Rs. 1) each fully paid-up held
- Sintex Plastics Technology Limited

60,32,000

100.00%

1.60.3

1,60,32,000

100.00%

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 17 Other equity

| Particulars                          | 31 March 2021  | 31 March 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Securities premium                   | 114.46         | 132.77        |
| Debenture redemption reserve         | 142.62         | 142.62        |
| General reserve                      | 366.61         | 366.61        |
| Retained earnings                    | (522.28)       | (237.24)      |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | 42.48          | 52.56         |
| Total                                | 143.88         | 457.32        |
| Securities premium                   |                |               |
| At the commencement of the year      | 132.77         | 132.77        |
| Add: addition during the year        | , <del>-</del> | 900           |
| Less: Other appropriation            | (18.32)        | -             |
| At the end of the year               | 114.45         | 132.77        |

### Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. It is utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

### Debenture redemption reserve

| At the commencement of the year  | 142.62   | 142.62 |
|--|----------|--------|
| Add: addition during the year from surplus in statement of profit and loss | <u>=</u> | =      |
| Less: transferred to general reserve                                       | 2        |        |
| At the end of the year   | 142.62   | 142.62 |

### Debenture redemption reserve ('DRR')

The reserve is created for redemption of non-convertible debentures in accordance with the sub-section (4) of section 71 of the Companies Act, 2013 out of profits of the Group available for dividend distribution. The same will be redeemed in line with repayment terms agreed with lenders. Accordingly, DRR would be utilized for the redemption of debentures. On account of losses and net liability position, the holding company has not created debenture redemption reserve during the year.

### General reserve

| At the commencement of the year                         | 366.61 | 1,166.61 |
|---|--------|----------|
| Add: Restatement/Reclass                                |        | -        |
| Add: transferred from debenture redemption reserve      |        |          |
| Less: Transfer to Retained Earnings (Refer note 55 (c)) |        | (800.00) |
| At the end of the year                                  | 366.61 | 366.61   |

### General reserve

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriate purposes. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| Particulars   | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Retained earnings   |               |               |
| At the commencement of the year                                       | (237.24)      | 531.15        |
| Add:  |               |               |
| Profit for the year   | (285.80)      | (619.89)      |
| Profit from discontinued operation                                    | 2             | 50.58         |
| Less:   |               |               |
| Elimination of NIEF Reserve on account of Sale                        | <u> </u>      | (779.38)      |
| Reclass and exchange differences arises in translation of balances of | *             | 1             |
| foreign operation in foreign currency translation reserve             |               |               |
| Earlier Liability recognized in Current Year                          |               | (219.95)      |
| Ind AS impact due to adoption of Ind AS 116 & Others                  | =             | 0.70          |
| Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligation, net of tax       | 0.75          | (0.45)        |
| Transfer to debenture redemption reserve                              | 3             | 250           |
| Brand Valuation Impairment Transfer to General Reserve                | *             | 800.00        |
| At the end of the year  | (522.28)      | (237.24)      |
| Foreign currency translation reserve                                  |               |               |
| At the commencement of the year                                       | 52.56         | (4.54)        |
| Add: Restatement/Reclass  | 32.30         | (4.34)        |
| Add: Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of  | (10.08)       | 57.10         |
| foreign operations  | (10.00)       | 57.10         |
| At the end of the year  | 42.48         | 52.56         |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 18 Borrowings

| Particulars                                       | 31 Marc           | 31 March 2021 |                  | 31 March 2020 |  |
|---|-------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|--|
|   | Non-current#      | Current**     | Non-current#     | Current**     |  |
| Non-current                                       |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| Secured   |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| Debentures (refer note A (i))                     | 9 <del>8</del> 2) | 130.00        |                  | 130.00        |  |
| Term loan from banks (refer note A (ii))          | 0.73              | 486.63        | 1.98             | 108.22        |  |
| Term loan from financial institutions (refer note |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| A (iii))  |                   | -             |                  | :4:           |  |
| Unsecured   |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| Term loan from banks (refer note B (i))           | ( <del>=</del> ); | 84.82         | 1961             | 84.82         |  |
| Term loan from financial institutions             | €).               |               |                  |               |  |
| Loan from others (refer note B (ii))              | 0.86              | 0.61          | 0.85             | 0.49          |  |
| Preference Share (refer note B (ii))              | 49.61             | #1            | 49.61            | -             |  |
| Total non-current borrowings                      | 51.20             | 702.06        | 52.44            | 323.53        |  |
| Current   |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| Secured   |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| Debentures (refer note A (i))                     | . <del></del>     | 839.55        | ; <del>*</del> 2 | 990.61        |  |
| Term loan from banks (refer note A (ii))          | <b>a</b>          | 14.89         | -                | 81.19         |  |
| Term loan from financial institutions (refer note |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| A (iii))  | 20                | 232.75        | ·                | 245.00        |  |
| Unsecured   |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| Term loan from banks (refer note B (i))           | ( <del>*</del> )  | 118.95        | (40)             | 273.29        |  |
| Secured   |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| From Bank - loan repayable on demand (refer       |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| note C (i))                                       | ₩.                | 403.28        | 37               | 443.73        |  |
| Unsecured   |                   |               |                  |               |  |
| From others ( refer note D (i))                   |                   | 18.72         |                  | 19.98         |  |
| Total current borrowings                          | (#)               | 1,628.14      |                  | 2,053.80      |  |
| Total   | 51.20             | 2,330.20      | 52.44            | 2,377.33      |  |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Current portion is reported under "Other current financial liabilities".

#The Group has defaulted in repayment of dues to lenders in respect of its borrowings as on 31 March 2020 and the same continues, as a result the account with these lenders has turned into NPA. Therefore the company has considered long term borrowing except where default has not been made under the head current borrowing. The detail of default has been reported under schedule 46.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### Notes:

### A Non-current borrowings (secured):

### (i) Debenture referred herein above to the extent of:

- (a) 2000, 9.36% p.a Secure Redeemable Non-convertible debentures of Rs. 1,000,000/- each are redeemable at par in three equal installments starting from 27 May 2024. Secured by way of first pari passu charge on the property, plant and equipment's of the Custom Moulding Undertaking ("CM") being transferred to the Company as per Composite Scheme of Arrangement ("CSA") excluding items of property, plant and equipment located at Nagpur and Kolkata. Mortgage of properties as per debenture trust deed.
- (b) Series A 13000, Series B 13000, Series C 13000, 9.25% p.a unlisted Secured Redeemable Non-convertible debentures of Rs. 100,000/- each are redeemable on 31 December 2020, 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2022 respectively. Secured by way of first pari passu charge on the immovable and movable property, plant and equipment's of Custom Moulding business ("CM") of the Group in India and first ranking exclusive pledge on 100% shareholding of subsidiary Sintex-BAPL Limited, in favor of Trustee. Mortgage of properties as per debenture trust deed.
- (c) 55,500, ROI 8% p.a, unlisted Secured Redeemable Non-convertible debentures of Rs. 100,000 each are redeemable 5% at the end of 4th year i.e.31 March 2022, 5% at the end of 5th year ,15% at the end of 6th year ,15% at the end of 7th year ,20% at the end of 8th year , 20% at the end of 9th year and 20% at the end of 10th year i.e.31 March 2028 and the overall facility is subject to cap of 19% on XIRR basis. Secured by way of first pari passu charge on the immovable and movable property, plant and equipment's of the Company and first ranking exclusive pledge on 100% shareholding of SBAPL, in favor of Trustee. Mortgage of properties as per debenture trust deed.

### (ii) secured term loans from banks referred herein above to the extent of:

- (a) Loan of Rs.8.26 crores is originally repayable in 24 quarterly installment, 2 of Rs.5.36 crores each and 22 of Rs.4.13 crores each starting from 1 April 2013 to 30 December 2019. The loan is secured by first pari passu charge on fixed assets of the Company both present and future. Rate of interest ranges from 9.5% p.a 9.95% p.a.
- (b) Loan of Rs. 4.68 crores is repayable in 16 quarterly installments of Rs. 0.94 crores each, starting 30 December 2016 to 30 September 2020.
- (c) Loan of Rs. 22.31 crores is repayable in 16 quarterly installments of Rs. 1.59 crores each, starting from 2 May 2019 to 2 February 2023. The loan is secured by first pari passu charge on fixed assets of the Company both present and future. Rate of interest ranges from 8.95% p.a 9.60% p.a.
- (d) Loan of Rs. 38 crores is repayable in 4 quarterly installments of Rs. 2 Crores Each, starting from 30th September, 2019, next four installments are of Rs. 2.4 crores each and last four installments of Rs.5.6 cores each at the rate of interest of 10.30%. The loan is secured by first pari passu charge over all the current assets of the company present and future.
- (e) Term loan of Rs. 14.15 crores crores from Yes Bank payable in 12 quarterly equal installments of Rs. 2.08 crores commencing from 25 January 2019 at the rate of interest of 10.65%. The loan is secured by first pari passu charge over all the current assets of the company.
- (f) Loan of Rs. 100 Crores is repayable in 4 quarterly installments of Rs. 8.17 crores each starting from 30th September 2019, and next 8 quarterly installments of Rs. 8.37 crores each, and last installment of Rs. 8.50 crore at the rate of interest of 10.70%. The loan is secured by second pari passu charge over all moveable assets of the company both present and future.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

(g) Loan of Rs 0.90 crores (31 March 2020: Rs 3.98 crores) is repayable in 12 equal quarterly installments of Rs. 50 lacss each after moratorium period of 2 years from the date of first disbursement that is August 8,2017 and it carries rate of interest of 10.45%. The loan is secured by first charge over entire current and movable fixed asset of the Company.

### (iii) Secured term loans from financial institutions referred herein above to the extent of:

- (a) Loan of Rs. 245 crores, ROI 8% p.a, is repayable 5% at the end of 4th year i.e. 31 March 2022, 5% at the end of 5th year,15% at the end of 6th year,15% at the end of 7th year,20% at the end of 8th year, 20% at the end of 9th year and 20% at the end of 10th year i.e. 31 March 2028 and the overall facility is subject to cap of 19% p.a on XIRR basis. Secured by way of first pari passu charge on the immovable and movable property, plant and equipment's of the Company, demand promissory note and first ranking exclusive pledge on 100% shareholding of SBAPL, in favor of Trustee. Mortgage of properties as per debenture trust deed.
- B Non-current borrowings (un-secured):
- (i) Un-secured term loans from banks referred herein above to the extent of:
- (a) Term loan (ECB) of Rs. 183 crores (31 March 2020: Rs. 188.47 crores) from ADCB Bank payable in 2 yearly equal installment commencing from 5 April 2021 at the rate of interest of 6 month Libor + 3%. However as per the recall notice from ADCB bank dated 21.10.2019 the same become due immediately.
- (b) Term loan (ECB) of Rs. 164.70 crores (31 March 2020: Rs. 169.62 crores) from HDFC Bank payable in 8 half yearly installment commencing from 21 November 2018 till 20 May 2022 at the rate of interest of 6 month Libor + 3.4%.
- (d) Loan of Rs.138 crores (31st March,2019; Nil;) is repayable in 18 quarterly equal installments of Rs.7.67 crores each starting from 31st March 2020, at the rate of interest of 10.70%.
- (ii) Un-secured term loans from others and Cumulative Redeemable Preference Share referred herein above to the extent of:
- (a) Loan from others of Rs. 0.86 crores of the subsidiary BAPL Roto tech P Ltd. The rate of interest 4% p.a.
- (b) 5,000,000, 5% Cumulative Redeemable Preference share issued are cumulative with a non-discretionary dividend of 9% per annum. As per the resolution passed in the meeting of Board of Directors on 12 January 2013 the redemption of the preference share was extended from March, 2013 to March, 2018. In the meeting of board of directors held on 18 January 2017 the redemption of preference share has been further extended from March, 2018 to March, 2023. In the meeting of board of director held on 16 July 2018 the redemption of preference share has been further extended from March, 2013 to March, 2028
- C Current borrowings (secured):
- (i) Loans from the banks repayable on demand referred herein above to the extent of:
- (a) Working capital loan of Rs 384.83 crores (31 March 2020 : 441.22 ) payable on demand at the rate of interest of 9.65% to 12.50% . The loan is secured by First pari passu charge on the current assets of the Company.
- (b) Working Capital Loan of Rs 18.45 Crores payable on demand at the rate of interest of 5%. The loan is secured by first charge over entire Current & Movable Fixed Assets of a subsidiary in India i.e. BAPL Rototech Private Limited.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

- D Current borrowings (un-secured):
- (i) Un-secured current borrowings from others referred herein above to the extent of:
- (a) Loan from others of Rs.Nil (31 March 2020 : 2.49 crores) of the subsidiary BAPL Roto tech P Ltd . The rate of interest 4% p.a.
- (b) Loan of Rs. 3.61 crores (31 March 2020 : Rs 3.61 Crores) payable on demand.
- (c) Loan of Rs. 13.42 crores (31 March 2020:13.78 Crores) payable on demand.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 19 Other financial liabilities

| Particulars   | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Non-Current   |               |               |
| Interest accrued but not due on borrowings                | 0.04          | 0.01          |
| Obligation under Finance Lease                            | 6.41          | 7.02          |
| _   | 6.45          | 7.03          |
| Current   |               |               |
| Interest accrued but not due on borrowings                | #:            | 2 <b>=</b> 6  |
| Current maturities of long-term borrowings                | 702.06        | 323.53        |
| Interest accrued but not due on borrowings                | 148.12        | 119.80        |
| Interest accrued and due on borrowings                    | 426.00        | 137.46        |
| Security deposits taken                                   | 9.23          | 9.05          |
| Acceptances and other trade arrangements                  | 265.71        | 268.19        |
| Accrued payables  | 54.59         | 56.53         |
| Arrears of dividend preference shares                     | 17.60         | 17.60         |
| Other payables (including for capital goods and services) | 1.74          | 1.73          |
| -   | 1,625.05      | 933.89        |
| Total   | 1,631.50      | 940.92        |

### 20 Provisions

| Particulars                            | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Non-current                            |               |               |
| Provision for gratuity (refer note 36) | 17.19         | 15.56         |
| Provision for leave encashment         | 9.10          | 8.20          |
|  | 26.29         | 23.76         |
| Current                                |               | *             |
| Provision for gratuity (refer note 36) | 1.92          | 1.90          |
| Provision for leave encashment         | 1.05          | 1.00          |
| Provision - others                     |               |               |
|  | 2.97          | 2.90          |
| Total                                  | 29.26         | 26.66         |

### 21 Trade payables

| Particulars                              | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Payables to micro and small enterprises* | 20.62         | 16.31         |
| Other trade payables                     | 210.86        | 204.03        |
| Total                                    | 231.48        | 220.34        |

<sup>\*</sup> Payables to micro and small enterprises includes the amount of interest due.

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payables is disclosed in Note 42.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 22 Other liabilities

| Particulars         | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Current             |               |               |
| Customer advances   | 32.60         | 35.92         |
| Other liabilities   | 31.23         | 33.68         |
| Statutory liability | 6.69          | 6.55          |
|                     | 70.52         | 76.15         |
| Total               | 70.52         | 76.15         |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 23 Revenue from operations

| Particulars               | 2020-21 | 2019-20 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|
| Sale of products          |         |         |
| Finished goods            | 869.81  | 919.95  |
| Traded goods              | #.      | -       |
| Sale of services          | 0.76    | 0.99    |
|                           | 870.57  | 920.94  |
| Less: Commission on sales | (13.35) | (29.38) |
|                           | 857.22  | 891.56  |
| Other operating revenue   | (iii)   |         |
| Scrap sales               | 0.71    | 1.14    |
|                           | 0.71    | 1.14    |
| Total                     | 857.93  | 892.70  |

### 24 Other income

| Particulars   | 2020-21 | 2019-20        |
|---|---------|----------------|
| Interest income                                       |         |                |
| - on deposits with banks                              | 0.86    | 1.98           |
| - from others   | 15.38   | 7.76           |
| Net gain on account of foreign exchange fluctuations* | 51.76   | <del>177</del> |
| Liabilities no longer payables written back           | 3.28    | ш              |
| Other non-operating income                            | 9.11    | 26.93          |
| Total   | 80.38   | 36.67          |

<sup>\*</sup> Refer Note no. 50.

### 25 Cost of material consumed

| Particulars   | 2020-21 | 2019-20 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Inventory of materials at the beginning of the year | 89.51   | 101.56  |
| Add: Purchases during the year                      | 446.31  | 483.48  |
| Less: Inventory of materials at the end of the year | (86.59) | (89.51) |
| Total   | 449.23  | 495.53  |

### 26 Purchase of stock-in-trade

| Particulars                  | 2020-21 | 2019-20 |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Electrical and plastic items | 12.92   | 8.68    |
| Total                        | 12.92   | 8.68    |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 27 Changes in inventories of finished goods and trading goods

| Particulars                               | 2020-21 | 2019-20 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Inventories at the end of the year:       |         |         |
| Finished goods                            | 34.51   | 37.99   |
| Work in progress                          | 16.72   | 20.89   |
| Stock in trade                            | 4.73    | 3.40    |
|   | 55.96   | 62.28   |
| Inventories at the beginning of the year: |         |         |
| Finished goods                            | 37.99   | 150.49  |
| Work in progress                          | 20.89   | 35.91   |
| Stock in trade                            | 3.40    | 1.71    |
|   | 62.28   | 188.11  |
| Less: exchange differences (net)          | 0.65    | (0.65)  |
| Total                                     | 5.67    | 126.48  |

### 28 Employee benefits expense

| Particulars   | 2020-21 | 2019-20 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Salaries, wages and bonus                                 | 103.14  | 124.73  |
| Contribution to gratuity, provident fund and other funds* | 8.41    | 9.31    |
| Staff welfare expenses                                    | 8.80    | 10.00   |
| Total   | 120.35  | 144.04  |
| *Refer no. 36   |         |         |

### 29 Finance costs

| Particulars            | 2020-21 | 2019-20 |
|------------------------|---------|---------|
| Interest on borrowings |         |         |
| - to banks             | 147.90  | 168.19  |
| - to others*           | 32.16   | 20.42   |
| Interest on debentures | 109.77  | 103.65  |
| Other borrowing costs  | 47.30   | 21.26   |
| Total                  | 337.13  | 313.52  |

<sup>\*</sup> Interest on borrowing to others is towards debt from KKR India financial services Ltd & late payment of vendors/statutory dues.

### 30 Depreciation and amortization expense

| Particulars                                    | 2020-21 | 2019-20 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipments | 99.77   | 96.62   |
| Amortization of other intangible assets        | 2.14    | 2.22    |
| Total  | 101.91  | 98.84   |

<sup>\*</sup> Refer Note no.49

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 31 Other expenses

| Particulars                                   | 2020-21  | 2019-20 |
|---|----------|---------|
| Consumption of stores and spare parts         | 23.53    | 32.52   |
| Job work and subcontracting charges           | 32.16    | 39.40   |
| Power and fuel                                | 40.10    | 47.97   |
| Rent including lease rentals                  | 2.97     | 5.84    |
| Repairs and maintenance                       | 4.58     | 5.79    |
| Legal and professional expenses               | 11.47    | 67.61   |
| Temporary staff and security expenses         | 6.03     | 2.41    |
| Insurance                                     | 4.32     | 4.11    |
| Rates and taxes                               | 0.85     | 1.02    |
| Travelling and conveyance Expenses            | 3.18     | 8.69    |
| Donations and contributions                   | <u>*</u> | 0.03    |
| Payments to auditors (refer note below)       | 0.83     | 0.54    |
| Bad Debts                                     | 0.03     | 52.63   |
| Provisions for doubtful debts and advances    | 22.51    | 22.44   |
| Communication expenses                        | 1.09     | 1.86    |
| Advertisement and sales promotion expenses    | 0.53     | 5.33    |
| Transportation and freight charges            | 21.36    | 36.98   |
| Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment | (20)     | 0.60    |
| General expenses                              | 15.15    | 35.98   |
| Total   | 190.69   | 371.75  |

### (i) Payment to auditors

| Particulars   | 2020-21            | 2019-20 |
|---|--------------------|---------|
| Payment to auditors (exclusive of goods and service | tax / service tax) |         |
| - as auditor  |                    |         |
| - Statutory audit                                   | 0.73               | 0.51    |
| - Tax audit   | 0.10               | 0.03    |
| - Other services                                    |                    |         |
| - In other capacity                                 |                    |         |
| - Taxation matters                                  |                    |         |
| - Company law matters                               |                    |         |
| - Reimbursement of expenses                         | 2                  |         |
| Total   | 0.83               | 0.54    |

### 32 Exceptional items

| Particulars                | 2020-21 | 2019-20  |
|----------------------------|---------|----------|
| Impairment                 |         | 800.00   |
| Gain on sale of subsidiary | -       | (787.40) |
| Total                      | 2.4     | 12.60    |

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 33 Tax expense

### A. Income tax (income) / expense recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

| Particulars                                      | 2020-21 | 2019-20  |
|--|---------|----------|
|  |         |          |
| Current tax expenses                             |         |          |
| Current tax on profit for the year               | 2.48    | 0.29     |
| Adjustments for the current tax of prior periods | 0.86    | 0.01     |
|  | 3,34    | 0.30     |
| Deferred tax expenses                            |         |          |
| Attributable to—                                 |         |          |
| Decrease/(Increase) in deferred tax assets       | 0.55    | (111.54) |
| MAT credit entitlement                           | *       | (0.15)   |
|  | 0.55    | (111.69) |
| Total  | 3.89    | (111.39) |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...) for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

## 33D Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax Asset (Net)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

| Deferred tax assets and mannines are authoriable to the following. |               |                             |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Particulars  | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2021 31 March 2020 |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities   |               |                             |
| Property, plant and equipment - depreciation difference            | 274.12        | 274.26                      |
| Others   | 2.07          | 2.07                        |
| Total Deferred Tax Liabilities (A)                                 | 276.19        | 276.33                      |
|  |               |                             |
| Deferred Tax Assets  |               |                             |
| Disallowances under Income Tax                                     | 13.75         | 13.78                       |
| Provision for doubtful debts and advances                          | 2.56          | 2.56                        |
| Unabsorbed depreciation & Depreciation                             | 259.88        | 260.52                      |
| MAT Credit Entitlement   | 90.44         | 29.06                       |
| Other  | ĵ.            |                             |

The Group offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Net Deferred tax Assets/(liabilities) (A-B)

Total Deferred Tax Assets (B)

367.53

366.62

The holding company Sintex BAPL Limited has recognize deferred tax assets of Rs. 90.44 Crores (i.e. to the extent of availability of MAT Credit) up to 31st March 2021.



(i) Movements in Deferred Tax Liabilities/(Assets)

| Particulars   | 4 / 0                                     | Disallowances       | Provision for                  | Unabsorbed            |                           |        | Net Deferred              |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------|---------------------------|
|   | equipment -<br>depreciation<br>difference | under Income<br>Tax | doubtful debts<br>and advances | depreciation & Losses | MAT Credit<br>Entitlement | Other  | Tax Liabilities/ (Assets) |
| At 31 March 2019                                    | 255.48                                    | (15.93)             | (7.20)                         | (109.26)              | (90.52)                   | 2.07   | 34.63                     |
| Charged/(credited)                                  |   |                     |                                |                       |                           |        |                           |
| - to statement of profit and loss                   | 33.40                                     | 1.76                | 4.64                           | (151.26)              | (0.15)                    | (0.10) | (111.69)                  |
| - to other comprehensive income                     | •   | (0.35)              | Ē.                             | 2                     | Ŗ                         | 80     | (0.35)                    |
| - to derecognition on account of loss of control    | (14.61)                                   | 0.74                | 3                              | í                     | ).                        | x      | (13.80)                   |
| on disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries |   |                     |                                |                       |                           |        |                           |
| At 31 March 2020                                    | 274.27                                    | (13.78)             | (2.56)                         | (260.52)              | (90.67)                   | 1.97   | (91.20)                   |
|   |   |                     |                                |                       |                           |        |                           |
| Charged/(credited)                                  |   |                     |                                |                       |                           |        |                           |
| <ul> <li>to statement of profit and loss</li> </ul> | (0.15)                                    | 0.04                | Ü                              | 0.64                  | 0.23                      | 101    | 92.0                      |
| - to other comprehensive income                     | Ţ.  | <u>ji</u>           | ¥                              | Ĩ                     | 9.                        | 31     | 9                         |
| - to derecognition on account of loss of control    |   |                     |                                |                       |                           |        |                           |
| on disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries | <b>#</b>                                  | ),                  | 1                              | ř                     | 2                         | x      | î                         |
| - Foreign exchange gain loss on deferred tax        | <b></b> ₽У-                               | į                   | i i                            |                       | <u> </u>                  | 136    |                           |
| At 31 March 2021                                    | 274.12                                    | (13.74)             | (2.56)                         | (259.88)              | (90.44)                   | 1.97   | (90.44)                   |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 34 Discontinued operations

In previous year the Group had entered into agreement to sell its entire equity holding in one of its wholly owned subsidiary, Sintex NP SAS, to a consortium of private equity investors. Pursuant to that agreement, the sale transaction was concluded on 24th October, 2019 and a consideration of Euro 155 Million has been received by its wholly owned subsidiary, Sintex Holding BV.

The break-up of the financial results of Discontinued Operations for both the years are as follows.

### Analysis of the profit/(loss) from discontinued operations

| Particulars   | 2020-21          | 2019-20 |
|---|------------------|---------|
| Income  |                  |         |
| Revenue from operations   | -                | 971.32  |
| Other income  | =                | 5.88    |
| Total Income  | 14               | 977.20  |
| Expenses  |                  |         |
| Cost of materials consumed  | : <del>E</del>   | 355.19  |
| Purchases of stock-in-trade   |                  | 64.02   |
| Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in- progress and trading goods | :(=              | 4.48    |
| Employee benefits expense   | 7 <u>4</u>       | 300.03  |
| Finance costs   | 390              | 1.54    |
| Depreciation and amortization expense   | 025              | 55.12   |
| Other expenses  |                  | 135.46  |
| Total Expenses  | X#               | 915.84  |
| Profit before tax   |                  | 61.36   |
| Tax expense:  |                  |         |
| Current tax   | <b>€</b>         | 9.90    |
| Deferred tax  |                  | 0.88    |
| Total Tax Expense   | 92               | 10.78   |
| Profit/(Loss) after tax from Discontinued operations                          | ( <del>*</del> ) | 50.58   |

### 35 Other comprehensive income

| Particulars   | 2020-21  | 2019-20      |
|---|----------|--------------|
| A(i) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss               |          |              |
| Re-measurements of defined benefit (asset) / liability                                | 0.76     | (0.72)       |
| Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income                                 | <u>a</u> | *            |
| (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss     |          |              |
| Re-measurements of defined benefit (asset) / liability                                |          | 0.27         |
| Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income                                 |          |              |
| B(i) Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss                   |          |              |
| Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of foreign operations    | 42.48    | 57.10        |
| (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss         |          | <del>-</del> |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, Net of tax ((A(i)+(ii)) + (B(i)+(ii)) | 43.24    | 56.65        |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 36 Disclosures for employee benefits

### a) Defined contribution plans:

The Group operates defined contribution retirement benefit plans for all qualifying employees in respect of its Indian subsidiaries. The assets of the plans are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees. Where employees leave the plans prior to full vesting of the contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions.

The Group makes Provident Fund, ESI Fund and Superannuation Fund contributions to defined contribution plans for qualifying employees. Under these schemes, the Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The contributions payable to these plans by the Group are at rates specified in the rules of the scheme. The group recognized below contributions in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

| Particulars                              | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Employers Contribution to Provident Fund | 5.20          | 6.33          |
| Employers Contribution to Pension Fund   | 0.05          | 0.05          |
| Superannuation Fund                      | 0.05          | 0.09          |
| ESIC Fund                                | 0.54          | 0.90          |
| Total                                    | 5.84          | 7.37          |

### b) Defined benefit plans:

The Group sponsors funded defined benefit plans for qualifying employees in respect of its Indian subsidiaries. The defined benefit plans are administered by a separate fund that is legally separated from the entity. The board of the fund is composed of an equal number of representatives from both employers and (former) employees. The board of the fund is required by law and by its articles of association to act in the interest of the fund and of all relevant stakeholders in the scheme, i.e. active employees, inactive employees, retirees, employers. The board of the fund is responsible for the investment policy with regard to the assets of the fund.

Under the Gratuity plan, the eligible employees are entitled to post-retirement benefit at the rate of 15 days salary for each year of service until the retirement age of 60 (58 years for remaining business) subject to ceiling of Rs. 0.20 cores. The vesting period for Gratuity as payable under The Payment of Gratuity Act is 5 years. Under the Compensated absences plan, leave encashment is payable to all eligible employees on separation from the Group due to death, retirement, superannuation or resignation. At the rate of daily salary, as per current accumulation of leave days.

The defined benefit pension plans requires contributions from employees. Contributions are in the following two forms; one is based on the number of years of service and the other one is based on a fixed percentage of salary of the employees. Note 2(viii) describes change in accounting in the current year following the adoption of the amendments to Ind AS 19.

The plans in India typically expose the Group to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| Investment risk | The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bond yields; if the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently the plan has a relatively balanced investment in equity securities and debt instruments. |
|-----------------|--|
| Interest risk   | A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.   |
| Longevity risk  | The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.  |
| Salary risk     | The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.  |
|                 |  |

The risk relating to benefits to be paid to the dependents of plan members (widow and orphan benefits) is re-insured by an external insurance company. No other post-retirement benefits are provided to these employees.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 31 March 2021. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, is determined based on actuarial valuation and is measured using the projected unit credit method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional units of employees benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to buildup the final obligation.

### A. Gratuity

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of actuarial valuation were as follows:

| Particulars                         | 31 March 2021  | 31 March 2020  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Discount rate                       | 6.55%  | 6.55%  |
| Expected rate(s) of salary increase | 7%   | 7%   |
| Attrition rate                      | 10-25% P.a. at<br>Younger Age.<br>Reducing to 3% at<br>older age | 10-25% P.a. at<br>Younger Age.<br>Reducing to 3% at<br>older age |
| Mortality rate                      |  | Indian assured lives mortality (2012-14) ultimate                |

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

Amount recognized in Statement of profit and loss in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows:

| Particulars   | 31 March 2021            | 31 March 2020          |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Current service cost  | 1.84                     | 1.81                   |
| Past service cost and (gain)/loss on settlements  | *                        | 700                    |
| Net interest expense  | 1.08                     | 0.98                   |
| Component of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement  | 2.92                     | 2.79                   |
| Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense) Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions Actuarial gains and losses arising from change in demographic | 0.01<br>(0.02)<br>(0.00) | 0.11<br>1.09<br>(0.00) |
| assumption Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from experience adjustments   | (0.78)                   | (0.03)                 |
| Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other co  | (0.79)                   | 1.17                   |
| Total   | 2.13                     | 3.97                   |

The current service cost and net interest expense for the year are included in the 'Employee benefit expense' line item in the consolidated statement of Profit and Loss.

The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability is included in other comprehensive income.

The amount included in balance sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of its defined benefit plans are as follows:

| Particulars   | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Present value of funded defined benefit obligation    | 20.07         | 18.58         |
| Fair value of plan assets                             | 0.92          | 1.12          |
| Net liability arising from defined benefit obligation | 19.15         | 17.46         |
| Non-current   | 15.63         | 15.60         |
| Current   | 1.86          | 1.86          |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

| Particulars  | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Opening defined benefit obligation                           | 18.58         | 17.63         |
| Transferred pursuant to scheme of arrangement                | 140           | ₹             |
| Current service cost   | 1.84          | 1.81          |
| Interest cost  | 1.16          | 1.26          |
| Remeasurement (gains)/losses:                                |               |               |
| losses arising from  | 0.01          | 1.09          |
| changes in financial   |               |               |
| Actuarial gains and losses arising from change in demograph  | (0.00)        | (0.00)        |
| Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustmer | (0.78)        | (0.03)        |
| Past Service Cost  |               |               |
| Benefits paid  | (0.73)        | (3.18)        |
| Closing defined benefit obligation                           | 20.07         | 18.58         |

Movement in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows:

| Particulars   | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020                         |
|---|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Opening fair value of plan assets                               | 1.12          | 3.74                                  |
| Transferred pursuant to scheme of arrangement                   | -             | (e)                                   |
| Interest income   | 0.07          | 0.28                                  |
| Return on plan assets less loss on investments (excluding amour | (0.00)        | (0.10)                                |
| Remeasurement - Actuarial (gains)/losses                        | (A)           | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Contribution from the employer                                  | 0.44          | 0.39                                  |
| Transfer of assets  | -             | ) <u>#</u>                            |
| Benefits paid   | (0.70)        | (3.18)                                |
| Closing fair value of plan assets                               | 0.92          | 1.12                                  |

Composition of the plan assets

| Particulars      | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Insurance policy | 98% - 100%    | 98% - 100%    |
| Bank balance     | 0% - 2%       | 0% - 2%       |
| Total            | 100%          | 100%          |

### Sensitivity analysis:

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| Particulars  | 31 March | 1 2021   | 31 March | 1 2020   |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|  | Increase | Decrease | Increase | Decrease |
| Discount rate (0.5% movement)                              | 19.15    | 20.59    | 17.94    | 19.11    |
| withdrawal rate (0.5% movement) Future salary growth (0.5% | 19.81    | 19.88    | 18.37    | 17.60    |
| movement)  | 20.54    | 19.19    | 19.07    | 17.78    |

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized in the balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

Each year an Asset-Liability-Matching study is performed in which the consequences of the strategic investment policies are analyzed in terms of risk-and-return profiles. Investment and contribution policies are integrated within this study.

The expected benefit payments is as follows:

| Defined benefit obligation | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Less than 1 year           | 2.43          | 1.82          |
| Between 1-2 years          | 1.86          | 1.67          |
| Between 2-5 years          | 5.49          | 5.11          |
| Over 5 years               | 8.80          | 8.23          |
| Total                      | 18.58         | 16.84         |

### B Other long term employee benefits:

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of actuarial valuation were as follows:

| Particulars        | 31 March 2021     | 31 March 2020     |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Discount rate      | 6.55%             | 6.55%             |
| salary growth rate | 7.00%             | 7.00%             |
| , ,                | 10-25% P.a. at    | 10-25% P.a. at    |
| with duoyed notes  | Younger Age.      | Younger Age.      |
| withdrawal rates   | Reducing to 3% at | Reducing to 3% at |
|                    | older age         | older age         |

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 37 Earnings per share

| Parti  | culars  | 2020-21        | 2019-20     |
|--------|---|----------------|-------------|
| Face v | value per equity share (in Rs.)                                       | 10             | 10          |
| (a)    | Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders from:         | (283.48)       | (569.16)    |
| (i     | ) continuing operations   | (283.48)       | (619.74)    |
| (i     | i) discontinued operations  | -              | 50.58       |
| (i     | ii) continuing and discontinued operations                            | (283.48)       | (569.16)    |
| (b)    | Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year                  | 1,60,32,000    | 1,60,32,000 |
| (c)    | Equity shares issued during the year                                  | <b>(</b>       | -           |
| (d)    | Increase in number of shares on conversion of share warrants          |                | <u>=</u>    |
| (e)    | Number of equity shares at the end of the year                        | 1,60,32,000    | 1,60,32,000 |
| (f)    | Weighted average number of equity shares for                          | 1,60,32,000    | 1,60,32,000 |
|        | calculating basic earnings per share                                  |                | , , ,       |
| (g)    | Shares deemed to be issued on conversion of FCCB                      |                | -           |
| (h)    | Weighted average number of equity shares for                          |                |             |
|        | calculating diluted   | 1,60,32,000    | 1,60,32,000 |
| Earnir | ngs per equity share (in Rs) (from continuing operation)              |                |             |
|        | - Basic earnings per share  | (176.82)       | (386.56)    |
|        | - Diluted earnings per share  | (176.82)       | (386.56)    |
| Earnir | gs per equity share (in Rs) (from discontinued operation)             |                |             |
|        | - Basic earnings per share  |                | 31.55       |
|        | - Diluted earnings per share  | <b>%</b> :     | 31.55       |
| Earnin | gs per equity share (in Rs) (from continuing operations & discontinue | ed operations) |             |
|        | - Basic earnings per share  | (176.82)       | (355.01)    |
|        | - Diluted earnings per share  | (176.82)       | (355.01)    |

### Notes:

A Weighted average number of equity shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year adjusted by the number of equity shares issued during the year multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the year.

### A. Leases as lessee

Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

| Particulars                     | Note | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---------------------------------|------|---------------|---------------|
| (ii) Other expenses Office rent | 31   | 2.97          | 5.84          |
|                                 |      | 2.97          | 5.84          |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

В. Future minimum rental payables under non-cancellable operating lease

| Particulars      | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 0 to 1 year      | 7.47          | 7.91          |
| 1 to 5 year      | 16.58         | 25.00         |
| more than 5 year | 6.40          | 6.40          |

### 38 Contingent liabilities and commitments

(to the extent not provided for)

| Particulars  | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Contingent liabilities and commitments   |               |               |
| a. Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts  |               |               |
| (i) Indirect tax matters (refer note (i) below)  | 11.33         | 1.84          |
| (ii) Direct tax matters (refer note (i) below)   | 8.22          | 0.33          |
| b Legal Cases  |               |               |
| In respect of Matters Going against the company towards Legal Cases                            | 9.86          | 8.65          |
| c Guarantees excluding financial guarantees:   |               |               |
| Outstanding bank guarantees  | 9.14          | 35.89         |
| d Commitments  |               |               |
| Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for | 14.12         | 7.74          |

### Notes

i) Pending resolution of the respective proceedings, it is not practicable for the Group to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above as it is determinable only on receipt of judgments/decisions pending with various forums/authorities. The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its consolidated financial statements.

Contingent liabilities

Company is in appeal with higher authorities.

| _ | rticulars   | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| A | Sales tax/GST For non receipt of C forms and H form in respect of assessment years 2010-11, 2012-13, 2013 -14 and 2014-15 | 0.03          | -             |
|   | In respect of matters decided against the Group, for which the Group is in appeal with higher authorities/others.         | 6.44          | 1.43          |
| В | Work Contract Act In respect of matters decided against the Company, for which the  | ARA & CO      | 0.21          |

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

| $\mathbf{C}$ | Excise  | 1 4     |
|--------------|---------|---------|
|              | H.VCICE | anta.   |
| ~            | LACISO  | uut v . |

In respect of matters decided against the Group, for which the 4.87 0.19 Group is in appeal with higher authorities.

### Claims against Group not acknowledged as debts

In respect of matters where the Group has received favourable orders from the First Appellate authorities but the Central Excise and Customs Department is pursuing further with higher Appellate authorities

### D Direct taxes:

In respect of matters decided against the Group, for which the 8.22 0.33 Group is In appeal with higher authorities.

### E Guarantees excluding financial guarantees

Outstanding bank guarantees 9.14 35.89

### F Legal Cases

In respect of Matters Going against the company towards Legal Cas 9.86 8.65

- (ii) The Honorable Supreme Court of India vide its order dated 28th February, 2019 held that 'Basic Wages' for the contribution towards Provident Fund (PF) should only exclude [in addition to specific exclusions under Section 2(b)(ii) of the Employees Provident Fund Act, 1952]:
  - a) amounts that are payable to the employee for undertaking work beyond the normal work which he/she is otherwise required to put in and
  - b) allowances which are either variable or linked to any incentive for production resulting in greater output by an employee and that the allowances are not paid across the board to all employees in a particular category or were being paid especially to those who avail the opportunity.

With reference to the above mentioned judgment, the Group's Management is of the view that there is considerable uncertainty around the timing, manner and extent in which the judgment will be interpreted and applied by the regulatory authorities. Management is of the view that any incremental outflow in this regard can only be determined once the position being taken by the regulatory authorities in this regard is known and the Management is able to evaluate all possible courses of action available.

Accordingly, provision for the month of March 2021 has been recognized in the Financial Statements in this regard.

### **A Capital Commitments**

(i) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for

14.12

7.74



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 39 Segment reporting

(a) The Managing Director/ Chief Executive Officer of the Company allocate resources and assess the performance of the Company, thus are the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). Custom Moulding Business is identified as single operating segment for the purpose of making decision on allocation of resources and assessing its performance.

### (b) Information about geographical areas

### (i) Revenue from External Customers

| Particulars   | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| India         | 801.26        | 845.70        |
| Outside India | 56.67         | 47.00         |
| Total         | 857.93        | 892.70        |

Revenue from external customer is allocated based on the location of customers.

### (ii) Non - Current Assets

| Particulars   | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| India         | 2,674.48      | 2,787.58      |
| Outside India | 1.49          | 33.76         |
| Total         | 2,675.97      | 2,821.34      |

Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, intangible assets and capital advances. It is allocated based on the geographic location of the respective assets.

### (c) Information about major customers

There is no customer representing more than 10% of the total balance of trade receivables.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....) for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

## 40 Related party disclosures

As per the Indian Accounting Standard-24 on "Related Party Disclosures", list of related parties identified of the Group are

# (a) Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")

| 1. Mr. Amit D. Patel (Chairman & Managing Director)                 | 8. Mrs. Mamta P. Tripathi, (Independent Director)                          |
|---|--|
| 2. Mr. Rahul A. Patel (Director)                                    | 9. Shri Bijaya Behera, Managing Director (w.e.f. 15/11/2019)               |
| 3. Mr. Desh Raj Dogra (Independent Director) (Up to 21st July,2020) | 10. Mr. Pradeep M. Shah(Chief financial Officer) (up to 6th January, 2021) |
| 4. Mr. Amal D. Dhru (Independent Director) (Up to 15/07/2020)       | 11. Mr. Yash Sheth (Company Secretary)                                     |
| 5. Mr. Dinesh Khera (Independent Director)                          |  |
| 6. Mr. Bhavan Trivedi, (Independent Director)                       |  |
| 7. Mr. Yogesh L. Chhunchha, (Independent Director)                  | 5  |

### Related party disclosures

As per the Indian Accounting Standard-24 on "Related Party Disclosures", list of related parties identified of the Company are as follows.

### (a) Parent Entity

Sintex Plastics Technology Limited



### (b) Other related parties

| Fellow subsidiary                          | Sintex Prefab and Infra Limited      |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Enterprises over which Key Managerial      | Som Shiva (Impex) Ltd                |
| Personnel are able to exercise significant | Granula Masterbatches India Pvt. Ltd |
| influence / control                        | Healwell International Limited       |

## (c) Transactions with related parties:

those which might reasonably be expected to be available, in respect of similar transactions with non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's The terms and conditions of the transactions with key management personnel and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or length basis. The aggregate value of the Group's transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or significant influence is as follows:

|  |      |  | Z             | Nature of Relationship |  |              |
|--|------|--|---------------|------------------------|--|--------------|
| Nature of transactions                 | Year | Entities over KMP exercise significant influence | Holding       | Fellow Subsidiaries    | KMP  | Total        |
| Purchase of goods/services             |      |  |               |                        |  |              |
| - Sintex Prefab And Infra Limited      | 2021 |  | ŀ             | 0.00                   | 10   | ε            |
|  | 2020 | •  | а             | 0.01                   | а  | 0.01         |
| - Som Shiva (Impex) Ltd                | 2021 | 4.14   |               |                        | c  | 4.14         |
|  | 2020 | 5.08   |               | j                      |  | 5.08         |
| - Sintex Plastics Technology Limited   | 2021 |  | )( <b>1</b> ) | 鬼                      | 10(3)  | E <b>1</b> 8 |
|  | 2020 | r  | 4.44          | ï                      |  | 4.44         |
| - Granula Masterbatches India Pvt. Ltd | 2021 | 3.27   | :1:           | 300                    | <b>(B</b>  | 3.27         |
|  | 2020 | 5.35   | U             | r.                     | 16)  | 5.35         |
| Sale of goods/services                 |      |  |               |                        |  |              |
| - Som Shiva (Impex) Ltd                | 2021 |  |               | Tri Control            | eare:  | (3)          |
|  | 2020 | 90.0   |               | Ĭ                      | æ  | 90.0         |
| Managerial Remuneration                | 2021 |  | (30)          | 10.7                   | 0.14   | 0.14         |
|  | 2020 |  | <i>J</i> ;    | 1 2                    | 0.84   | 0.84         |
| Unsecured Loan taken                   |      |  |               |                        |  |              |
| - Sintex plastics technologies limited | 2021 | 10   | 0.36          | ij                     |  | 0.36         |
|  | 2020 | 71   | 4.89          | 1                      | SAR & CO   | 4.89         |
| Unsecured Loan / Advance Given         |      |  |               |                        | 1180   |              |
| - Sintex prefab and infra limited      | 2021 | ,  |               | į                      | ×  | τ            |
|  | 2020 |  |               | 0.08                   | TAKE - VALUE OF THE PARTY OF TH | 0.08         |

### Balances with related parties

|   |              |              |                    | Nature of Relationship |   |     |       |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------------|---|-----|-------|
| Nature of transactions                                | Year         | Subsidiaries | Holding<br>Company | Fellow Subsidiaries    | Entities over KMP exercise significant influence/ control | KMP | Total |
| Trade payable<br>- Sintex Prefab And Infra Limited    | 2021         |              | ) a                | 1.66                   |   | 1 1 | 1.66  |
| - Sintex Plastics Technology Limited                  | 2021         | () r         | 1.97               | * *                    | E 1   | 6 6 | 1.97  |
| - Som Shiva (Impex) Ltd                               | 2021         | 1 1          |                    | 300 W                  | 3.39  | * * | 3.39  |
| - Granula Masterbatches India Pvt.<br>Ltd             | 2021         | (f) 1        | 96 9               | (8)                    | 4.49  |     | 4.49  |
| Trade receivable<br>- Sintex prefab and infra limited | 2021<br>2020 |              | 9 6                | 72.70                  | i s   | 0 0 | 72.70 |
| Loan given - Sintex prefab and infra limited          | 2021         |              |                    | 35.08<br>35.08         | ( <b>9</b> ) <b>1</b>                                     |     | 35.08 |
| Borrowing - Sintex plastics technologies limited      | 2021         | Ĭ,           | 13.42              | Č                      | •   | •   | 13.42 |
|   | 2020         | Đ,           | 13.78              |                        |   |     | 13.78 |

Key Management Personnel who are under the employment of the Holding Company are not entitled to post employment benefits and other long term employee benefits recognized as per Ind AS 19 - Employee benefits in the Consolidated financial statements.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 41 Fair value measurements

### A. Accounting Classification & Fair Value Hierarchy

### Financial Assets and Liabilities:

The Group principal financial assets include investments, trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, derivative assets and other financial assets. The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of borrowings, trade payables, derivative liabilities and other financial liabilities. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and projects.

### Fair Value Hierarchy:

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels.

Level 1: It includes investment in equity shares and mutual fund that has a quoted price and which are actively traded on the stock exchanges. It is been valued using the closing price as at the reporting period on the stock exchanges.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates, If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: These instruments are valued based on significant unobservable inputs whereby future cash flows are discounted using appropriate discount rate.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

### B. Accounting classification and fair values

### As at 31 March 2021

|                                       |       |        |                |          |  | Fair Va  | lue  |       |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--------|----------------|----------|--|--|--|-------|
| Particulars                           | FVTPL | FVTOCI | Amortized cost | Total    | Level 1 -<br>Quoted price in<br>active markets | Level 2 -<br>Significant<br>observable<br>inputs | Level 3 -<br>Significant<br>unobservable<br>inputs | Total |
| Investments                           | 2     | 4      | -              | -        |  |  |  | -     |
| Trade receivables                     |       | (4)    | 158.03         | 158.03   | *  | 32   | 2  | 231   |
| Cash and cash equivalents             | 2     | -      | 554,21         | 554.21   | *:   |  |  |       |
| Other bank balance                    | *     |        | 192.70         | 192.70   | 3  |  | 2  | -     |
| Loans                                 |       |        | 180.61         | 180.61   | *  |  |  | ~     |
| Other financial assets                |       | - 52   | 8,23           | 8.23     |  |  |  | -     |
| Total Financial assets                |       |        | 1,093.78       | 1,093.78 |  | ;¥0,   | 11 <b>4</b> 1                                      |       |
| Borrowings (incl. current maturities) |       |        | 2,381.40       | 2,381.40 | 2  |  | €  | -     |
| Trade payable                         | 2     | 2      | 231,48         | 231.48   |  |  |  |       |
| Other financial liabilities           |       | :-     | 929.44         | 929.44   | 2  |  | 44   |       |
| Total Financial liabilities           |       |        | 3,542,32       | 3,542.32 | (€   | : 40   |  |       |

### As at 31 March 2020

|                             |       |        | Amortized |          |  | Fair Va  | lue  |       |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------|-----------|----------|--|--|--|-------|
| Particulars                 | FVTPL | FVTOCI | cost      | Total    | Level 1 -<br>Quoted price in<br>active markets | Level 2 -<br>Significant<br>observable<br>inputs | Level 3 -<br>Significant<br>unobservable<br>inputs | Total |
| Investments                 | 9     | 5      |           |          | Ye:  |  | 741  |       |
| Trade receivables           |       | ×      | 193.41    | 193,41   | 121  | 5  |  |       |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | - 8   | 5      | 576.44    | 576.44   | 100  |  | 1 1983   |       |
| Other bank balance          | -     | *      | 0.43      | 0.43     | 0.25   |  |  | _     |
| Loans                       | -     | - 3    | 172.70    | 172.70   | 177  |  |  |       |
| Other financial assets      | 116   | *      | 7.95      | 7.95     | 4  | - 2  |  |       |
| Total Financial assets      |       |        | 950.93    | 950.93   | ). <del></del>                                 |  | *  |       |
| Borrowings (incl. current   | (*)   |        | 2,429.77  | 2,429.77 |  |  |  | -     |
| Trade payable               | 18    |        | 220.34    | 220.34   | 5.00   |  |  | -     |
| Other financial liabilities | 100   |        | 617.39    | 617.39   |  |  |  |       |
| Total Financial liabilities |       |        | 3,267.50  | 3,267.50 | 9-0  | -  | padda  | . 7   |

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### 42 Financial instruments risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial liabilities comprise mainly of borrowings, trade and other payables. The Group's financial assets comprise mainly of investments, cash and cash equivalents, other balances with banks, loans, trade receivables and other receivables.

The Group is exposed to Market risk, Credit risk and Liquidity risk, The management oversight in the area of financial risks and controls, It also covers policies on specific risk areas such as currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of surplus funds.

### (i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or fail to pay amounts due causing financial loss to the Group. The potential activities where credit risks may arise include from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and security deposits or other deposits and principally from credit exposures to customers relating to outstanding receivables. The maximum credit exposure associated with financial assets is equal to the carrying amount. Details of the credit risk specific to the Group along with relevant mitigation procedures adopted have been enumerated below:

### Trade and other receivables

The average credit period on sales of goods is 0 to 180 days. Credit Risk arising from trade receivables is managed in accordance with the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management, Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on a detailed study of credit worthiness and accordingly individual credit limits are defined/modified. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large, There is no customer representing more than 10% of the total balance of trade receivables.

### Age of receivables

| Particulars        | 31 March 2021 1 1 | March 2020 |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Not Due            | 68.41             | 12.93      |
| 0-3 Months         | 35.74             | 76.10      |
| 3-6 Months         | 4.89              | 16,46      |
| 6-12 Months        | 4.23              | 7.59       |
| more than 365 days | 109.46            | 122,52     |
| Total              | 222.72            | 235.60     |

The Holding Company and its subsidiaries has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Holding Company and its subsidiaries uses publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Holding Company and its subsidiaries' exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. The above receivables which are past due but not impaired are assessed on case-to-case basis, Management is of the view that these financial assets are not impaired as there has not been any adverse change in credit quality and are envisaged as recoverable based on the historical payment behaviour and extensive analysis of customer credit risk, including underlying customers' credit ratings, if they are available. There are no other classes of financial assets that are past due but not impaired.

### Movements in expected credit loss allowance

| Particulars                                      | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Balance at the beginning of the year             | 42.20         | 24.75         |
| Movements in allowance                           | 22.50         | 22.92         |
| Derecognition on account of loss of control on   |               |               |
| disposal/dissolution/liquidation of subsidiaries |               | (5,47)        |
| Balance at the end of the year                   | 64.70         | 42,20         |

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade and other receivables by geographic region was as follows:

| Particulars   | Carrying amount | Carrying amount |
|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|               | 31 March 2021   | 31 March 2020   |
| India         | 213.96          | 211.99          |
| Other regions | 8.76            | 23.61           |
| Total         | 222.72          | 235,60          |

### Other financial assets

Other financial assets includes loan to employees, security deposits, investments, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balance, advances to employees etc.

- Cash and cash equivalents and Bank deposits are placed with banks having good reputation and past track record with adequate credit rating.
- The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are institutions with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.
- The Group has given security deposit to various government authorities. Being government authorities, the Holding Company and its subsidiaries does not have exposure to any credit risk.

### (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. The Group is exposed to liquidity risk due to bank borrowings and trade and other payables. The Group approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group reputation. The Group ensures that it has sufficient yield to meet expected operational expenses, servicing of financial obligations.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

Further, the Holding Company and its subsidiaries has also tied-up additional sources of liquidity to meet the liabilities during the respective annual years which has ensured that the Group has a clean track record with no adverse events pertaining to liquidity risk.

### Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

|                                       | Commina            | Co       | ntractual matu      | rities              |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|
| As at 31 March 2021                   | Carrying<br>amount | Total    | Less than 12 months | More than 12 months |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities  |                    |          |                     |                     |
| Borrowings (incl. current maturities) | 2,381,40           | 2,381,40 | 2,330,20            | 51,20               |
| Trade payables                        | 231.48             | 231,48   | 231.48              | (%)                 |
| Other financial liabilities           | 929.44             | 929,44   | 922.99              | 6.45                |
| Total                                 | 3,542.32           | 3,542.32 | 3,484.67            | 57.65               |

|                                       | Carrying | Co       | ntractual matu      | rities              |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|
| As at 31 March 2020                   | amount   | Total    | Less than 12 months | More than 12 months |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities  |          |          |                     |                     |
| Borrowings (incl. current maturities) | 2,429.77 | 2,429.77 | 2,377,33            | 52.44               |
| Trade payables                        | 220,34   | 220,34   | 220.34              | 1/2:                |
| Other financial liabilities           | 617.39   | 617.39   | 610.36              | 7.03                |
| Total                                 | 3,267.50 | 3,267.50 | 3,208.03            | 59.47               |

### (iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

### (a) Currency risk

The Group undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. Exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters utilizing forward foreign exchange contracts and currency options taken at the time of initiation of the booking by the management. Such decision is taken after considering the factors such as upside potential, cost of structure and the downside risks etc. Quarterly reports are submitted to Management Committee on the covered and open positions and MTM valuation. The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

### Unhedged foreign currency exposure

| Particulars                          |        | 3        | 1 March 2021 |        |          |
|--------------------------------------|--------|----------|--------------|--------|----------|
|                                      | USD    | EUR      | INR          | Others | Total    |
| Financial assets                     |        |          |              |        |          |
| Investments                          | **     | 364      | 2            | \$     | 14       |
| Trade receivables                    | 8:76   | 3.50     | 149.27       | *      | 158.03   |
| Cash and cash equivalents            | 5,08   | 482.59   | 66.54        | 2      | 554,21   |
| Bank balances other than (iii) above | 195    |          | 192.70       | 5      | 192,70   |
| Loans                                | 322    | 100      | 180,61       | 2      | 180,61   |
| Other financial assets               | ٠      | -        | 8.23         |        | 8,23     |
| Total Financial assets               | 13.84  | 482.59   | 597.35       |        | 1,093.78 |
| Financial liabilities                |        |          |              |        |          |
| Borrowings                           | 353.90 | 6.68     | 2,020.82     | ×      | 2,381.40 |
| Trade payables                       | 6,20   | 0.06     | 225.22       | 3      | 231.48   |
| Other financial liabilities          | 38.02  | :040     | 891.42       |        | 929.44   |
| Total Financial liabilities          | 398.12 | 6.74     | 3,137.46     |        | 3,542.32 |
| Net exposure to foreign currency     | 384.28 | (475.85) | 2,540.11     | ×      | 2,448.54 |
|                                      |        |          |              | 20.0   |          |



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### Unhedged foreign currency exposure

| Particulars Particulars              |        | 3        | 1 March 2020 |        |          |
|--------------------------------------|--------|----------|--------------|--------|----------|
|                                      | USD    | EUR      | INR          | Others | Tota     |
| Financial assets                     |        |          |              |        |          |
| Investments                          | (re)   | *        |              |        | 0.00     |
| Trade receivables                    | 23,61  | 2        | 169,80       | 9      | 193,41   |
| Cash and cash equivalents            | 4.70   | 482.13   | 89.61        | *      | 576.44   |
| Bank balances other than (iii) above | is:    | 2        | 0.43         | 2      | 0.43     |
| Loans                                | 5.00   | -        | 172.70       | *      | 172.70   |
| Other financial assets               | (4)    | 26       | 7,95         | 2      | 7.95     |
| Total Financial assets               | 28.31  | 482,13   | 440.49       |        | 950.93   |
| Financial liabilities                |        |          |              |        |          |
| Borrowings                           | 362.23 | 9.60     | 2,057.94     |        | 2,429.77 |
| Trade payables                       | 2.83   | 0.11     | 217.40       | 2      | 220,34   |
| Other financial liabilities          | 17,37  |          | 600.02       |        | 617.39   |
| Total Financial liabilities          | 382.43 | 9.71     | 2,875,36     |        | 3,267.50 |
| Net exposure to foreign currency     | 354.12 | (472,42) | 2,434.87     |        | 2,316.57 |

| Particulars               | Impact on<br>profit before<br>tax | Impact on profit before tax |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                           | 31 March 2021                     | 31 March 2020               |
| Foreign Currency Exposure |                                   |                             |
| - increase by 1%          | (0.92)                            | (1.18)                      |
| - decrease by 1%          | 0.92                              | 1.18                        |

### b) Price risk

### i) Exposure

The Group's exposure to price risk in the investment in mutual funds and equity shares arises from investments held by the Group and classified in the balance sheet as fair value through profit or loss including OCI. Management monitors the prices closely to mitigate its impact on profit and cash flows.

The investments in mutual funds are designated as FVTPL while investment in equity shares are designated as FVOCL

### c) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk because funds are borrowed at both fixed and floating interest rates. Interest rate risk is measured by using the cash flow sensitivity for changes in variable interest rate. The Group has exposure to interest rate risk, arising principally on changes in PLR and LIBOR rates. The Group uses a mix of interest rate sensitive financial instruments to manage the liquidity and fund requirements for its day to day operations like non-convertible debentures and short term loans. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings Hedging activities are evaluated regularly to align with interest rate views and defined risk appetite, ensuring the most cost-effective hedging strategies are applied.

### Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest - bearing financial instrument as reported to management is as follows:

| Particulars               | 31 March<br>2021 | 31 March<br>2020 |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Fixed-rate instruments    |                  |                  |
| Financial assets          | 193.77           | 1.24             |
| Financial liabilities     | 1,202.30         | 1,365.61         |
| Variable-rate instruments |                  |                  |
| Financial assets          |                  | (%)              |
| Financial liabilities     | 1,179.10         | 1,064.16         |

### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for both derivatives and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability our analysis in the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rates internally to ken hanagement personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### Sensitivity analysis

| Particulars                   | Impact on<br>profit before<br>tax<br>31 March<br>2021 | Impact on<br>profit before<br>tax<br>31 March<br>2020 |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Interest rate                 |   |   |
| - increase by 50 basis points | 5.90  | 5.32  |
| - decrease by 50 basis points | (5.90)  | (5.32)  |

### (iv) Capital management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes paid-up equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital, to equity share holders.

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt and total equity of the Group.

| Particulars                       | 31 March<br>2021 | 31 March<br>2020 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total borrowings*                 | 2,381.40         | 2,429.77         |
| Less: cash and bank balances      | (746.91)         | (576.87)         |
| Adjusted net debt                 | 1,634,49         | 1,852,90         |
| Total equity                      | 166.34           | 477.46           |
| Adjusted net debt to equity ratio | 9.83             | 3.88             |

<sup>\*</sup> Includes non-current borrowings, current borrowings and current maturities of non-current borrowings. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2021.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....) for the Year ended 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

43 Information required for consolidated financial statements pursuant to Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013:

| ď   |   | Share in Net Assets i.e.<br>total assets minus<br>total liabilities | Assets i.e.<br>s minus<br>ilities | Share in profit or loss             | fit or loss              | Share in Other<br>Comprehensive income<br>(OCI) | Other<br>ve income | Share in Total<br>Comprehensive income<br>(TCI) | 1 Total<br>sive income   |
|-----|---|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Z Z | Name of the entity  | 31 March  | ch 2021                           | 31 March 2021                       | h 2021                   | 31 March 2021                                   | 2021               | 31 March 2021                                   | h 2021                   |
|     |   | As % of consolidated net assets                                     | Amount                            | As % of consolidated profit or loss | Amount                   | As % of<br>consolidated<br>OCI                  | Amount             | As % of<br>consolidated<br>TCI                  | Amount                   |
|     | 1 Parent<br>Sintex-BAPL Limited   | -139.73%  | (232.42)                          | 113.44%                             | (321.58)                 | -8.24%  | 0.77               | 109.57%   | (320.80)                 |
| 7   | Indian subsidiaries<br>BAPL Rototech Private Limited  | 12.88%  | 21.43                             | -2.73%                              | 7.75                     | 0.13%   | (0.01)             | -2.64%  | 7.74                     |
| e   | Foreign subsidiaries Sintex Holdings BV Sintex Logistics LLC Sintex NP SAS and its subsidiaries (Up to 24th October,2019) | 294.94%<br>2.75%<br>0.00%   | 490.60                            | -11.07%<br>0.35%<br>-17.84%         | 31.37<br>(1.00)<br>50.58 | 1 15 31   | ītā                | -10.72%<br>0.34%<br>-17.28%                     | 31.37<br>(1.00)<br>50.58 |
| 4   | Minority Interest in subsidiary   | 3.86%   | 6.43                              | -0.82%                              | 2.32                     | 0.03%   | (0.00)             | -0.79%  | 2.32                     |
| w   | Consolidation adjustments including elimination of intra group transactions   | -74.71%   | (124.28)                          | 18.67%                              | (52.92)                  | 108.08%   | (10.07)            | 21.52%  | (62.99)                  |
|     | Total   | 100.00%   | 166.34                            | 100.00%                             | (283.48)                 | 100.00%   | (9.32)             | 100.00%   | (292.79)                 |



- Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....) for the Year ended 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

### Non-controlling Interest represents the non-controlling's share in equity of the subsidiaries as below:

| Particulars                           | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| - Share in equity capital             | 4.65          | 4.65          |
| - Share in reserves and surplus       | (0.54)        | (0.74)        |
| - Share in profit for the year        | 2.32          | 0.15          |
| - Share in other comprehensive income | (0.00)        | 0.04          |
|                                       | 6.43          | 4.11          |

### 45 Reconciliation of the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:

| Particulars                          | 31 March     | 31 March 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
|                                      | 2021         |               |
| Revenue as per contracted price      | 857.93       | 892.70        |
| Adjustments                          |              |               |
| Discounts / rebates / incentives     | *            | (w)           |
| Sales returns / credits / reversals  | <del>a</del> | Tes           |
| Deferrment of revenue                | -            | 2             |
| Any other adjustments                |              | -             |
| Revenue from contract with customers | 857.93       | 892.70        |

### Disaggregation of revenue

The management determines that the segment information reported under Note 38 Segment reporting is sufficient to meet the disclosure objective with respect to disaggregation of revenue under Ind AS 115 Revenue from contract with Customers. Hence, no separate disclosures of disaggregated revenues are reported.

- As at 31 March 2021, Sintex BAPL Ltd of the Group has foreign currency receivables aggregating Rs. 13.90 Crores which are outstanding for a period greater than nine months. As per Reserve Bank of India's (RBI) circular on Foreign Exchange Management (Export of Goods & Services) Regulation, 2015 ('FEMA Guidelines'), the exports made by the Company shall be realized and repatriated to India within nine months from the date of export of goods or services rendered. Out of the total receivables of Rs. 13.90 Crores, the Company has intimated to Authorised Dealer (AD) Bank for condonation of delay for the amounts aggregating to Rs. 6.48 Crores. For the remaining balance, the Company is in process of informing to AD Bank for condonation of delay.
- 47 The Holding Company has incurred losses during the year ended 31.03.2021 and as at period end has a net current liability position on account of reduction in working capital facilities resulting in curtailment of operations. The default and NPA status continues with the lenders as on 31.03.2021 along with all outstanding amount with the lenders have been classified as current borrowing.
- 48 The banking & Financial liability (financial creditors) have been brought to reflect carrying values that match with the claims admitted by IRP (a standard process of CIRP) as at 17th December,2020. The claims published with IBBI website have been made as the basis thereof and the said differential amount have been recognized as an interest expense during the year.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued...) for the Year ended 31 March 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

49 Details of Overdue/default as on 31.03.2021 in respect to borrowings:

(Rs. in Crores)

|  | Owar              | due/Defaul | +         | (Rs. in Crores)            |
|--|-------------------|------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| Particulars —                                  | Principal         | Interest   | Total     | Overdue period             |
| Shown Under Current Borrowing                  | Frincipai         | miterest   | Total     |                            |
| Privately Placed NCD Rs 200 Cr                 | : <del>**</del> 0 | 29.23      | 29.23     | 27.08.2019-31.03.2021      |
|  |                   | 27.25      | 2,120     | 2710012017 5110512021      |
| Debantures : KKR Facility                      |                   |            |           |                            |
| Azim Premji Trust                              | 50.00             | 15.00      | 65.00     | 31.12.2020-31.03.2021      |
| DSP Investment Managers                        | 33.33             | 10.00      | 42.22     |                            |
| Private Limited                                | 33.33             | 10.00      | 43.33     | 31.12.2020-31.03.2021      |
| BOI AXA Mutual Fund                            | 8.33              | 2.50       | 10.83     | 31.12.2020-31.03.2021      |
| BOI AXA Mutual Fund                            | 8.66              | 2.60       | 11.26     | 31.12.2020-31.03.2021      |
| BOI AXA Mutual Fund                            | 13.34             | 4.00       | 17.34     | 31.12.2020-31.03.2021      |
| BOI AXA Mutual Fund                            | 5.00              | 1.50       | 6.50      | 31.12.2020-31.03.2021      |
| BOI AXA Mutual Fund                            | 11.34             | 3.40       | 14.74     | 31.12.2020-31.03.2021      |
| BOI AXA Mutual Fund                            |                   | 7.33       | 7.33      | 31.12.2019-31.03.2021      |
| KKR Capital Markets India Pvt Ltd              | : <del>-</del> :  | 5.86       | 5.86      | Y                          |
| (KCM)  | 252               |            |           | 31.12.2019-31.03.2021      |
| KKR India Financial Services Ltd               |                   | 7.69       | 7.69      | 31.12.2019-31.03.2021      |
| Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited | Ē.                | 19.79      | 19.79     | 31.12.2019-31.03.2021      |
|  |                   |            |           | 31.12.2019-31.03.2021      |
| Term Loans                                     |                   |            |           |                            |
| KKR India Financial                            | 1-1               | 17.96      | 17.96     |                            |
| Services Ltd                                   |                   |            |           | 31.12.2019-31.03.2021      |
| HDFC Bank                                      | 22.51             | 4.42       | 26.93     | 01.10.2019-31.03.2021      |
| RBL Bank                                       | 73.59             | 20.04      |           | 31.08.2019-31.03.2021      |
| Yes Bank                                       | 7.90              | 1.71       | 9.61      | 01.11.2019-31.03.2021      |
| HDFC ECB UnSecured Loan                        | 82.35             | 13.28      | 05.62     | 21.11.2019-31.03.2021      |
| ADCB Unsecured loan                            | 183.00            | 14.36      |           | 08.10.2019 & recall notice |
| ADCB Offsecured foati                          | 183.00            | 14.50      | 197.30    | 08.10.2019 & recall notice |
| Working Capital                                |                   |            |           |                            |
| SBI CC   | 166.45            | 22.15      | 188.60    | 31.05.2019-31.03.2021      |
| BOB CC   | 108.10            | 22.43      | 130.53    | 31.05.2019-31.03.2021      |
| Yes CC & WCTL                                  | 42.29             | 4.47       | 46.76     | 31.05.2019-31.03.2021      |
| HDFC CC  | 20.26             | -          | 20.26     | 31.05.2019-31.03.2021      |
| RBL CC   | 47.72             | 5.97       |           | 31.08.2019-31.03.2021      |
| Total (A)                                      | 884.17            | 235.68     | 1,119.85  |                            |
| Shown Under other financial Liabi              |                   |            |           |                            |
| DB Bank (Un-Secured)                           | 49.93             | 9.39       | 59.32     | 18.05.2019-31.03.2021      |
| Axis Bank (Un-Secured)                         | 215.78            | 30.02      | 245.80    | 30.06.2019-31.03.2021      |
| Total (B)                                      | 265.71            | 39.41      | 305.12    |                            |
| Grand Total                                    | 1,149.88          | 275.09     | 1,424.97  |                            |
|  | -,117100          |            | -1 1- 11/ |                            |

# Overdue computed as per Company's working. As the company had been admitted under CIRP provision on 17.12.2020, hence the company has computed interest overdue upto 17.12.2020

o Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....) for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

- 50 "The continuity of Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. In many countries, businesses are being forced to cease or limit their operations for long or indefinite period of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. The Companies operations were suspended in all the plants during lock down period starting from April 2020 and have resumed post lockdown as per government directives/restrictions on account of COVID 19. The impact of covid-19 may be different from than estimated as at the date of approval of these financials results and the company will continue to closely monitor the developments. Though a definitive assessment of the impact is not possible in view of the high uncertain economic environment and the scenario is still evolving.
- 51 In October, 2020, the Holding Company has received INR 49.26 crores (against investment value of 30.68 crores) as buy-back of securities premium in lieu of Dividend Distribution under Netherland Tax Laws. The principal amount of Rs. 30.68 crores have been reduced from the carrying value of investment in subsidiary and exchange gain of INR 18.58 crores has been reported under Other Income.
- A major fire broke out on 20.02.2021 at a Auto division plant located at Sanaswadi near Pune, Maharashtra resulting in damage/loss to both plant & machinery and Stocks. The company has filed the necessary claim with the insurance company and the accounting effect for this transaction has been duly accounted in the books of accounts.
- Pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement (the 'Scheme') between Sintex Industries Limited, Sintex Plastics Technology Limited, the Company and Sintex Infra Projects Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors, the Custom Moulding undertaking of Sintex Industries Limited, along with its related assets and liabilities has been transferred to and vested in the Company, upon the sanction of the Scheme by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Bench at Ahmedabad vide Order dated 23 March 2017. The certified copy of the Order sanctioning the Scheme has been filed with the office of the Registrar of the Companies, Gujarat, on 13 April 2017 and requisite approval of Reserve Bank of India received vide its letter dated 12 May 2017 which is the date of coming into effect of the said scheme. The appointed date of the Scheme is 1 April 2016 and on compliance of conditions and receipt of approvals as per the Scheme, the said Scheme has become effective from 12 May 2017.

The Scheme has been given effect in earlier year i.e. 2016-17 financial statements as under:

- (a) All the assets and liabilities of the custom moulding undertaking (including Investment in Subsidiary) have been accounted for in the books of accounts of the Company at their value appearing in the books of accounts of Sintex Industries Limited as on 1 April 2016;
- (b) In terms of the Scheme, consideration for the acquisition of the custom moulding undertaking of Sintex Industries Limited has been discharged by way of issue of equity shares of the face value of Rs.1/- each of the holding company of the company viz. Sintex Plastics Technology Limited for every 2 equity shares of Rs.1/- each fully paid-up to the equity shareholders of Sintex Industries Limited.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued....)

for the Year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

- (c) 'Sintex" brand of the Custom Moulding Business has been valued at Rs.1,500 Crore and has been accounted for in the books of account, which is not in accordance with Ind As 38. The same has been accounted by crediting to the General reserve. The Company as required under Ind AS 36 "Impairment of assets", to test the impairment of assets having indefinite useful life has obtained the valuation report for the previous year ended 31st March, 2020 for its "Sintex" brand amounting to Rs. 700 crores. As the brand value has reduced from Rs 1500 crores to Rs 700 crores so the company had provided Rs 800 crores as impairment expenses (exceptional item) in P&L A/c in the said previous year. This being a technical matter and estimate, we have relied upon the fair valuation so carried out and accounted for in the books of accounts of the company.
- Figures for the previous periods/years are re-classified/re-arranged/re-grouped, wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date attached

For Pipara & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

FRN No: 107929W/W100219

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sintex-BAPL Limited

CIN U25199GJ2007PLC051364

Naman Pipara

amand

Partner

M. No. 140234

UDIN:21140234AAAAGI3465

Ketulbhai Ramubhai Patel

Interim Resolution Professional

Yash Sheth

Company Secretary ICSI M. No. A36328

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 18-08-2021

Rijava Rehera

Suspened Managing Director

DIN: 08553621

Jignesh Raval

Chief Financial Officer

Suspended Director

Suspended Director

DIN: 00171035

Rahul A Patel

Suspended Director DIN: 00171198

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 18-08-2021

Sintex BAPL Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

Note-55

(Pursuant to first porviso to sub-section (3) of Section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures Part "A": Subsidiaries

| Sr. Name of the Subsidiary Company No. | Reporting period | Reporting<br>Currency# | Share Capital | Other<br>Equity | Total  | Total<br>Liabilities | Investments Turnover/ Pi<br>other than Total<br>Investments in Income<br>subsidiaries | Turnover/<br>Total<br>Income | Profit Before<br>Taxation | Provision for<br>Taxation | Profit After<br>Taxation | Proposed<br>Dividend | % of<br>Shareholding |
|--|------------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| BAPL Rototech Private Limited          | 31-03-21         | ĸ                      | 10.07         | 11.36           | 66 46  | 78.06                | æ(  | 139.06                       | 10 69                     | 2.95                      | 7.74                     |                      | 70%                  |
| Sintex Logistics LLC*                  | 31-03-21         | USD                    | 8.00          | (3.42)          | 15.62  | 11.04                | *   | 53.16                        | (0.84)                    | 0.16                      | (1 00)                   | 40                   | 100%                 |
| Sintex Holdings B V *                  | 31-03-21         | USD                    | 128.16        | 362 44          | 490.60 | 00.0                 | 79  | 37.66                        | 31.37                     | *                         | 31.37                    | 4                    | 100%                 |

# The Indian nupee equivalents of the figures given in the foreign currencies in the accounts of the subsidiary companies, have been given on the basis of appropriate exchange rate as follows:

31 March 2021: 1 USD = 75,3900 31 March 2020: 1 USD = 73,2361

Average rate:

31 March 2021; 1 USD = 74,31305 31 March 2020; 1 USD =72,2800

\* Financial Information is based on Unaudited Results.

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Crores)

|  | Statement pursuant to Sect Share of year end year audited Balance Sheet Date | Part "B" : Associates and Joint Ventures | Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures | f Associate / Joint Ventures held by the company on the | Amount of Amount of Investment Extent of Joint Venture Joint Venture (in crore)  No. In Associate Joint Venture (in crore)  No. In Associate Joint Venture (in crore)  No. In Associate Joint Venture (in crore)  No. In Considered in Joint Venture (in crore)  Considered in is significant venture is not influence consolidated (in crore) |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| Name of<br>Associates/<br>Joint Ventures |  |  |  |   | No.  |

For Sintex-BAPL Limited

IP Registration no IBBI/IPA-001/IP-P00228/2017-2018/10427 Ketulbhai Ramubharratei Interim Resolution Professional

Belgya Tylera L S Bijaya Tylera L S Suspended Managing Director

DIN: 08553621

DIN: 00171035

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 18-08-2021

lighesh Raval Chief Financial Officer

W.J. M.A. Bash Sheth Company Secretary ICSI Membership no. A36328

Rahul A Patel Suspended Director