

PRAVEEN AGGARWAL & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Members of St. Patricks Realty Private Limited

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of M/s St. Patricks Realty Private Limited ("The Company") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, the Statement of Profit & Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS Financial Statements").

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the State of affairs of the financial position, profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.



We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

- 4. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Ind AS:
 - (a) of the state of affairs of the financial position of the company as at March 31st 2017; and
 - (b) its profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income) for the year ended on that date.
 - (c) Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date.
 - (d) the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Other Matters

5. The comparative financial information of the company for the year ended 31st March 2016 and the transition date opening balance sheet as at 1st April 2015, included in these Ind AS financial statements, are based on the previously issued statutory financial statements prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 audited by the predecessor auditors whose report for the year ended 31st March 2016, and 31st March 2015 dated 27th September, 2016 and 25th September, 2015 respectively expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statement, as adjusted for the differences in the



accounting principles adopted by the Company on transition to the Ind AS, which have been audited by us.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

6. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (1) This report does not contain a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016' issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act as, in our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Order is not applicable in the case of the Company.
- (2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit & Loss, Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rule thereunder.
- e) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls is not applicable to the company.
- f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial in its Ind AS financial statements, Refer Note no. 26 of the Ind AS financial statements.
 - ii. The company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.



- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company.
- iv. The Company has provided requisite disclosures in its Ind AS financial statements as to holdings as well as dealings in Specified Bank notes during the period from 8 November, 2016 to 30 December, 2016 and these are in accordance with the books of accounts maintained by the Company. Refer Note 42 to the Ind AS financial statements.

For Praveen Aggarwal & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 000044N

Rahul Aggarwal-FCA

Partner

M.No. 501642

Place: Culysam Date: 14.08 217

ST. PAYRICKS REALTY PRIVATE LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2017

	FARTICULARS	Note No.	As at 31,03.2017	As at 31,03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
I	ASSETS		(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
i	Non-current assets (a) Property, Plant and equipment (b) Capital work-in-progress (c) Investment in properties	3	58,387,467	6,503,801	2,069,909 - -
	(d) Other Intangible assets (e) Intangible assets under development (f) Financial Assets		- -	-	- -
	(i) Investments (ii) Trade Receivables (iii) Loans	4	219,650,000 - -	225,200,000	225,200,000 - -
	(iv) Others (g) Deferred tax assets (Net) (n) Other non-current assets	5 ,	17.125,000 295,162,467	231,703,801	704,230 227,974,139
2	Current assets (a) Inventories (b) Financial Assets	6	1,561,030,228	1,112,797,435	912,242,077
	(i) Investments (ii) Trade Receivables (iii) Cash and cash equivalents	7	624,980,060	- - 483,519,189	413,682,518
	(v) Bank Balances other than (iii) above (v) Loans (vi) Others	8 9	105,305,893 3,705,038	22,565,520 3,526,931	3,083,814
	(c) Current tax Assets(Net) (d) Other current assets	10	17,405,066 2,312,426,285	8,896,941 1, 631,306,016	327,116 1,329,335,525
II	EQUITY AND LIABILITES		2,607,588,752	1,863,009,817	1,557,309,664
1	Equity				
	(a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity	11 12	139,020 709,915,096 710,054,116	139,020 1,006,511,999 1,006,651,019	134,700 973,326,822 973,461,522
2	Share application money		**	-	690,337
	Liabilities) Non-current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities				
	(I) Borrowings (II) Trade payables (III) Other financial liabilities	13	- 2,240,674	- - 793,4 9 9	- - -
	Other current liabilities (b) Provisions	14	4,232,513	2,640,587	543,475
	(c) Deferred tex liabilities (Net) (d) Other non current liabilities	15	518,237,431 524,710,618	333,413,453 336,847,539	308,162,099 308,705,574
(ii) Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings	16		43,608,734	140,527,938
	(ii) Trade payables (ii) Other financial liabilities	17	99,651,384	16,695,710	8,770,370 -
	(E) (7345 E E E E E E E	18	1,267,556,013	454,786,334	121,876,454
	(b) Other current liabilities (c) Provisions (d) Current Tax liability (Net)	19 20	326,338 5,290,283 1, 372,824,018	326,338 4,094,143 519,511,259	31,332 3,146,137 274,452,231

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For Praveen Aggarwat & Co. Chartered Accountance
FRN 200044N

Rahul Aggarwat FCC
Partner
M.NO - 501642
Place: (4.95.85)

For and on behalf of the Board ST. PATRICKS REALTY PRIVATE LIMITED

Amrita Bakshi Director

DIN: 00932256

Minu Bakshy Sallal

Director DIN: 00019259

Neeraj Daewan Austrised Signatory Place: Custifican Date: (A. Ob. 2017)

ST. PATRICKS REALTY PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2017

PARTICULAR	s Note No.	Year ended 31.03.2017 (Rupees)	Year ended 31.03.2016 (Rupees)
I. Ravenue: Revenue from operations		-	-
II. Other income	21	26,235,622	23,752,737
III. Total Income (I + II)		26,235,622	23,752,737
IV. Expenses:			
 a. Cost of construction/ development b. Employee benefits expense c. Finance costs d. Depreciation e. Operating and other expenses 	24 25	1,860,874 89,676,931	407,387 66,652,611
Total Expenses	soci	91,537,805	67,059,998
V. Profit/loss Before exceptional items	and Tax (III - IV)	(65,302,183)	(43,307,261)
VI. Exceptional items		-	***
VII. Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI)		(65,302,183)	(43,307,261)
VIII. Tax expense: (1) Current tax - For the year - For earlier years (net) (2) Deferred tax (net)		8,451,668 - - -	7,814,067 (221,907)
Yotal Tax Expense (VIII)		8,451,668	7,592,160
IX Profit/(loss) for the period from cont	tinuing operation (VII - VIII)	(73,753,851)	(50,899,421)
X Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	s (after tax)	-	
$\chi_{ m I}$ Profit/(loss) for the period (IX+X)		(73,753,851)	(50,899,421)
XII Other Comprehensive Income		-	
XIII Total Comprehensive Income for the profit (loss) and other comprehensive		(73,753,851)	(50,899,421)
XIV Earnings Per Equity Share (in Rs.):			
(1) Basic (2) Diluted XV Significant Accounting Policies	2	(5,305.27) (5,305.27)	(3,661.30) (3,661.30)
See accompanying notes forming part of	the financial statements 1-44		

In terms of our report attached

FOR PRAVEEN AGGARWAL & CO.,

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 000044N

Rahui Aggatyyai ₩FCA

Partner

M.NO 501642 Place: (Lucurpone Date: 14.08 2017

For and on behalf of the Board

ST. PATRICKS REALTY PRIVATE LIMITED

Amrita Bakshi

Director

DIN: 00932256

Minu Bakshi

Director

DIN: 00019259

Neeraj Dhawan Adthorised Signatory
Place: Cully Mark
Date: [4.06.20]

ST. PATRICKS REALTY PRIVATE LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED BIST MARCH, 2017

Particulars		Year anded 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
1. Cash flow from operation	ng activities		
Net profit before tax		(65,302,183)	(43,307,261)
Adjustments for :		•	
Depreciation		60,150,029	65,595,795
Provision for retirement benefit	S	1,591,926	2,392,118
Interest Income on deposits		(39,353,433)	(35,604,105)
Interest expense on short payor	ent of advance tax	499,013	407,387
Operating profit before working	capital changes	(42,414,648)	(10,515,066)
Changes in working capital:			
Adjustments for (increase) / de	trease in operating assets:		
Inventories		(448,232,793)	(200,555,358)
Investments		(77,277,938)	(22,172,062)
Other Current Assets		(25,633,125)	(7,865,595)
Loan and advances		87,565	(393,458)
Trade payables		82,955,674	7,925,340
Other current liabilities		999,040,832	358,954,733
Cash generated from/(used in)	operations	488,525,567	125,377,534
Direct taxes paid/deducted at se	ource	(7,754,541)	(7,051,542)
Net cash from/(used in) ope	rating activities	480,771,026	118,325,992
2. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTIN	G ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditure on fixed ass		(112,033,695)	(70,029,687)
(Increase)/decrease in bank bank bank bank bank bank bank ban	dances not considered as Cash	(95,512,864)	(57,991,188)
Interest received on deposits		39,175,326	35,160,988
Net cash from/(used in) invo	esting activities	(168,371,233)	(92,859,387)
3 CASH FLOW FROM FINANCIA	G ACTIVITIES		
	ng Securities premium & Share	-	128,909,663
Deemed equity contribution		(222,843,052)	(45,511,081)
Increase in short term barrowin	gş	(43,608,734)	(97,019,204)
Increase in long term borrowing	s	-	-
Net cash from/(used in) fina	ncing activities	(266,451,786)	(13,620,622)
4. Net increase/ (decrease) in	cash and cash equivalents	45,948,007	11,845,483
5. Cash and cash equivalents a	s at the beginning of the year 7	27,277,880	15,432,397
6. Cash and cash equivalents a	t the end of the year 7	73,225,887	27,277,680
Reconciliation of Cash and C	ash Equivalents	-	-
	e end of the year (Refer Note 7)	624,980,060	483,519,189
Bank balances not considered a		(551,754,173)	(456,241,309)
	— the end of the year (Nefer Above)	73,225,887	27,277,886

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For PRAVEEN AGGARWAL & CO.

Chartered Accountants
FRN: 000044N
RAHUL AGGARWAE - FCA
Partner

Partner M No.501642
Place: Luiki sam Date: 14.04 (b) 2

1-44

For and on behalf of the Board

St. Patricks realty private limited

Amrita Bakshi Director DIN: 00939255

Minu Bakshi John In-DIN: 00019259

Neeral Danwin Authorised Signatory Place: Cura Joan Date: A Of Roll

ST. PATRICKS REALTY PRIVATE LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Statement of changes in equity for the period ended 31-March-2017

Amount (Rupees)
134,700
4,320
139,020
139,020
139,020

B. Other Equity

		Reserve & Surplu	Total Amount		
Particulars	Securities premium account	Deemed Euity contribution (refer note 34)	Retained Earnings	(Rupees)	
Balance as at April 01, 2015	574,464,010	379,724,659	19,138,152	973,326,822	
Add:- Profit / (Loss) for the year	129,595,680	(45,511,081)	(50,899,421)	33,185,178	
Balance as at March 31, 2016	704,059,690	334,213,578	(31,761,269)	1,006,511,999	
Balance as at April 01, 2016	704,059,690	334,213,578	(31,761,269)	1,006,511,999	
Add:- Profit / (Loss) for the year	-	(222,843,052)	(73,753,851)	(296,596,903)	
Balance as at March 31, 2017	704,059,690	111,370,526	(105,515,120)	709,915,096	



St. Patricks realty private limited Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note Particulars

Corporate information

St. Patricks Realty Private Limited ("the Company") Corporate Identity Number (CIN) U45200-HR 2008-PTC-03/964 was incorporated on 28th May, 2008. The Company is engaged in developing a residential project known as "Central Park-III" at Disunda Village, Sector 29,30,32 & 33 Teshsii Sohna, District Gurgaon, Harvana.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

2.01 Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

- a. For all periods upto and including the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) in India and compiled with the accounting standards (Previous GAAP) as notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended to the extent applicable, and the presentation requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.
- In accordance with the notification dated February 16, 2015, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (collectively, "Ind ASs") with effect from April 1, 2016 and the Company is required to prepare its financial statements in accordance with Ind ASs for the year ended March 31, 2017. Those financial statements as and for the year ended March 31, 2017 (the "Ind AS Financial Statements") are the first financial statements, the Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS.
 The Company had prepared a separate set of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015 in accordance with the Accounting
- c. The Company had prepared a separate set of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015 in accordance with the Accounting Standards referred to in section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Audited Previous GAAP Financial Statements"), which were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on Sep 27, 2016 and Sep 25, 2015 respectively. The management of the Company has compiled the Special Purpose Comparative Ind AS Financial Statements and made required Ind AS adjustments. The Audited Previous GAAP Financial Statements, and the Special purpose Comparative Ind AS Financial Statements, do not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the respective dates of approval of the Audited Previous GAAP Financial Statements.
- d. The Company has followed the provisions of Ind AS 101 "First Time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards" (Ind AS 101), in preparing its opening ind AS Balance Sheet as of the date of transition, i.e. April 1, 2015. In accordance with Ind AS 101, the Company has presented reconciliations of Shareholders' equity under Previous GAAP and Ind ASs as at March 31, 2016, and April 1, 2015 and of the Profit/ (Loss) after Tax as per Previous GAAP and Total Comprehensive Income under Ind AS for the year ended March 31, 2016. Refer note no 37.

2.02 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, Rabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and mounts at the date of these financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

2.03 Contract Estimates

The Company, being a part of construction industry, prepares budgets in respect of each project to compute project profitability. The two major components of contract estimate are 'claims arising during construction period' (described below) and 'budgeted costs to complete the contract'. While estimating these components various assumptions are considered by the management such as (i) Work will be executed in the manner expected so that the project is completed timely (ii) consumption norms will remain same (iii) Assets will operate at the same level of productivity as determined (iv) Wastage will not exceed the normal to as determined etc. (v) Estimates for contingencies (vi) There will be no change in design and the geological factors will be same as communicated and (vii) price escalations etc. Due to such complexities involved in the budgeting process, contract estimates are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

2.04 Current and non-current classification

The real estate development projects undertaken by the Company is generally run over a period ranging upto 3 years. Operating assets and habitus relating to such projects are classified as current based on an operating cycle of 3 years. Borrowings in connection with such projects are classified as current since they form part of working capital of the respective projects.

2.05 Dividend to equity holders

Dividend paid/payable shall be recognised in the year in which the related dividends are approved by shareholders or board of directors as appropriates.

2.06 Functional and presentation currency

These Ind AS financial Statements are prepared in Indian Rupee which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Rupees has been rounded to the nearest lakks with two decimals.



Note Particulars

2.07 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Real Estate Developments

Revenue from real estate development of constructed properties is based on the 'percentage of completion method'. Revenue from real estate development of constructed properties for projects that are not recognised before 01.04.2012 is recognised when, at least 25% of construction and development costs have incurred, at least 25% of the saleable project area is secured by contracts or agreement with buyers and at least 10% of the contract consideration are realised and it is reasonable to expect that the parties to such contracts will comply with the payment terms as defined in the contracts. Project costs includes cost of land, borrowing cost, cost of construction and development of such properties. The estimates of the saleable area and costs are reviewed periodically and effect of any changes in such estimates recognised in the period such changes are determined. Revenue from sale/ sub-lease of undeveloped land is recognised when all significant risks and rewards are transferred to the customer, it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company, revenue can be reliably measured, company do not retain continuing managerial involvement to the degree associated with the ownership and costs in respect of transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer. Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue from the sale of goods are net of value added tax and exclusive of self-consumption.

The revenue on account of charges on delayed possession by customers and transfer fees are accounted for at the time of acceptance/settlement with the customers due to uncertainties with record to determination of amount receivable.

Revenue from letting is recognised on accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the specific contracts.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion. When the contract outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent that the expenses incurred are eligible to be recovered.

2.08 Cost of construction/ development

Cost of construction/ development incurred (including cost of land) is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss Account proportionate to the project area sold. Adjustments, if required, are made on completion of the respective projects.

2.09 Service tax input credit

Service tax input credit is accounted for in books in the period in which the underlying service received is accounted and when there is no uncertainty in availing/utilising the credits.

2.10 Other income

Interest on deposits/Pinance income is recognized on a time proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable CIR. Other income is accounted for on accrual basis. Where the receipt of income is uncertain, it is accounted for on receipt basis.

Interest receivable and other income from customers is accounted for on receipt basis due to uncertainties associated with collection.

2.11 Standards issued but not yet effective:

The amendments to standards that are issued, but not yet effective, up to date of issuance of the Company's Financial statements are disclosed below.

In March 2017, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2017, notifying amendments to ind AS 7, "Statement of cash flows" and Ind AS 102, "Share-based payment.". The amendments are applicable to the Company from April 1, 2017.

Amendment to Ird AS 7:

The amendment to IndiAS 7 requires the entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconcidation between the opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosure requirement.

Amendment to Ind AS 102:

The amendment to IndiAS 102 provides specific guidance to measurement of cash-settled awards, modification of cash-settled awards and awards that include a net settlement feature in respect of withholding taxes.

and AS 102 Share based payment is not applicable to the Company, hence the amendment has no impact on the Company.

2.12 Inventories

Inventory comprises land and property under construction (work-in-progress). Work-in-progress is valued at cost or Net Relisable Value whichever is lower and it comprises cost of land, materials, services and other overheads related to projects under construction. Net realisable value is estimated seeling price in ordinary course of business less the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Finished goods such as Slats, plots: Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months of less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short reim deposits, as defined above.

2.14 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method as set out in Ind AS -7 "Statement of Cash Flows", whereby profit / (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruais of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.



Note Particulars

2.15 Degreciation and amortisation

Pursuant to the notification of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs effective 01 April 2014, the management has internally reassessed and changed, wherever necessary the useful lives to compute depreciation, to conform to the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

In respect of Assets costing Rupees 5,000 or less individually are fully depreciated in the year of purchase, on the basis of internal assessment of usage pattern believes that the useful lives in respect of these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

2.16 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost of acquisition including attributable interest and finance costs, if any, till the date of acquisition/ installation of the assets less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure relating to Property, Plant and Equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Fixed assets acquired and put to use for project purpose are capitalised and depreciation thereon is included in the project cost till commissioning of the project. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use and the resultant gain or loss are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital work-in-progress, representing expenditure incurred in respect of assets under development and not ready for their intended use, are carried at cost. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, construction cost, related borrowing cost and other direct expenditure.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has opted to continue with the carrying values measured under the previous GAAP as at 1 April 2015 of its Property, Plant and Equipment and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the Property, Plant and Equipment on the date of transition i.e. 1 April 2015.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.17 Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise of license fees and implementation cost for software and other application software acquired / developed for in-house use. These assets are stated at cost, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the Item can be measured reliably, less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has opted to continue with the carrying values measured under the previous GAAP as at 1 April 2015 of its Intangible Assets and used that carrying value as the deemed cost of the Intangible Assets on the date of transition i.e. 1 April 2015.

2.18 Foreign currency transactions and translations

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting monetary items of Company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has opted to continue with the accounting for exchange differences arising on long-term foreign currency monetary items, outstanding as on the transition date, as per previous GAAP.

2.19 Investments

Investments are carried at to be Fair Value

Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are carried at cost in the financial statements.

The company has availed the optional exemption under "Ind AS 101 First time Adoption of Indian Accounting standards" with respect to Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. Accordingly, the previous GAAP carrying amount of such investments as on transition date has been taken as deemed cost.

2.20 Employee benefits

Employee benefits include provident fund, gratuity fund and compensated absences.

Defined Contribution Plan

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund, employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund and superannuation scheme are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Company's provident fund contribution, in respect of certain employees, is made to a government administered fund and charged as an expense to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

Defined Benefit Plan

The liability or assets recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of the plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in the employee benefit expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement gains and loss arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in Other Comprehensive Income. They are included in retained earnings in the Statement of Changes in Equity and in the Balance Sheet. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss as past service cost.

Leave entitlement and compensated absences

Accumulated leave which is expected to be utilised within next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. Leave entitlement, other than short term compensated absences, are provided based on a actuarial valuation, similar to that of gratuity benefit. Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, in respect of leave entitlement are recognised in the Statement of Profit, and the statement of Profit and the statement of Pr



st. Patricks realty private limited Rotes forming part of the financial statements

Note Particulars

Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service. The cost of such compensated absences is accounted as under:

- (a) in case of accumulated compensated absences, when employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future commensated absences; and
- (b) in case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.

Long-term equilibres benefits

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

2.21 Borrowine Cast

Betrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Also, the EIR amortisation is included in finance costs. Borrowing costs relating to acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are added to the cost of such asset to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.

2.22 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker regularly monitors and reviews the operating result of the whole Company as one segment of "Construction". Thus, as defined in Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments", the Company's entire business falls under this one operational segment i.e. India and hence the necessary information has already been disclosed in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2,23 Leases

Operating Lease

Lease arrangements where the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset substantially vest with the lessor are recognised as operating leases. Lease rentals under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis.

Financial Lease

The Company leases certain tangible assets and such leases where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments

Each lease payment is apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The outstanding liability is included in other short/long-term borrowings. The finance charge is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

2.24 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of the equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.25 Taxation

Tax expense comprises current income tax and deferred tax. Current income-tax expense is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current (ax Items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

2.26 Contingent Liabilities and contingent Assets

- (a) Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in either of the following cases:
- i) A present obligation arising from a past event, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; or
- ii) A reliable estimate of the present obligation cannot be made; or
- iii) A possible obligation, unless the probability of outflow of resource is remote,
- (b) Contingent assets is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. The company has not neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.
- (c) Contingent Liability and Provisions needed against Contingent Liability and Contingent Assets are reviewed at each Reporting date.
- (d) Contingent Liability is not of estimated provisions considering possible outflow on settlement.



ST. Payricks really private limited NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note Farticulars

2.27 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

1 Financial asset

i- Initial recognition and Measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and liabilities, which are not fair value through profit and loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

ii. Subsequent measurement

Financial assets carried at Amortized cost:

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal autstanding. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective rate interest ("EIR") method.

Financial assets at Pair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):

A financial asset is subsequently measures at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal outstanding.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has opted to continue with the carrying values measured under the previous GAAP as at 1 April 2015 of its investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and used that carrying value as the deemed cost of these investments on the date of transition i.e. 1 April 2015

Financial asset at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

FVTPL is a residual category for financial Assets. Any financial assets, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the company may elect to designate financial asset, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. If doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency. The company has not designated any financial asset as at FVTPL.

Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of P&L.

Derecognition of financial Assets

The Company derecognizes financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognizion under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or part of financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Equity Instruments and Financial Sabitities

Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments which are issued for cash are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Equity instruments which are issued for consideration other than cash are recorded at fair value of the equity instrument.

Financial Liabilities

I. Initial recognition and Measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognized in profit and loss as finance cost.

ii. Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method. For trade and other payable maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to short term maturity of these instruments.

Financial Liabilities at Fair value through profit or loss (FYTPL):

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation. Amortisation is recognised as finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition of Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is reptaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as de-recognition of the original liability and recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



Offsetting Financial Instruments

Particulars

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.28 Provisions and liabilities

Note

Provision is recognised when:

- i) The Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event,
 ii) A probable outflow of resources is expected to settle the obligation and
- iii) A reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Reimbursement of the expenditure required to settle a provision is recognised as per contract provisions or when it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

Discounting of Provisions

Provision recognized above which are expected to be settled beyond 12 months are measured at the present value by using pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expenses.



St. Patricks realty private limited notes forming part of the financial statements

Non-current assets

Note 3 - Property, Plant and equipment (At deemed cost)

			The last of the la		(An	ncunt Rupees)
Particulars	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fittings	Office equipment	Vehicles	Computers	Tota!
Gross carrying value (at dee	med cost)					
As at 01.04.2015	1,338,954	58,208	11.275	867,813		2,276,250
Additions	5,068,695	295,224	•	16,222	65,625	5,445,766
Disposais	***	-	-			-
Adjustments	-	-	**	-		-
As at 31.03.2016	6,407,649	353,432	11,275	884,035	65.625	7,722,016
Additions	32,610,166	17,693,717	9,297,803	5,007,976	986,133	65,595,795
Disposals	-	•	-		-	
Adjustments	~	*4	-	**	-	
As at 31.03.2017	39,017,815	18,047,149	9,309,078	5,892,011	1,051,758	73,317,811
Accumulated depreciation						
As at 01.04.2015	30,339	31,036	7,621	137,345		206,341
Depreciation charge	716,903	63,094	1,646	228,300	1,931	1,011,874
Accumulated depreciation on disposals		-		-		-
Adjustments	٠.					-
As at 31.03.2016	747,242	94,130	9,267	365,645	1,931	1.218.215
Depreciation charge	7,886,258	3,634,687	1,459,644	364,435	367,105	13,712,129
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	-	-	~		•	-
Adjustments	-	~		-	-	
As at 31:03.2017	8,633,500	3,728,817	1,468,911	730,080	369,036	14,930,344
Net carrying value						
As at 01.04.2015	1,308,615	27,172	3,654	730,468	w	2,069,909
As at 31.03.2016	5,660,407	259,302	2,008	518,390	63,694	6,503,801
As at 31.03.2017	30,384,315	14,318,332	7,840,167	5,161,931	682,722	58,387,467

^{1.} Depreciation amounting to Rupees 137,12,129/- (Previous Year Rupees 10,11,874/-) has been charged to project (Refer note 22).



Particulars	As at 31,03,2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
Non Current Assets	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Note 4 -Non-current investments			
Investment in others (Refer note 32 & 35) -St. Ambrose Buildcon Private Limited	219,650,000	225,200,000	225,200.000
· -	219,650,000	225,200,000	225,200,000
Note 5 -Other Non current assets			
(unsecured, considered good)			
Advance against collaboration agreement -F.I. Engineers & Developers Private Limited (Refer Note 32 & 36)	17,125,000		-
-Others	17,125,000	-	704,230 704,230
- Current assets			
Note 6 - Inventories			
Work in progress-Projects	1,561,030,228	1,112,797,435_	912,242,077
Note 7 - Cash & cash equivalents			
a. Cash on hand b. Bank Balance with Banks	5,821	221,421	113,493
- In current accounts - In deposit accounts	53,206,505 20,013,5 6 1	13,028,767 14,027,692	2,295,647 13,023,257
Other bank balances		- 112-112-	70,410,10
c. Balances with scheduled banks in:			
-Deposit accounts (under fien with banks)	551,754,173 624,980,060	456,241,309 483,519,189	398,250,121 413,682,518
Note 8 - Financial Assets- Loans (Unsecured, considered good)			
Task Infotech Private Limited (Repayable on Demand) (Refer Note 32)	105,000,000	22,172,062	-
Employee advances	305,893	393,458	-
-	105,305,893	22,565,520	
Note 9 - Financial Assets- others			
Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposit with bank	3,705,038 3,705,038	3,526,931 3,526,931	3,083,814 3,083,81 4
Note 10 - Other current assets			
a. Advances to Supplier	15,828,016	6,722,521	
b. Prepaid expenses c. Balance with government authorities Souther the production of the	193,403	15,378	7,173
- Service tax credit receivable d. Others	1,311,408 72,239	2,086,803 72,239	247,704 7 2, 23 <u>9</u>
	17,405,066	8,896,941	327,115

St. Patricks realty private limited notes forming part of the financial statements

Particulars		As at 31.03.2017		As at 31.03.2016		As at 01.04.2015	
	Number of shares	Rupees	Number of shares	Rupeos	Number of Shares	Rupeas	
Note 11 - Equity							
(a) Authorised							
Equity shares of Rupees 10 each with voting rights	2,000,000	20,000.000	7,000,000	20,000,000	2,000,000	20,000,000	
(b) Issued, subscribed and fully paid up Edaity shares of Supples 10 each with voting rights	13.902	139,070	13,902	139,026	13,470	134,200	
(see note (a) and (b) below) Notes: (a.) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares							

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 each. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholders.

(b.) Reconciliation of number of shares

Equity Shares:	As at 31	.03.2017	As at 31.	.03.2016	A5 at 01	.04.2015
Barance as at the beginning of the year	Number of Shares 13,902	Amount (Rupees) 139,020	Number of Shares 23,470	Amount (Rupees) 134,700	Number of Shares 12,855	Amount (Rupees) (28,550
Add: - Issued during the year		,	432	4,320	615	6,15
Balance as at the end of the year	13,902	139,020	13,902	139,020	15.470	134,700
) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more	than 5% shares:					
<u> </u>	As at 31	03.2017	As at 31.	.03.2016	 As at 01	.04.2015

	As at 3	As at 31.03.2017		.03.2016	As at Q	1.04.2015
Class of shares / Name of shareholder	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares
Equipy shares with voting rights						
Mr. Amarin Singh Baksh	-		900	6 47	gçn	6 6S
Mrs. Amrea Bassin	5,000	35.97	4,100	29.49	4,100	30 44
*/. Karweijit Singh Sakshi			900	6.47	900	5.65
Mr. Sanjit Baksh	•	_	4,100	/9.49	4,100	
Pirs, Medine Bakshi	5,300	35.97			7,:00	10.44
Swella Estatos Private Limited	2,855	20 54	2.855	20.54	∠,855	21.70
Sukhpal Singh Ahaliwasia	:,047	7.53	1,047	7.53	615	4.57

Note 12 - Other Equity

Particuales	Securities premium account*	Decimed Equity Contribution**	Surplus / (Deficit) in Statement of Profit and Loss	Това Атовін
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupces)
(w) As on 01.04 2015				
Opening balance	574,464,010	379,724,659	19,138,152	
Add - Addition during the year	129,595,680	(45.511,081)	(50,899,421)	973,326,622
Less: Otilisation during the year	-	(101311,021)	(30,049,421)	23,189,178
Closing balance (31.03.2016)	704,059,69 0	334,213,578	(31,761,269)	1,006,511,999
(b) As on 01.04.2018				
Open wig balance	704,059,690	334,213,578	(31,761,269)	1,006,511,999
Add - Add tion during the year	-	(222,843,052)	(73,753,851)	
less: Otheraping during the year			1/2//31/031)	(89 5 ,596,003
Closing balance (31.03.2017)	704,059,690	111,370,526	(105,515,120)	709,915,096

Nature and purposes of Reserves:

Securities overnium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve will be utilised in accordance with the provision of the act.

**Deemed Equity Contribution

The Company has encered into long term collaboration agreement to developed land. Amount received under collaboration agreement to develop land is treated as deemed equity by the company(Refer Note 34).

^{*}Securities premium account

St. Patricks realty private limited Motes forming part of the Financial Statements

Particulars Non Current Lightities	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03,2016	As at
	(Rupees)	(Ruoces)	01.04.2015 (Rupees)
Note 13 - Other financial liabilities Security Deposits			
Recention money	950,000	225,000	
	1,290,674 2,240,674	568,499 793,499	·- <u>-</u> -
Note 14- Pravisions			······
Provision for employee benefits: - Provision for Gratuity (Asfer Note 20 & 31)			
- Provision for compensated absences	2,049,581	1,201,373	339,8
N. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	4.732.513	<u>1,439,214</u> 2,540,587	303,60 543,47
Note 15 - Other non current liabilities			
Amount received towards collaboration agreement (Refor Note 34)	518,237,431	333,413,453	206.17.16
	518,737,431	333413.653	308,162,09
w <u>rent Liabilitie</u> s		The state of the s	308,162,09
ole 16 - Financial Liabilities- bosrowings			
Borrowings (Rafer Note 32)			
201-04-195 (Never 19516-52)		-	140,627,93
	**************************************	43,608,734 43,608,734	140,627,93
ote 17 - Trade payables		<u></u>	140,8 <u>47,93</u>
Trade Payables (rofer note 28)	00 661 704		
	<u>99.651,384</u> ,	<u> 15,695,710</u>	<u>8,770,37</u>
ote 18 - Other Current Liabilities			
Statutory Liab roles			
Expontes Payable	5,998,455	1,894,295	574,23
Other payables	2,277, 2 60 140,438	3,035,423	32,28
Advance from distances (refer note(i) below)	1,897,209,790	126,932 583,642,085	
Less: Transferred to Tradex India Corporation Tiblia Private Limited towards Collaboration Agreement (refer note 34)	(629,069,930)		181,90≈,90
	·	(133,912,592)	(60,634,97
Note: (i) Includes amount received from girectors:	1.267,556,013	454,786,334	121.876,45
() in Bases of rotal reserves from directors:	300,000	300,000	300,000
ite 19 - Provisions			
Provision for ampfoyee becafits: - Provision for Gracusy (Refer Note 31)			
- Provision for compensated absences	40.068 286,270	40,068	5 54
	326,338	286,270	30.798
		326,338	31,332
te 20 - Current Tax liquility (Net)			
Provision for Income Tax (Net of Advance Tax Rs. 1,18,81,852 (Previous year 41,27,311))	5,290,283	4,094,143	3,146,137
7,21,311,1		,	
Co-bin-set-			
Particulies Movement of Provisions	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31,03.2016	As at 01.04,2015
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Provision for Income Tax			
Coening Balance - Current	4.004.449		
Non Current	4,094,143	3,146,137	1,850,828
Provision including interest made during the year Paid during the year	3,950,€81	8,221,454	6,630,664
Write Back during the year	7,754,541	7,051,5 41 (221,907)	5,517,237
Closing Balance (Refer Note No. 20)	5,290,283		181,S82
- Current	5,290,280	4,094,143	3,146,137
- Non Current		4.094,143	3,146,137
Provision for Employee Squefit			
Opening Balance Current	225 220		
Non Current	326,338 2,640,587	31,332 5 43,475	<u>-</u>
Provision made during the year Pard during the year	1,591,925	2,392,118	
Actuariet gain / loss	*		974,807
Closing Balance (Refer Note No. 14,19)			
	4,558,851	2,966,925	5/4,807
Current	326,338	225.00	
Aon Current	4,232,513	325.338 2.646.587	31,337
	9,434,513	2,640,567	543.47

St. Patricks realty private limited notes forming part of the financial statements

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2017 (Rupees)	Year ended 31,03,2016
Note 21 - Other Income	(MUDOGS)	(Rupees)
Interest Received on FDR	39,353,433	35,604,105
Transfer Fees	-	25,000
Less:- Transferred to Tradex India Corporation India Private Limited towards Collaboration Agreement (refer note 34)	(13,117,811)	(11,876,368
<u> </u>	26,235,622	23,752,737
Note 22 - Cost of construction/ development		
a. Opening stock of work-in-progress	1,112,797,435	912,242,077
Add: Costs incurred during the year		
i. Land	48,671,925	92,521,925
ii. Collaboration expenses	81,588,500	1,807,640
ii. Material consumed*	283,324,784	40,131,122
iv. Infrestructure Development charges	-	
v. PMC Charges	86,634,209	\$5,766,072
vi. Employee benefits expenses (Refer Note 23)	39,513,207	14,264,725
vii. Operating and other expenses (Refer Note 25)	118,904,436	95,329,679
viii. Depreciation on project assets Sub-total	13,712,129	1,011,874
Less:- Transferred to Tradex India Corporation India Private	1,785,146,625	1,213,075,114
 Limited towards Collaboration Agreement (refer note 34) 	224,116,397	100,277,679
Less: Closing stock of work-in-progress Cost of construction/ development	1,561,030,228	1,112,797,435
a. Salaries and wages b. Retiremon, benefits	36,041,325 1,591,926	11,524,998 2,392,118
c. Staff welfare expenses	1,879,956	347,609
·	39,513,207	14,264,725
Less: Transferred to cost of construction/development	39,513,207	14,264,725
-	-	
lote 24 - Finance Cost		
a. Interest expense on short payment of advance tax	499,013	407,387
b. Interest paid to apartment buyers	2,042,791	107,507
-	2,541,804	407,387
Less:- Transferred to Tradex India Corporation India Private	680,930	
Limited towards Collaboration Agreement (refer note 34)	1,860,874	407,387
5	la an al anti de partir de partir de partir de partir	
lote 25 - Other expenses		
a. Bank charges	462,598	381,627
b. Security charges	4,145,882	2,742.488
c. Legal and professional charges	10,928,227	3,653,563
d Brokerage paid	37,184,815	25,158,591
c. License fees	97,343,077	86,306,900
f. Other site expenses	5,483,871	3,007,529
g Roc Ging fees	4,400	10,200
n. Insurance expenses i. Rates & taxes	360,779	1G,277
j. Sales & Marketing Expenses	180,002	353,358
k. Auditors remundration (including service tax)	97,317,682	73,678,187
Sub Total	8,500	9,775
Less: Transferred to cost of construction/development	253,419,833	195,308,595
Less:- Transferred to Tradex India Corporation India Private	118,904,436 44,838,466	95,339,679
Limited lowards Collaboration Agreement (refer note 34)		33,326,305
	89,676,931	65,652,611

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\$.No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016
26	Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	(i) Contingent Liabilities		
	-Bank guarantees issued by Company	539,319,500	441,240,500
	(ii) Commitments		
	-Other commitments (Work in progress)	11,537,387	1,165,111

27 The Company operates in only one segment and from one geographical location i.e. India. Accordingly, no segment reporting is required.

28 Disclosures as per Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (M5MED) Act, 2006

The Company has not received any intimation from "suppliers" regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 and hence disclosures, if any, relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end together with interest paid/ payable as required under the Act have not been given. Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

29 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

rticulars Units		Year ended	Year ended
		31.03.2017 (Rupees)	31.03.2016 (Rupees)
Basic and diluted			
Net profit / (loss) for the year	Rup e es	(73,753,851)	(50,899,421)
Number of equity shares	Numbers	13,902	13,902
Weighted average number of equity shares	Numbers	13,902	13,902
Earnings per share - Basic /Diluted	Rupees	(5,305.27)	(3.661.30)

30 Disclosure in accordance with Ind AS 11 'Construction contracts' - Amount due from / to customers on Construction Contracts

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Advances received from contractees	1,887,209,790	583,642,085
Less:- Transferred to Tradex India Corporation India Private Limited towards Collaboration Agreement (refer note 34)	(629,069,930)	(133,912,392)
Work in progress (refer note no. 6)	1.561.030.228	1,112,797,435



31 Disclosure of Ketirement Benefits under AS 19-Employee Benefits

a. Defined contribution plan

The Company's contribution to the Employees Provident Fund is deposited with Provident Fund Commissioner which is recognised by the Income Tax authorities. The Company recognised Rupees 2,86,566/-(Previous year Rupees 42,833/-) for Provident Fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss Account.

b. Description of Defined Benefit Plans

i. Gratuity plan

The Company's gratuity scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months subject to maximum of Rs 10 lacs. Vesting occurs upon completion of 5 years of service.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost are measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method with actuarial valuation being carried out at each balance sheet date.

ii. Long term compensated absences plan

The earned leave liability arises as and when services are performed by an employee. The aforesaid liability is calculated on the basis of actuarial valuation as per projected unit credit method.

1.1 (a) Table Showing Changes in Present Value of Obligations:

		Amount (Rupees)
Period	From: 01.04.2016 To: 31.03.2017	From: 01,04,2015 To: 31,03,2016
Present value of the obligation at the beginning of the period	12,41,441	2,40,407
Interest cost	93,108	19,233
Current service cost	6,23,588	3,33,839
8enefits paid (if any)	-	
Actuarial (gain)/loss	1,31,512	6,47,962
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	20,89,649	12,41,441

1.1 (b) Bifurcation of total Actuarial (gain) . loss on liabilities

	Amount (Rupees)
Period	From: 01.04.2016 To: 31.03.2017
Actuarial gain / losses from changes in Demographics assumptions (mortality)	Not Applicable
Actuarial (gain). losses from changes in financial assumptions	58,388
Experience Adjustment (gain). loss for Plan ilabilities	73,124
Total amount recognized in other comprehensive Income	1,31,512



1.2: Key results (The amount to be recognized in the Balance Sheet):

and the control of th		Amount (Rupees)
Period	As on: 31.03.2017	As on: 31,03,2016
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	20,89,649	12,41,441
Fair value of plan assets at end of period		
Net liability/(asset) recognized in Balance Sheet and related analysis	20,89,649	12,41,441
Funded Status	(20,89,649)	(12,41,441)
Best estimate for contribution during next Period	845,055	507,756

1.3 (a): Expense recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss:

		Amount (Rupses)
Period	From: 01.04.2016	From: 01.04.2015
FEIIVE	To: 31.03.2017	To: 31.03.2016
Interest cost	93,108	19,233
Current service cost	6,23,588	3,33,839
Expected return on plan asset	-	-
Expenses to be recognized in the statement of P&L accounts	7,16,696	3,53,072

1.3 (b): Other comprehensive (income) . expenses (Remeasurement)

		Amount (Rubees)
Period	From: 01.04.2015	From: 01.04.2015
	To: 31.03.2017	To: 31.03.2016
Actuarial (gain)/loss - obligation	1,31,512	6,4 7, 9 6 2
Actuarial (gain)/loss - plan assets	-	
Total Actuarial (gain)/loss	1,31,512	6,47,962

1.4: Experience adjustment:

		Amount (Rupees)
5	From: 01.04.2016	From: 01.04.2015
Period	To: 31.03.2017	Yo: 31.03.2016
Experience Adjustment (Gain) / loss for Plan liabilities	73,124	6,47,962
Experience Adjustment Gain / (loss) for Plan assets	-	



St. Patricks realty private limited NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1: Summary of membership data at the date of valuation and statistics based thereon:

Period	As on: 31.03.2017	As on: 31,03,2016
Number of employees	43	2.1
Total monthly salary	14,86,507	8,48,549
Average Past Service(Years)	2.20	3.00
Average remaining working lives of employees(Years)	22.20	20.40
Average Age(Years)	35.80	37.60
Weighted average duration (based on discounted cash flows) in years	17	17
Average monthly salary	34,570	40,407

2.2: The assumptions employed for the calculations are tabulated:

Discount rate	7.50 % per annum	8.00 % per annum
Salary Growth Rate	9.00 % per annum	9.00 % per annum
Mortality	IALM 2006-08 Ultimate	IALM 2006-08 Ultimate
Expected rate of return	-	
Withdrawai rate (Per Annum)	10.00% p.a.	10.00% p.a.

2.3: Benefits valued:

Normal Retirement Age	58 Years	58 Years
Salary	Last drawn qualifying salary	Last drawn qualifying salary
Vesting Period	5 Years of service	5 Years of service
Benefits on Normal Retirement	15/26 * Salary * Number of completed Years of Service	15/26 * Salary * Number of completed Years of Service
Benefit on early exit due to death and disability	As above except that no vesting conditions apply	As above except that no vesting conditions apply
Limit	1,000,000	1,000,000

2.4: Current Liability (*It is probable outlay in next 12 months as required by the Companies Act):

Amount (Rupees)

Period	As on: 31.03.2017	As on: 31.03.2016
Current Liability (Short Term)*	1,19,017	40,068
Non Current Liability (Long Term)	19,70,632	12,01,373
Total Liability	20,89,649	12,41,441

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2017 NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Income Tax Expense

Particulars	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Profit or loss Section		
Current income tax		
Current income tax charge	8,451,668	7,814,067
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous year	-	(221,907)
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	8,452,668	7,592,160
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss		
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate		
Accounting profit before tax from continuing operations	(65,302,183)	(43,307,261)
Profit/(loss) before tax from a discontinued operation	-	
	(65,302,183)	(43,307,261)
Accounting profit before income tax	And the second second second second	VII.
At India's statutory income tax rate of 33.99% (31 March 2017), (31 March 2016: 33.99%)	(22,196,212)	(14,720,138)
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous years	(== ==0 ====	(221,907)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	~	-
Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes:	-	-
Effect on Income not considered for tax purposes	-	_
Effect on expenses not considered for tax purposes	30,647,880	22,534,205
At the effective income tax rate of 12.94% (31 March 2017), 17.53% (31 March 2016)	8,451,668	7,592,160
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	8,451,668	7,592,160
Income tax attributable to a discontinued operation	-	



- 2.5: Effect of plan on entity's future cash flows
- 2.5 (a): Funding arrangements and funding policy

Not Applicable

2.5 (b): Expected contribution during the next annual reporting period

		<u>Amount (Rubees)</u>
The Company's best estimate of Contribution during the next year	8,45,055	5,07,756

2.5 (c): Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

Weighted average duration (based on discounted cash flows) in years	17	17
l		4

2.5 (d): Estimate of expected benefit payments (In absolute terms i.e. undiscounted)

Amount (R	
01 Apr 2017 to 31 Mar 2018	2,18,337
01 Apr 2018 to 31 Mar 2019	1,57,322
01 Apr 2019 to 31 Mar 2020	1,66,943
01 Apr 2020 to 31 Mar 2021	1,84,991
01 Apr 2021 to 31 Mar 2022	3,42,254
01 Apr 2022 Onwards	10,01,065

2.6: Sensitivity Analysis: Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate and expected salary increase rate. Effect of change in mortality rate is negligible. Please note that the sensitivity analysis presented below may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumption would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. The results of sensitivity analysis are given below:

Period	As on: 31.03.2017
Defined Benefit Obligation (Base)	20,89,649 @ Salary Increase Rate : 9%, and discount rate :7.5%
Liability with x% increase in Discount Rate [% Change]	19,46,003 [(7)%], x=1.00%
Liability with x% decrease in Discount Rate [% Change]	22,52,913 [8%], x=1.00%
Liability with x% increase in Salary Growth Rate [% Change]	22,48,973 [8%], x=1.00%
Liability with x% decrease in Salary Growth Rate [% Change]	19,46,559 [(7)%], x=1.00%
Liability with x% increase in Withdrawal Rate [% Change]	20,58,108 [(2)%], x=1.00%
Liability with x% decrease in Withdrawai Rate [% Change]	21,23,474 [2%], x=1.00%

32 Related party transactions

8. List of related parties

(i) Key Management Personnel / Directors

Amarjit Singh Bakshi Kanwaljit Singh Bakshi Anurag Joneja Amrita Bakshi Minu Bakshi

(ii) Relative of Key Management Personnel / Directors

Niamat Bakshi Raunag Kohli Sanjit Bakshi Sanam Bakshi Shiv Bakshi

(HI) Entities under significant influence of Key Management personnel / Directors

Adilsha Estates Holdings Private Limited

ALA Enterprise Private Limited

Apoorva Promoters Private Limited

Bakshi Construction Engineers Private Limited

Bakshi Engineers Private Limited
Bakshi Estates Private Limited
Bakshi International Private Limited
Bakshi Investment Limited

Bakshi Land and Development Private Limited

Baxy Infrastructure Private Limited Bhiwadi Casting Private Limited Bhiwadi Estate Limited Biwadi Steels Private Limited

Bombay Builders (India) Private Limited Central Park Estates Private Limited Central Park Estates Private Limited

Central Park Hospitality Services Private Limited
Central Park Infrastructure Development Private Limited
Central Park Real Estate Developers Private Limited
Central Park Real Estate Holdings Private Limited
Central Park Santushti Homes Private Limited

Chameli Farms Private Limited Continental Engines Limited

Contypark Finance Corporation Limited Diplomatic Enclave Estates Private Limited

Edge Impex Private Limited

F.I. Engineers & Developers Private Limited

Gesco Developers Private Limited

Indian Technocart Limited

Inted Estates & Informatics Private Limited

Intelligent Cities Private Limited Intelligent Homes Private Limited Kabir Estates Private Limited Logical Engineers Private Limited Modest Const. Co. Private Limited Oriental Securities Private Limited

Oriental Structural Engineers Private Limited

OSE Infrastructure Limited
Oval Constructions Private Limited
Oxford Engineers Private Limited
Pace Buildtech Private Limited
Safdarjung Estates Private Limited

Saint Francis Xavier Estates Private Limited
Saint Michael Estates Private Limited

Santushti Homes PrivateLimited

Silver Lake Finance & Investment Private Limited

Skyrock Engineers Private Limited St Lucy Developers Private Limited St Peter Estates Private Limited St. Ambrose Buildcon Private Limited

St. Christopher Infrastructure Private Limited

St. Columbus Infrastructure Developt Private Limited

St. Dominic Estates Private Limited

St. Jerome Real Estate Developments Private Limited St. Jude Infrastructure Developments Private Limited

St. Luke Infrastructure Private Limited

St. Matthew Real Estate Developers Private Limited

St. Michael Estates Private Limited

St. Micheal Real Estate Development Private Limited St. Nicholas Estate Development Private Limited

St. Philomena Estates Private Limited

St. Rita Developers Private Limited

St. Thomas Becket Developers Private Limited

St. Valentine Developers Private Limited

Sweta Estates Private Limited

Sweta Santushti Homes Private Limited

Task Infotech Private Limited
Task Infotech Private Limited

Tizara Estates Limited

Trident Motors Private Limited Trimurty Engineers Private Limited

Vege Infosol Private Limited

Weldone Construction Co. Private Limited

	Particuairs	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31,03,2016
 b.	Balances outstanding/ transactions with related parties	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Transactions during the year		
A.	Project Management Fees (exclusing taxes)		
Ø*#±#	Sweta Estates Private Limited	DA 540 500	EN ARE ENA
	Sweta Estates Fitvate Limited	84,540,568	50,985,599
_	8.	84,540,568	50,985,599
₿.	Borrowings taken		
	Sweta Estates Private Limited	170,803,668	61,245,819
	Task infotech Private Limited		30,000,000
		170,803,668	91,245,819
C.	Borrowings paid back		
	Sweta Estates Private Limited	171,137,401	60,912,085
	Task infotech Private Limited	22,172,062	132,800,000
	Saint Michael Estates Private Limited	43,275,000	16,725,000
_		236,584,463	210,437,085
D.	Investment in others		
	Task infotech Private Limited St. Ambrose Buildcon Private Limited	105,000,000 5,550,000	
		110,550,000	
E.	Loan and advances paid	arrown Demok Active Assessment Transfer and Head Control of the Assessment of the As	. Сексен У Невой Повей с невоем чественность и поставления на секторы учеству пред предпераване у
	Oriental Sturcutural Engineers Private Limited	50,000,000	_
	Oriental Sturcutural Engineers Private Limited	50,000,000	35,000,000
	Officinal Standards Engineers (Sysace Ellintes	Phyliad Transis Millians Administration of the business of the second minutes of the sec	25,000,000
		50,000,000	25,000,000
F.	Loan and advances recovered		
	Oriental Sturcutural Engineers Private Limited	50,000,000	25,000,000
		50,000,000	25,000,000
G.	Paid towards Collaboration Agreement		THE PERSONNEL AND FOR CLASSIC TRANSPORT AND
	F.I. Engineers & Developers Private Limited	17,125,000	
	The second secon	17,125,000	av tvetalidationim accumitativalenamentationimi, et encaptur vanina reparavenjagge
		SERVE PROPERTY OF THE	MANATALIAN KALINGTON PARKANTA CATAMENTAT WITA TRANSPAT AN AL CATAMENTAT AND

(ii) Balance Outstanding as at the year end

	Particuairs	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016
A.	Share Capital Account	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Sweta Estates Private Limited	28,550	28,550
		28,550	28,550
홍.	Borrowings	The second secon	accident and the second se
	St. Michael Estates Private Limited		43,275,000
	Sweta Estates Private Limited		333,734
	SWITTER ESTATES LININGS		7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-
C.	Non current Investments	Part March in March Industrial Production of Section (March March	43,508,734
€.			
	St. Ambrose Buildcon Private Limited	219,650,000	225,200,000
	Task infotech Private Limited	105,000,000	22,172,062
		324,650,000	247,372,062
D.	Advance for Booking of Property		
	Sh. Amarjit Singh Bakshi	300,000	300,000
	Sweta Estates Private Limited Minu Bakshi	250,000	250,000
	Niamat Bakshi	280,000 260,000	280,000 260,000
	Raunag Kohli	265,000	265,000
	Sanjit Bakshi	255,000	255,000
	Sanam Bakshi	250,000	250,000
	Amrita Bakshi	300,000	300,000
	Shiv Bakshi	500,000	500,000
	Bakshi Construction Engineers Private Limited Bakshi EngineersPrivate Limited	250,000 270,000	250,000 270,000
	Bakshi Investment Limited	270,000	270,000
	Bakshi Land and Development Private Limited	250,000	250,000
	Bombay Builders (India) Private Limited	280,000	280,000
	Chameli Farms Private Limited	250,000	250,000
	Diplomatic Enclave EstatesPrivate Limited	260,000	260,000
	Gesco Developers Private Limited	280,000	280,000
	Indian Technocart Limited	290,000	290,000
	Intec Estates & Informatics Private Limited Logical Engineers Private Limited	260,000 270,000	260,000 270,000
	Modest Construction Company Private Limited	290,000	290,000
	Oriental Securities Private Limited	270,000	270,000
	Oval Constructions Private Limited	290,000	290,000
	Oxford Engineers Private Limited	270,000	270,000
	Silver Lake Finance & Investment Private Limited	290,000	290,000
	Trident Motors Private Limited	260,000	260,000
	Trimurty Engineers Private Limited	270,000	270,000
	ALA Enterprise Private Limited Bakshi Estates Private Limited	250,000	250,000
	Bakshi InternationalPrivate Limited	250,000 250,000	250,000 250,000
	Baxy Infrastructure Private Limited	250,000	250,000
	Bhiwadi Casting Private Limited	250,000	250,000
	Bhiwadi Estate Limited	250,000	250,000
	Bhiwadi Steels Private Limited	250,000	250,000
	Continental Engines Limited	250,000	250,000
	Continental Engines Limited	250,000	250,000
	Pace Buildtech Private Limited	250,000	250,000
	Safdarjung Estates Private Limited Skyrock Engineers Private Limited	250,000	250,000
	Tizara Estates Limited	250,000 250,000	250,000 250,000
	Vege Infosol Private Limited	250,000	250,000

(ii) Balance Outstanding as at the year end

Particuairs	As at	As at
X 2 2 4 7 7 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2	31.03.2017	31,03,2016
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Weldone Construction Company Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Adilsha Estates Holdings Private Limited	300,000	300,000
Adilsha Estates Holdings Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Apoorva Promoters Private Limited	25 0,000	250,000
Central Park Estates Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Central Park Estates Private Limited	300,000	300,000
Central Park Hospitiatiy Services Private Limited		-
Central Park Infrastructure Developt Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Central Park Real Estate Developers Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Central Park Real Estate Developers Private Limited	300,000	300,000
Central Park Real Estate Holdings Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Central Park Real Estate Holdings Private Limited	300,000	300,000
Central Park Santushti Homes Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Central Park Santushti Homes Private Limited	300,000	300,000
Contypark Finance Corporation Limited	250,000	250,000
EDGE Impex Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Edge Impex Private Limited	300.000	300,000
Intelligent Cities Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Intelligent Homes Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Intelligent Homes Private Limited	300,000	300,000
OSE Infrastructure Ltd.	250,000	250,000
Saint Francis Xavier Estates Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Saint Michael Estates Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Santushti Homes Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St. Ambrose Buildcon Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St. Christopher Infrastructure Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St. Columbus Infrastructure Developt Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St Columbus Infrastructure Develot Private Limited	300,000	300,000
St. Domínic Estates Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St Dominic Estates Private Limited	300,000	300,000
St. Jerome Real Estate Developments Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St. Jude Infrastructure Developments Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St. Lucy Developers Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St Lucy Developers Private Limited	300,000	300,000
St. Luke Infrastructure Private Limited	250,000	•
St. Matthew Real Estate Developers Private Limited	250,000 250,000	250,000 250,000
St. Micheal Real Estate Development Private Limited		
St. Nicholas Estate Development Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St. Peter Estates Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St Peter Estates Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St. Philomena Estates Private Limited	300,000	300,000
	250,000	250,000
St. Rita Developers Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St. Thomas Becket Developers Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St. Valentine Developers Private Limited	250,000	250,000
St Valentine Developers Private Limited	300,000	300,000
Sweta Santushti Homes Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Task Infotech Private Limited	250,000	250,000
Kabīr Estates Prívate Limited	250,000	250,000
	23,380,000	23,380,000

E. Paid towards Collaboration Agreement

F.I. Engineers & Developers Private Limited

17,125,000





- 33 The Company has entered 12 MOU's(Previous year 9 MOU's) for acquisitions and development of Residential Project known as "Central Park-III", situated at village Dhunela, Sector-29,30,32 & 33, Tehsil Sohna, Distt- Gurgaon, Haryana with various land owners for Land measuring 161.62 acres (Previous year 150.02 acre). The company has paid total Non-Refundable security for Rs.83,77,95,320/- (Previous year Rs.75,62,06,820/-) against possession of the land to various land owners as defined in MQU. The Company is responsible for development of the above said residential project, bearing all costs of developments. The developed Land area shall be shared between company and landowner in the ratio stated in the individual MOU with Land Owners.
- The Company has entered a collaboration agreement with M/s Tradex India Corporation Private Limited for development of Residential Project known as "Central Park-III", situated at village Dhunela, Sector-29,30,32 & 33, Tehsil Sohna, Distt- Gurgaon, Haryana and as per the agreement revenue and expenditure of the above project will be shared in ratio of 2:1 between the company and M/s Tradex India Corporation Private Limited. Accordingly both the companies have booked their part of respective revenue and expenditure in their books of accounts and income tax is payable by both the company separately.

Allocation of Income and expenditures between the Company and Tradex India Corporation Private Limited made are as under:

1.	Collection from customers:-	Callection from Customers	Tradex India Corporation Private Limited Account	St. Patricks Realty Private Limited
		100%	33.33%	66.67%
2.	Other Income:-	Interest Incomé	Tradex India Corporation Private Limited Account	St. Patricks Realty Private Limited
		100%	33.33%	66.67%
3.	All expenditures	All Expenditures	Tradex India Corporation Private Limited Account	St. Patricks Realty Private Limited
		100%	33.33%	66,67%

As on balance sheet date Company have a credit balance of Rs.62,96,07,957/-(previous year 667,627,031) (refer note below) of M/s Tradex India Corporation Private Limited towards future development expenses:-

Particulars	As at 31.03.2017 (Rupees)	As at 31.03.2016 (Rupees)	As at 01.04.2015 (Rupees)
On and the Bullowses (A)	(667,627,031)	(687,886,759)	(543,937,846)
Opening Balance (A)	, , , , ,	•	•
Cost of construction/ development	672,349,190	300,833,037	2 69 ,135,089
Finance Cost	2,042,791	**	
Other expenses	134,515,397	99,978,917	3,401,824
Total Expenditures	808,907,378	400,811,954	272,536, 9 13
Tradex India Corporation Private Limited (33.33% Share) (B)	269,635,793	133,603,985	90,845.638
Advance from Customers	1,303,567,705	401,737,176	159,829,909
Other Income	39,353,433	35,629,105	38,085,811
Total Receipts	1,342,921,138	437,366,281	197,915,720
Tradex India Corporation Private Limited (33.33% Share) (C)	447,640,379	145,788,760	65,971,907
Net Tradex India Corporation Private Limited Part D= (B-C)	(178,004,586)	(12,184,775)	24,873,731
Contribution made by Tradex India Corporation Private Limited (E)	(216,023,660)	(32,444,503)	168,822,643
Contribution Excess / (shortfall)as per agreement F= (A+D-E)	(629,607,957)	(667,627,031)	(687,886,759)
Brezk up as per financials			
Deemed Equity	(111,370,526)	(334,213,578)	(379,724,660)
Other Non Current Liability	(518,237,431)	(333,413,453)	(308,162,099)
Total Amount (Rs.)	(629,607,957)	(667,627,031)	(687,886,759)

35 The company has investment (O/s Balance as on 31-03-2017 for Rs.21,96,50,000/-, Previous year Rs. 22,52,00,000/-) in St. Amborse Buildcon Private Limited for procuring land for company's residential project "Central Park-III", situated at village Dhunela, Sector-29,30,32 & 33, Tehsil Sohna, Distt- Gurgaon, Haryana.

The company has an collaboration agreement with M/s F.I. Engineers & Developers Private Limited and against this collaboration agreement company has paid Rs.1,71,25,000/-(previous year RS. NII) which will be adjusted against future revenue of the project.

St. Patricks realty private limited Motes forming part of the financial statements

Note 37.1 First-time adoption of Ind AS

Reconciliation of Equity as at 1st April 2015 (at the date of Transition)

	Particulars	Explanation	INDIAN (GAAP)	Adjustments	<u>Amount Rupeer</u> IND AS
Ţ.	ASSETS	No.		-	
1	Non-current assets		ļ		
	(a) Property, Plant and equipment	a	2,069,909	-	2,069,909
	(b) Capital work-in-progress		- [-	
	(c) Investment Property		-	-	-
	(d) Other Intangible assets		-	-	
	(e) Intangible assets under development		-	-	
	(f) Financial Assets	1	-	-	
	(i) Investments		225,200,000	-	225,200,000
	(ii) Trade Receivables		- }		
	(iii) Loans		- !	-	-
	(iv) Others	ļ	- ;		
	(g) Deferred tax assets (Net)		- 1	-	
	(h) Current Tax Assets(Net)		-	-	
	(i) Other non-current assets		704,230	•	704,230
			227,974,139	-	227,974,139
2	Current assets	!			
	(a) Inventories	1	912,242,077		912,242,077
	(b) Financial Assets		-	-	
	(i) Investments		-	-	
	(ii) Trade Receivables		- 1	-	
	(iii) Cash and cash equivalents		413,682,518	-	413,682,518
	(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above		~	_	-
	(v) Loans			_ }	
	(vi) Others		3,083,814	_	3,083,814
	(c) Current Tax Assets(Net)		3,003,024		5,005,013
	(d) Other current assets		327,116	_	327,116
	(a) Outer current assets		1,329,335,525		1,329,335,525
	Total Assets		1,557,309,664		1,557,309,664
îI.	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	<u> </u>			1,003,003,004
4	Equity	}			
_	(a) Equity Share Capital		134,700		134,700
	(b) Other Equity	C .	593,602,162	379,724,660	973,326,822
	(c) Share Application Money] .	690,337	379,724,000	690,337
	(c) Share Application Honey	1	594,427,199	379,724,660	974,151,859
		,	,	, ,	
2	Liabilities				
(i)	Mon-current liabilities				
	(a) Financial Liabilities				
	(i) Borrowing	ì	i !	-	
	-	i	!		
	(ii) Trade Payables		-		-
	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities	c	379,724,660	- (379,724,660)	
	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial fiabilities (b) Provisions	C	379,724,660 543,475	(379,724,660)	543,4 7 5
	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial fiabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net	c			543,4 7 5
	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial fiabilities (b) Provisions	C			<u>-</u>
	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability	C	543,475 -	(379,724,660) - - - (379,724,660)	308,162,099
(ii)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial fiabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net	C	543,475 - 308,162,099		308,162,099
(ii)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability	C	543,475 - 308,162,099		308,162,099
(11)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial flabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability Current flabilities	C	543,475 - 308,162,099		308,162,099 308,705,574
(ii)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability Current Habilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Short Term Borrowing	C	543,475 		308,162,099 308,705,574 140,627,938
(ii)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability Current Habilities (a) Financial Liabilities	C	543,475 - 308,162,099 688,430,234		308,162,099 308,705,574 140,627,938
(ii)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Short Term Borrowing (ii) Trade payables (iii) Other financial liabilities	C	543,475 308,162,099 688,430,234 140,627,938 8,770,370		308,162,099 308,705,574 140,627,938 8,770,370
(II)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Short Term Borrowing (ii) Trade payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Other current liabilities	C	543,475 308,162,099 688,430,234 140,627,938 8,770,370 121,876,454		308,162,099 308,705,574 140,627,938 8,770,370
(ii)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Short Term Borrowing (ii) Trade payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Other current liabilities (c) Provisions	C	543,475 308,162,099 688,430,234 140,627,938 8,770,370 		308,162,099 308,705,574 140,627,938 8,770,370 121,876,454 31,332
(ii)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Short Term Borrowing (ii) Trade payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Other current liabilities	C	543,475 308,162,099 688,430,234 140,627,938 8,770,370 		308,162,099 308,705,574 140,627,938 8,770,370 121,876,454 31,332 3,146,137
(ii)	(ii) Trade Payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net (d) Other Non-Current Liability Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Short Term Borrowing (ii) Trade payables (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Other current liabilities (c) Provisions		543,475 308,162,099 688,430,234 140,627,938 8,770,370 		543,475 308,162,099 308,705,574 140,627,938 8,770,370 121,876,454 31,332 3,146,137 274,452,231 1,557,309,664

Note The previous GAAP figures have been reclassified to conform to Ind AS presentation requirements for the purposes of this note.



Note 37.2 Reconciliation of Equity as at 31st March 2016

		Explanation			<u>Amount Rubees)</u>
	Farticulars	No.	indian (gaap)	Adjustments	ind as
ī.	ASSETS				
1.	Non-current assets				
	(a) Property, Plant and equipment	ä	6,503,801		5,503,801
	(t) Capital work-in-progress		6,303,001	_	0,505,607
	(C) Investment Property			~	
	(d) Other Intangible assets		•	-	
			_	~	-
	(e) Intangible assets under development (f) Financial Assets		-	Ť	~
	(i) Investments		**		
	1	ь	-	247,372,062	247,372,06
	(ii) Trade Receivables				•
	(iii) Loans	b	247,372,062	(247,372,062)	
	(Iv) Others			-	
	(9) Deferred tax assets (Net)		-	- 1	•
	(h) Other non-current assets		-		-
]	253,875,863		253,875,86
2	Current assets	ļ			
	(a) Inventories		1,112,797,435		1,112,797,43
	(b) Financial Assets				-
	(i) Investments		-	-	•
	(II) Trade Receivables			-	
	(iii) Cash and cash equivalents		483,519,189	-	483,519,18
	(iv) Bank Balarices other than (iii) above				· · · · ·
	(v) Loans		393,458	-	393,45
	(vi) Others		3,526,931	_	3,526,93
	(c) Current tax Assets(Net)		-,,		3,320,3.
	(d) Other current assets		8,896,941		8,896,94
	Carrier current dasets		1,609,133,954		1,609,133,95
	Total Assets		1,863,009,817		1,863,009,81
ĨΪ.	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,003,003,017		2,003,009,61
_				•	
1	Equity		120.020	1	100.00
	(a) Equity Share Capital		139,020		139,02
	(b) Other Equity	ε	672,298,421	334,213,578	1,006,511,99
	(c) Share Application Money				
			672,437,441	334,213,578	1,006,651,01
Z	Liabilities				
i)	Non-current liabilities				
	(a) Financial Liabilities				
	(i) Borrowing		43,608,734	-	43,608,73
	(ii) Trade Payables		-	-	~
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	C	335,007,077	(334,213,578)	7 9 3,49
	(b) Provisions		2,640,587	-	2,640,58
	(C) Deferred Tax Liabilities Net		-	-	-
	(d) Other Non-Current Liability		333,413,453	- [333,413,45
	1		714,669,851	(334,213,578)	380,456,27
ii)	Current liabilities	İ			
	(a) Financial Liabilities				
	(I) Short Term Borrowing	1	-	-	
	(ii) Trade payables		16,695,710	-	16,695,71
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	1			,,-
	(b) Other current liabilities		454,786,334	į	454,786,33
	(c) Provisions		326,338	_	326,3
			1 1		
	(d) Current Tax liability (Net)		4,094,143		4,094,14
	T		475,902,525		475,902,52
	Fotal Equity and Liabilities	1	1,863,009,817		1,863,009,81
	I	1	ı —]	-]	-

Note:- The previous GAAP figures have been reclassified to conform to Ind AS presentation requirements for the purposes of this note.

St. Patricks realty private limited Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note 37.3 Reconciliation of total comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2016

		·····	(Amount Rupees)					
	Particulars	indian (Gaap)	Adjustments	IND AS				
I.	Revenue :			·				
	Revenue from operations	-	-	-				
		- 1	-	-				
n.	Other income	23,752,737	-	23,752,737				
III.	Total Income (I + II)	23,752,737		23,752,737				
IV.	Expenses:							
	Cost of materials consumed							
	Employee benefits expenses	-	-	-				
	Finance costs	407,387		407,387				
	Depreciation, amortization and impairment	-	-					
	Other Expenses	66,652,611	-	66,652,611				
	Proportionate share of expenses in Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-	-				
	Total Expenses (IV)	67,059,998		67,059,998				
				·				
٧.	Profit/loss Before exceptional items and Tax (III - IV)	(43,307,261)	-	(43,307,261)				
VI.	Exceptional items	-	-					
VII.	Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI)	(43,307,261)	-	(43,307,261				
VIII.	Tax expense:							
	(1) Current tax							
	- For the year	7,814,067	-	7,814,067				
	- For earlier years (net)	(221,907)	-	(221,907				
	(2) Deferred tax (net)	_ ;	-	-				
	Total Tax Expense (VIII)	7,592,160	-	7,592,160				
IX	Profit/(loss) for the period from continuing operation (VII - VIII)	(50,899,421)	-	(50,899,421				
Х	Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (after tax)		 					
ΧI	Profit/(loss) for the period (IX+X)	(50,899,421)		(50,899,421)				
XII	Other Comprehensive Income	-	_	-				
	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (XI							
XIII	+XII) (Comprehensive profit and other	(50,899,421)	-	(50,899,421				
ΧĪV	comprehensive income for the period) Earnings Per Equity Share: (Rs.)		***************************************					
VIA	(1) Basic	(3,661.30)	-	(3,661.30				
	(2) Diluted	(3,661.30)	-	(3,661.30)				

Note: - The previous GAAP figures have been reclassified to conform to Ind AS presentation requirements for the purposes of this

37.4 Reconciliation of total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March. 2016

Profit as per previous GAAP ADJUSTMENTS UNDER IND AS

37.5

Period ended 31,03,2016 (Rupees) (50,899,421)

Profit/ Total comprehensive income for the period as per Ind AS

(50,899,421)

econciliation of total equity as on 31 March, 2016 and 1 April, 2015		As at 31.03.2016 (Rupees) (End of last	As at 01.04,2015 (Rupees)	
Particulars		period presented under previous	(Date of transition)	
Total equity (shareholder's funds) under previous GAAP		672,437,441	593,602,162	
ADJUSTMENTS UNDER IND AS Deemed Equity Contribution	Ç	334,213,578	379,724,660 - -	
Total adjustments to equity		334,213,578	379,724,660	
Total equity under Ind AS		1,006,651,019	973,326,822	

NOTES TO THE RECONCILIATIONS

Transition to Ind AS

These financial statements, for the year ended 31 March 2017, are the first financial statement prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP).

This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its Indian GAAP financial statements, including the balance sheet as at 1 April 2015 and the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2016:

a.) Deemed cost

The Company has elected the option to continue with the carrying value for all its property, plant & equipment as recognised in the financial statement as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per previous GAAP and used it as the deemed cost on the date of transition.

b.) Investments

i) Ind AS 101 permits a first-time adopter to choose the previous GAAP carrying amount at the entity's date of transition to Ind AS to measure the investment in the subsidiaries and associates as the deemed cost. Accordingly, the company has adopted to measure previously held such investments at the previous GAAP carrying amount. Subsequently, also the company has chosen the option to value such investments at cost in the standalone balance sheet.

c.) Interest free advances received from others Under Collaboration Agreement

Interest free advances received from others as part of collaboration agreement are measured in accordance with Ind AS 109, These advances are relating to the reclassified as <u>dee</u>med Equity contribution. Hence, no adjustment of fair value is done.



St. Patricks realty private limited Notes forming part of the financial statements

38 A. Pioancial Instruments

(Amount Rupees)

Particulars	Fair Value		Carrying value			fair value	mount respects
Financial Asset		31-Mar-17	31-Mar-15	01-Apr-15	31-Mar-17	31-M2F-16	01-Apr-13
Amortised Cost	į						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Level 3	624,980,060	483,519,189	413,682,518	624,980,060	483,519,189	413,682,518
Investments	Level 3	324,650,000	247,372,062	225,200,000	324,650,000	247,372,062	225,208,000
Other Financial Assets	Levei 3	3,705,038	3,526,931	3,083,814	3,705,038	3,526,931	3,083,814
Loans	Level 3	305,893	393,458	-	305,893	393,458	100
Total Assets		953,640,991	734,811,640	641,966,332	953,640,991	734,811,540	641,966,332
Financial Liabilities							
Amortised Cost		-					
Borrowings	Level 3		43,608,734	140,627,938		43,608,734	140,627,938
Trade Payables	Level 3	99,651,384	16,695,710	8,770,370	99,651,384	16,695,710	8,770,370
Other financial liabilities	Level 3	2,240,674	793,499	~	2,240,674	793,499	-
Total Liabilities	1	101,892,058	61,097,943	149,398,308	101,892,053	61,097,943	149,398,308

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

Other Notes

- i) The management assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, short term borrowings, and other financial liabilities approximates their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.
- II) For Financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to their fair values.
- III) The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities is included at the amount at which the instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- iv) The fair values for loans were calculated based on cash flows discounted using current lending rate. They are classified as Level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risks, which has been assessed to be insignificant.
- w) The fair values of non-current borrowings are based on the discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as Level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own credit risks, which was assessed as on the balance sheet date to be insignificant.
- vi) During the year ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfer into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

B. Explanation to the fair value hierarchy

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, quoted investments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

i) Level 1

Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV,

ii) Levei 2

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

iii) Level 3

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity-securities, contingent consideration included in level 3.



39 Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the impact of hedge accounting in the financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	<u>Management</u>
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets at amortised cost	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits
Liquidity risk	Trade Payable, Borrowings and other liabilities	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing limits
Market risk - Interest rate	Long Term Borrowings at Fixed Rate and variable rate	Actively Managed

The company's risk management is carried out by a project finance team and treasury team group under policies approved by board of directors. The company treasury identifies, evaluate and hedge financial risk in close co-operation with the group's operating units. The management of the company provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as, interest rate risk, and credit risk and investment of excess liquidity.

a) Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, long and short term borrowings. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain figuidity in the business in order to maximise the shareholder value in long term.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions, the requirements of the financial covenants and requirement of working capital in the business. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company plans its working capital requirement and accordingly observes its drawing power of the cash credit limit and thereby plans any requirement of inter corporate loan. In order to have a better capital management, the management observes the financial covenants to have a better credit rating, which impacts cost of borrowing of the company. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing & interest free loans and borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents.

			Amount in Rupees
Particulars	As at 31st March	As at 31st March	As at 1st April
rafticulars	2017	2016	2015
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Borrowings	99,651,384	16,695,710	8,770,370
Less: Cash and cash equivalents Other than under	73,225,887	27,277,880	15,432,397
<u>Lien</u>	 		
Net debts	26,425,497	(10,582,170)	(6,662,027)
Equity share capital	139,020	139,020	134,700
Other Equity	709,915,096	1,006,511,999	973,326,822
Total Equity	710,054,116	1,006,651,019	973,461,522
Capital Gearing ratio (%)	3.72%	-1.05%	-0.68%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing & interest free loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing & interest free loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

b) Credit Risk

The credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from counter party failing to discharge an obligation. The credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and credit worthiness of customers on continuous basis to whom the credit has been granted, obtaining necessary approvals for credit and taking security deposits from trade channels.

Particulars	31st March 2017 (Rupees)	31 March 2016 (Rupees)
Revenue from top five customer	Nil	Nil

c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three type of risks: Foreign Exchange Risk, Interest Rate Risk and Other Price Risk.

i) Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign transaction of imports. The Company exposure in foreign currency is not material and hence the impact of any significant fluctuation in the exchange rates is not expected to have a material impact of the operating profits of the Company.

ii) Interest Rate Risk

There is no borrowing in company from financial institutions. Hence the Company is not exposed to risk due to interest rate fluctuation on long term borrowings.

The Company is also exposed to interest rate risk on surplus funds parked in fixed deposits. To manage such risks, such investments are done mainly for short durations, in line with the expected business requirements for such funds.

d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

The Company's corporate treasury department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. The working capital position of the Company is given below:

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31March,2017	31 March ,2016	1 April 2015
Cash and cash equivalent Other than under lien	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	73,225,887	27,277,880	15,432,397
	73,225,887	27,277,880	15,432,397

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at 31March 2017, 31 March , 2016 and 1 April , 2015

As on 31 March, 2017

Particulars	Less than 1 Year (Rupees)	1-2 years (Rupees)	2 Years and above (Rupees)
Borrowings	- !		-
Trade payables	99,651,384	-	
Other financial liabilities	1,447,175	793,499	



As on 31 March, 2016

Particulars	Less than 1 Year (Rupees)	1-2 years (Rupees)	2 Years and above (Rupees)
Borrowings		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Trade payables	16,695,710	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u> .
Other financial liabilities	793,499		-

As on 1April, 2015

Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2 Years and above
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Borrowings	-	-	,
Trade payables	8,770,370	-	_
Other financial liabilities	-	-	_

- 40 The management has carried out impairment analysis on annual basis and on the basis of forecast & future cash flow, the management is of the view that no impairment loss to be recognised for the year ended 31st March
- 41 The Company is not covered by the provisions of section 186 of companies act, 2013 being engaged in the business of providing infrastructural facilities, thus it is not required to comply with the provisions mentioned therein.
- Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period 08/11/2016 to 30/12/2016 are as under:-42

Particulars	56N (Rupees)	Other denomination notes (Rupees)	Total Amount (Rupees)
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11. 2016	26,000	1,527	27,527
(+) Permitted receipts	-	950,956	950,956
(-) Permitted payments	-	616,885	616,885
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	26,000	-	26,000
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016	-	335,598	335,598

- 43 The operating cycle of the Company has been considered as 3 years for the purpose of current and non-current classification in the financial statements.
- Previous period figures have been reclassified and regrouped, wherever necessary, to conform to the current 44 year's presentation.

FOR PRAVEEN AGGARWAL & CO.,

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 0000440

Rahul Aggar wal -

Partner M.NO - 501642 201

Place: Curry and

Date: 1408 2014

For and on behalf of the Soard

ST. PATRICKS REALTY PRIVATE LIMITED

Amrita Bakshi Director

DIN: 00932256

Minu Bakshi Director

DIN: 00019259

Neeraj Dhayyan " Authorised Signatory

Place: awayaam

- Date: 14.09.2017